

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Dichlofenthion Formulation

|         |                |               |                                 |
|---------|----------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number:   | Date of last issue: 09/28/2024  |
| 8.0     | 04/14/2025     | 1552594-00017 | Date of first issue: 04/14/2017 |

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Dichlofenthion Formulation

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc  
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue  
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065  
Telephone : 908-740-4000  
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000  
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product  
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Flammable liquids                                     | : Category 3   |
| Acute toxicity (Oral)                                 | : Category 4   |
| Skin corrosion  | : Sub-category 1B  |
| Serious eye damage                                    | : Category 1   |
| Skin sensitization                                    | : Category 1   |
| Germ cell mutagenicity                                | : Category 2   |
| Carcinogenicity (Oral)                                | : Category 1A  |
| Reproductive toxicity                                 | : Category 2   |
| Specific target organ toxicity<br>- single exposure   | : Category 1 (Nervous system)  |
| Specific target organ toxicity<br>- repeated exposure | : Category 1 (Nervous system)  |
| Specific target organ toxicity<br>- repeated exposure | : Category 2 (Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Skin, Respiratory Tract, Auditory system) |
| Aspiration hazard                                     | : Category 1   |

#### Other hazards

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

#### GHS label elements





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|                                |   |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Hazard pictograms              | : |       |
| Signal Word                    | : | Danger   |
| Hazard Statements              | : | H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.<br>H302 Harmful if swallowed.<br>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.<br>H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.<br>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.<br>H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.<br>H350 May cause cancer if swallowed.<br>H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.<br>H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).<br>H372 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.<br>H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Skin, Respiratory Tract, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.   |
| Supplemental Hazard Statements | : | Corrosive to the respiratory tract.  |
| Precautionary Statements       | : | <b>Prevention:</b><br>P201 Obtain special instructions before use.<br>P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.<br>P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and hot surfaces. No smoking.<br>P233 Keep container tightly closed.<br>P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.<br>P242 Use non-sparking tools.<br>P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.<br>P260 Do not breathe vapors.<br>P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.<br>P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.<br>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.<br>P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.<br>P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.<br><b>Response:</b><br>P301 + P330 + P331 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.<br>P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.<br>P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air |

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and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

### Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

| Chemical name        | CAS No./Unique ID | Concentration (% w/w) | Trade secret |
|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Tar, wood            | 91722-33-7*       | >= 10 - <= 30         | TSC          |
| Rosin                | 8050-09-7*        | >= 10 - <= 30         | TSC          |
| Castor oil           | 8001-79-4*        | >= 7 - <= 13          | TSC          |
| Tar, coal            | 8007-45-2*        | >= 7 - <= 13          | TSC          |
| Ethylbenzene         | 100-41-4*         | >= 7 - <= 13          | TSC          |
| Xylene               | 1330-20-7*        | >= 7 - <= 13          | TSC          |
| Dichlofenthion (ISO) | 97-17-6*          | >= 1 - <= 5           | TSC          |
| Sodium hydroxide     | 1310-73-2*        | >= 1 - <= 5           | TSC          |
| Phenol               | 108-95-2*         | >= 1 - <= 5           | TSC          |
| m-Cresol             | 108-39-4*         | >= 0.5 - <= 1.5       | TSC          |
| p-Cresol             | 106-44-5*         | >= 0.5 - <= 1.5       | TSC          |

\* Indicates that the identifier is a CAS No.

TSC- the actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

## SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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|   |  |
|---|--|
| General advice  | : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.<br>When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.   |
| If inhaled  | : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.<br>If not breathing, give artificial respiration.<br>If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.<br>Get medical attention immediately.  |
| In case of skin contact                                     | : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.<br>Get medical attention immediately.<br>Wash clothing before reuse.<br>Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.   |
| In case of eye contact                                      | : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.<br>If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.<br>Get medical attention immediately.   |
| If swallowed  | : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.<br>If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.<br>Call a physician or poison control center immediately.<br>Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.<br>Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | : Causes digestive tract burns.<br>Harmful if swallowed.<br>May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.<br>May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br>Causes serious eye damage.<br>May cause respiratory irritation.<br>Suspected of causing genetic defects.<br>May cause cancer if swallowed.<br>Suspected of damaging the unborn child.<br>Causes damage to organs.<br>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.<br>Causes severe burns.<br>Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |
| Protection of first-aiders                                  | : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).  |
| Notes to physician  | : Treat symptomatically and supportively.  |

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

|                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media          | : Water spray<br>Alcohol-resistant foam<br>Carbon dioxide (CO2)<br>Dry chemical |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media        | : High volume water jet   |
| Specific hazards during fire fighting | : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.            |

