according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016 7.0

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier Merck & Co., Inc Address 126 E. Lincoln Avenue

Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Veterinary product Restrictions on use Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity (Oral) Category 4

Carcinogenicity (Inhalation) Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity : Category 1 (Nervous system)

single exposure

Other hazards

None known.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled. H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Precautionary Statements Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

and face protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor if you feel

unwell. Rinse mouth.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

| Chemical name | CAS No./Unique ID | Concentration (% w/w) | Trade secret |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Polyvinyl chloride | 9002-86-2* | >= 45 - <= 70 | TSC |
| 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6- propylpiperonyl ether | 51-03-6* | >= 7 - <= 13 | TSC |
| lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO) | 91465-08-6* | >= 7 - <= 13 | TSC |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7* | >= 0.1 - <= 1 | TSC |

^{*} Indicates that the identifier is a CAS No.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do

so by medical personnel.

TSC- the actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 SDS Number: 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016 7.0

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Protection of first-aiders

Notes to physician

Harmful if swallowed.

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled. Causes damage to organs.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds Fluorine compounds

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment.

> Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimize entry of the material into the air. Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

| | - | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
| Polyvinyl chloride | 9002-86-2 | TWA (Respirable particulate matter) | 1 mg/m³ | ACGIH |
| 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6- propylpiperonyl ether | 51-03-6 | TWA | 4 mg/m3 (OEB 1) | Internal |

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

| lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO) | 91465-08-6 | TWA | 5 μg/m3 (OEB 4) | Internal | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|----------|--|
| | Further information: Skin | | | | |
| | | Wipe limit | 50 μg/100 cm ² | Internal | |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | TWA (total dust) | 15 mg/m³ | OSHA Z-1 | |

Engineering measures

The information below is intended for larger pilot/commercial-scale operations and manufacturing. For smaller scale, clinical, or pharmacy settings, site-specific internal risk assessment practices should be conducted to determine appropriate exposure control measures. The health hazard risks of handling this material are dependent on multiple factors, including but not limited to physical form and quantity handled. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation (e.g., Biosafety Cabinet, Ventilated Balance Enclosures), or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels as low as reasonably achievable.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Essentially no open handling permitted.

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : solid

Color : violet

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac- : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

tions

Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 560 mg/kg

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.06 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of : LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg

administration)

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Result : No eye irritation

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild eye irritation

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Test Type : Magnusson-Kligman-Test

Routes of exposure : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Titanium dioxide:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: Human lymphocytes

Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

Test system: rat hepatocytes

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 107 weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Species : Mouse
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with

ment animals.

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: oral (feed)

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight

Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain.

Result: No effects on fertility.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal

body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal

body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 SDS Number: 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016 7.0

STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Species : Rat

NOAEL 1,323 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 7 Weeks

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 2.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 12.5 mg/kg
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 90 d
Symptoms : reduced bo : 12.5 mg/kg

: reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption Symptoms

Species
NOAEL
LOAEL
Application Route Rat 10 mg/kg 50 mg/kg : Dermal Exposure time : 21 d

Target Organs : Nervous system

: Rat Species

Species
NOAEL
LOAEL
Application Route : 0.08 mg/kg : 0.9 mg/kg : Inhalation Exposure time : 21 d

Target Organs : Nervous system

Species Dog NOAEL 0.1 mg/kg LOAEL 0.5 mg/kg Application Route Oral

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016 7.0

Exposure time : 1 y

Target Organs : Nervous system

Gastrointestinal disturbance, Vomiting, Convulsions, ataxia, Symptoms

Liver effects

Titanium dioxide:

Species Rat

NOAEL 24,000 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time 28 Days

Species Rat NOAEL 10 mg/m³

Application Route inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time 2 y

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Product:

Skin contact Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensa-

tion, Local irritation

Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.

Eye contact Remarks: May irritate eyes.

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Symptoms: Cough, Local irritation, sneezing Inhalation

Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensa-Skin contact

tion, Local irritation

Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.

Eye contact Symptoms: Eye irritation

Ingestion Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 3.94

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.51 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.89

plants mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.824

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.18 mg/l

Exposure time: 35 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.03 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00019 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00021 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00004 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000062

mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 µg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 SDS Number: 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016 7.0

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 5

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2,240

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

octanol/water

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 7.0 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments

: log Koc: 5.5

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-

cyhalothrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-

cyhalothrin (ISO))

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 956

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

956

(2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-

cyhalothrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

(2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-

cyhalothrin (ISO))

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : CLASS 9 ERG Code : 171

Marine pollutant : yes(2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-

cyhalothrin (ISO))

Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450

liters

Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

2-(2- 51-03-6 >= 10 - < 20 %

Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6propylpiperonyl

ether

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Polyvinyl chloride 9002-86-2 Soybean oil, epoxidized 8013-07-8 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether 51-03-6 lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO) 91465-08-6

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

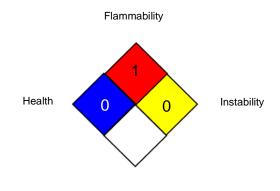
DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 12/03/2024 7.0 04/14/2025 1139526-00023 Date of first issue: 12/06/2016

x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 04/14/2025

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

US / Z8