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- Flash back possible over considerable distance.  
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.  
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides  
Metal oxides  
Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
Evacuate area.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
Use personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Remove all sources of ignition.  
Use personal protective equipment.  
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).  
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Non-sparking tools should be used.  
Soak up with inert absorbent material.  
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.  
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.  
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.  
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.  
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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- Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
- Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.  
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
- Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.  
Do not breathe vapors.  
Do not swallow.  
Do not get in eyes.  
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment  
Non-sparking tools should be used.  
Keep container tightly closed.  
Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.  
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.  
Store locked up.  
Keep tightly closed.  
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.  
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.  
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:  
Strong oxidizing agents  
Self-reactive substances and mixtures  
Organic peroxides  
Flammable solids  
Pyrophoric liquids  
Pyrophoric solids  
Self-heating substances and mixtures  
Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases  
Explosives  
Gases  
Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type<br>(Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|------------|---------|----------------------------------|--|-------|
|            |         |                                  |  |       |

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|                           |           |                                    |   |           |
|---------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| Rosin                     | 8050-09-7 | TWA (Inhalable particulate matter) | 0.001 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total Resin acids) | ACGIH     |
| Castor oil                | 8001-79-4 | TWA (mist - total)                 | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                        | NIOSH REL |
|                           |           | TWA (mist - respirable)            | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         | NIOSH REL |
| Tar, coal                 | 8007-45-2 | PEL                                | 0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                      | OSHA CARC |
|                           |           | TWA                                | 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                       | NIOSH REL |
| Ethylbenzene              | 100-41-4  | TWA                                | 20 ppm                                      | ACGIH     |
|                           |           | TWA                                | 100 ppm<br>435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>            | NIOSH REL |
|                           |           | ST                                 | 125 ppm<br>545 mg/m <sup>3</sup>            | NIOSH REL |
|                           |           | TWA                                | 100 ppm<br>435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>            | OSHA Z-1  |
| Xylene                    | 1330-20-7 | TWA                                | 100 ppm<br>435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>            | OSHA Z-1  |
|                           |           | TWA                                | 20 ppm                                      | ACGIH     |
| Dichlofenthion (ISO)      | 97-17-6   | TWA                                | 20 µg/m <sup>3</sup> (OEB 3)                | Internal  |
| Further information: Skin |           |                                    |   |           |
|                           |           | Wipe limit                         | 200 µg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>                  | Internal  |
| Sodium hydroxide          | 1310-73-2 | C                                  | 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         | ACGIH     |
|                           |           | C                                  | 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         | NIOSH REL |
|                           |           | TWA                                | 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         | OSHA Z-1  |
| Phenol                    | 108-95-2  | TWA                                | 5 ppm                                       | ACGIH     |
|                           |           | TWA                                | 5 ppm<br>19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>               | NIOSH REL |
|                           |           | C                                  | 15.6 ppm<br>60 mg/m <sup>3</sup>            | NIOSH REL |
|                           |           | TWA                                | 5 ppm<br>19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>               | OSHA Z-1  |
| m-Cresol                  | 108-39-4  | TWA                                | 2.3 ppm<br>10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>             | NIOSH REL |
|                           |           | TWA                                | 5 ppm<br>22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>               | OSHA Z-1  |
|                           |           | TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor) | 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                        | ACGIH     |
| p-Cresol                  | 106-44-5  | TWA                                | 2.3 ppm<br>10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>             | NIOSH REL |
|                           |           | TWA                                | 5 ppm<br>22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>               | OSHA Z-1  |
|                           |           | TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor) | 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                        | ACGIH     |

### Biological occupational exposure limits

| Components | CAS-No. | Control parameters | Biological specimen | Sampling time | Permissible concentration | Basis |
|------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------|
|------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------|

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|              |           |  |       |  |                     |           |
|--------------|-----------|--|-------|--|---------------------|-----------|
| Phenol       | 108-95-2  | Phenol   | Urine | End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases) | 250 mg/g creatinine | ACGIH BEI |
| Xylene       | 1330-20-7 | Methylhippuric acids                           | Urine | End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases) | 0.3 g/g creatinine  | ACGIH BEI |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4  | Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid | Urine | End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases) | 150 mg/g creatinine | ACGIH BEI |

### Engineering measures

- : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).  
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.  
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).  
Minimize open handling.  
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

### Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

### Hand protection

- Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

- Remarks : Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is



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| Eye protection           | : flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.<br>Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.<br>If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.<br>Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.  |
| Skin and body protection | : Work uniform or laboratory coat.<br>Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.<br>Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.  |
| Hygiene measures         | : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.<br>When using do not eat, drink or smoke.<br>Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.<br>The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls. |

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

|   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| Appearance                              | : viscous liquid    |
| Color                                   | : dark, brown       |
| Odor                                    | : strong            |
| Odor Threshold                          | : No data available |
| pH                                      | : Not applicable    |
| Melting point/freezing point            | : No data available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : No data available |
| Flash point                             | : 86 °F / 30 °C     |
| Evaporation rate                        | : No data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas)               | : Not applicable    |
| Flammability (liquids)                  | : Not applicable    |
| Upper explosion limit / Upper           | : No data available |

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flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1,009 - 1,051 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (68 °F / 20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Flammable liquid and vapor.  
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.  
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

Skin contact

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Ingestion  
Eye contact

### Acute toxicity

|| Harmful if swallowed.

#### Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,450 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: vapor  
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 3,724 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

#### Components:

##### **Tar, wood:**

|| Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

##### **Rosin:**

|| Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,800 mg/kg  
|| Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

##### **Castor oil:**

|| Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,763 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401  
|| Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

##### **Tar, coal:**

|| Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,700 mg/kg  
|| Acute inhalation toxicity :  
Assessment: Not corrosive to the respiratory tract.  
|| Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

##### **Ethylbenzene:**

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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 17.8 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

### Xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,523 mg/kg  
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.1.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 27.571 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 4,200 mg/kg

### Dichlofenthion (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 172 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat): 270 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 1.75 mg/l

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 355 mg/kg

LD50 (Rabbit): 6,000 mg/kg

### Sodium hydroxide:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

### Phenol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 650 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 140 - 290 mg/kg  
Method: Expert judgment

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat): 0.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 8 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): > 0.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: Expert judgment

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 660 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

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Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 300 mg/kg  
Method: Expert judgment

### m-Cresol:

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Acute oral toxicity       | : LD50 (Rat): 121 mg/kg<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials    |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.                           |
| Acute dermal toxicity     | : LD50 (Rabbit): 301 mg/kg<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

### p-Cresol:

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Acute oral toxicity       | : LD50 (Rat): 172 - 250 mg/kg                     |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |
| Acute dermal toxicity     | : LD50 (Rabbit): 213 - 426 mg/kg                  |

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

### Components:

#### Tar, wood:

|         |                                       |
|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Species | : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE) |
| Method  | : OECD Test Guideline 439             |

|         |                                       |
|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Species | : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE) |
| Method  | : OECD Test Guideline 431             |

|        |                   |
|--------|-------------------|
| Result | : Skin irritation |
|--------|-------------------|

#### Rosin:

|         |                           |
|---------|---------------------------|
| Species | : Rabbit                  |
| Method  | : OECD Test Guideline 404 |
| Result  | : No skin irritation      |

#### Castor oil:

|         |                      |
|---------|----------------------|
| Species | : Rabbit             |
| Result  | : No skin irritation |

#### Tar, coal:

|         |                        |
|---------|------------------------|
| Species | : Rabbit               |
| Result  | : Mild skin irritation |

#### Xylene:

|         |          |
|---------|----------|
| Species | : Rabbit |
|---------|----------|

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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## Dichlofenthion Formulation

|         |                |               |                                 |
|---------|----------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
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||Result : Skin irritation

### Dichlofenthion (ISO):

||Result : Mild skin irritation  
||Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### Sodium hydroxide:

||Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

### Phenol:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

### m-Cresol:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

### p-Cresol:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

|| Causes serious eye damage.

### Components:

#### Tar, wood:

||Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

#### Rosin:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : No eye irritation  
||Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

#### Castor oil:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : No eye irritation

#### Tar, coal:

||Species : Human  
||Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

#### Xylene:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

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## Dichlofenthion Formulation

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### Sodium hydroxide:

|         |                                   |
|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Result  | : Irreversible effects on the eye |
| Remarks | : Based on skin corrosivity.      |

### Phenol:

|         |                                   |
|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Species | : Rabbit                          |
| Result  | : Irreversible effects on the eye |
| Method  | : OECD Test Guideline 405         |

### m-Cresol:

|         |                                   |
|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Species | : Rabbit                          |
| Result  | : Irreversible effects on the eye |

### p-Cresol:

|         |                                   |
|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Species | : Rabbit                          |
| Result  | : Irreversible effects on the eye |

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

|| May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitization

|| Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Tar, wood:

|                    |                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Test Type          | : Local lymph node assay (LLNA) |
| Routes of exposure | : Skin contact                  |
| Species            | : Mouse                         |
| Method             | : OECD Test Guideline 429       |
| Result             | : positive                      |

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| Assessment | : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans |
|------------|--|

#### Rosin:

|                    |                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Test Type          | : Local lymph node assay (LLNA) |
| Routes of exposure | : Skin contact                  |
| Species            | : Mouse                         |
| Method             | : OECD Test Guideline 429       |
| Result             | : negative                      |

#### Castor oil:

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Test Type          | : Maximization Test                    |
| Routes of exposure | : Skin contact                         |
| Species            | : Guinea pig                           |
| Result             | : negative                             |
| Remarks            | : Based on data from similar materials |

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## Dichlofenthion Formulation

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### Tar, coal:

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Test Type          | : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)        |
| Routes of exposure | : Skin contact                         |
| Species            | : Mouse                                |
| Method             | : OECD Test Guideline 429              |
| Result             | : positive                             |
| Remarks            | : Based on data from similar materials |

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| Assessment | : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans |
|------------|---|

### Xylene:

|                    |                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Test Type          | : Local lymph node assay (LLNA) |
| Routes of exposure | : Skin contact                  |
| Species            | : Mouse                         |
| Result             | : negative                      |

### Dichlofenthion (ISO):

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Routes of exposure | : Dermal                               |
| Assessment         | : Does not cause skin sensitization.   |
| Result             | : Weak sensitizer                      |
| Remarks            | : Based on data from similar materials |

### Sodium hydroxide:

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Test Type          | : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT) |
| Routes of exposure | : Skin contact                           |
| Result             | : negative                               |

### Phenol:

|                    |                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Test Type          | : Buehler Test            |
| Routes of exposure | : Skin contact            |
| Species            | : Guinea pig              |
| Method             | : OECD Test Guideline 406 |
| Result             | : negative                |

### p-Cresol:

|                    |                |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Test Type          | : Draize Test  |
| Routes of exposure | : Skin contact |
| Species            | : Guinea pig   |
| Result             | : negative     |

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

### Components:

#### Tar, wood:

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 |
|-----------------------|---|



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## Dichlofenthion Formulation

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Result: negative

### Rosin:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
Result: negative

### Castor oil:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-  
malian cells  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo  
cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

### Tar, coal:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Result: positive  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -  
Assessment : Positive result(s) from in vivo non-mammalian somatic cell  
mutagenicity tests, supported by positive results from in vitro  
mutagenicity assays.  
Remarks: Based on national or regional regulation.

### Ethylbenzene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476  
Result: negative

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## Dichlofenthion Formulation

|         |                |               |                                 |
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|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro<br>Result: negative  |
|                      | : Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with<br>mammalian liver cells in vivo<br>Species: Mouse<br>Application Route: Inhalation<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 486<br>Result: negative |

### Xylene:

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative  |
|                       | : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro<br>Result: negative  |
|                       | : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test<br>Result: negative   |
|                       | : Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-<br>malian cells<br>Result: negative                                       |
| Genotoxicity in vivo  | : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)<br>Species: Mouse<br>Application Route: Skin contact<br>Result: negative |

### Phenol:

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Genotoxicity in vitro                  | : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 473<br>Result: positive  |
| Genotoxicity in vivo                   | : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo<br>cytogenetic assay)<br>Species: Mouse<br>Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 474<br>Result: positive<br>Remarks: Annex VI From 1272/2008 |
| Germ cell mutagenicity -<br>Assessment | : Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell muta-<br>genicity tests.  |

### m-Cresol:

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 473<br>Result: positive |
|                       | : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 471                 |

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|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : Result: negative   |
|                      | : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis) |
|                      | : Species: Mouse   |
|                      | : Application Route: Ingestion   |
|                      | : Method: OECD Test Guideline 475  |
|                      | : Result: negative   |

### p-Cresol:

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro               |
|                       | : Method: OECD Test Guideline 473                              |
|                       | : Result: positive   |
|                       | : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test        |
|                       | : Method: OECD Test Guideline 476                              |
|                       | : Result: negative   |
| Genotoxicity in vivo  | : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo) |
|                       | : Species: Mouse   |
|                       | : Application Route: Ingestion                                 |
|                       | : Method: OECD Test Guideline 478                              |
|                       | : Result: negative   |

### Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer if swallowed.

### Components:

#### Tar, coal:

|                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Species           | : Mouse     |
| Application Route | : Ingestion |
| Exposure time     | : 2 Years   |
| Result            | : positive  |

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Carcinogenicity - Assessment | : Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies (oral) |
|                              | : Remarks: Based on national or regional regulation.          |

#### Ethylbenzene:

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Species           | : Rat  |
| Application Route | : inhalation (vapor)   |
| Exposure time     | : 104 weeks  |
| Result            | : positive   |
| Remarks           | : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans. |

#### Xylene:

|                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Species           | : Rat       |
| Application Route | : Ingestion |
| Exposure time     | : 103 weeks |
| Result            | : negative  |

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## Dichlofenthion Formulation

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### Phenol:

|                   |                           |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Species           | : Mouse                   |
| Application Route | : Ingestion               |
| Exposure time     | : 103 weeks               |
| Method            | : OECD Test Guideline 451 |
| Result            | : negative                |

### m-Cresol:

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Species           | : Mouse, males                         |
| Application Route | : Ingestion                            |
| Exposure time     | : 105 weeks                            |
| Result            | : equivocal                            |
| Remarks           | : Based on data from similar materials |

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Species           | : Mouse, female                        |
| Application Route | : Ingestion                            |
| Exposure time     | : 106 - 107 weeks                      |
| Result            | : positive                             |
| Remarks           | : Based on data from similar materials |

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Carcinogenicity - Assessment | : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen |
|------------------------------|--|

### p-Cresol:

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Species           | : Mouse                                |
| Application Route | : Ingestion                            |
| Exposure time     | : 106 - 107 weeks                      |
| Result            | : negative                             |
| Remarks           | : Based on data from similar materials |

|             |   |           |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| <b>IARC</b> | Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans           |           |
|             | Tar, coal                                 | 8007-45-2 |
|             | Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans |           |
| <b>OSHA</b> | Ethylbenzene                              | 100-41-4  |
|             | OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen    |           |
|             | Tar, coal                                 | 8007-45-2 |
| <b>NTP</b>  | (Coke oven emissions)                     |           |
|             | Known to be human carcinogen              |           |
|             | Tar, coal                                 | 8007-45-2 |

### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Components:

#### Rosin:

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Effects on fertility | : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test |
|----------------------|--|

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## Dichlofenthion Formulation

|         |                |               |                                 |
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|                              |                                       |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|                              | Species: Rat                          |
|                              | Application Route: Ingestion          |
|                              | Method: OECD Test Guideline 422       |
|                              | Result: negative                      |
| Effects on fetal development | : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development |
|                              | Species: Rat                          |
|                              | Application Route: Ingestion          |
|                              | Method: OECD Test Guideline 414       |
|                              | Result: negative                      |

### Castor oil:

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Effects on fertility | : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test |
|                      | Species: Rat   |
|                      | Application Route: Ingestion   |
|                      | Result: negative   |

### Ethylbenzene:

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Effects on fertility         | : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study |
|                              | Species: Rat  |
|                              | Application Route: inhalation (vapor)                   |
|                              | Method: OECD Test Guideline 416                         |
|                              | Result: negative  |
| Effects on fetal development | : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development                   |
|                              | Species: Rat  |
|                              | Application Route: Inhalation                           |
|                              | Method: OECD Test Guideline 414                         |
|                              | Result: negative  |

### Xylene:

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Effects on fertility         | : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study |
|                              | Species: Rat  |
|                              | Application Route: inhalation (vapor)                   |
|                              | Result: negative  |
| Effects on fetal development | : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development                   |
|                              | Species: Rat  |
|                              | Application Route: inhalation (vapor)                   |
|                              | Result: negative  |

### Dichlofenthion (ISO):

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Effects on fetal development | : Test Type: Development                            |
|                              | Species: Mouse                                      |
|                              | Application Route: Intraperitoneal                  |
|                              | Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 80 mg/kg body weight |
|                              | Result: Reduced fetal weight., Embryotoxic effects. |
|                              | Remarks: Based on data from similar materials       |
|                              | Test Type: Development                              |

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Species: Rat  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Reduced fetal weight., Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects.  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Phenol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416  
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414  
Result: negative

### m-Cresol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Prenatal development toxicity study (teratogenicity)  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

### p-Cresol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

### STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.  
Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).  
Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

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### Components:

#### **Tar, coal:**

Routes of exposure : Ingestion  
Target Organs : Nervous system  
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 300 mg/kg bw or less.

#### **Xylene:**

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

### **STOT-repeated exposure**

Causes damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Skin, Respiratory Tract, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Components:

#### **Tar, coal:**

Target Organs : Respiratory Tract  
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.02 to 0.2 mg/l/6h/d.

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Target Organs : Respiratory Tract  
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.02 to 0.2 mg/l/6h/d.

#### **Ethylbenzene:**

Routes of exposure : inhalation (vapor)  
Target Organs : Auditory system  
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.2 to 1 mg/l/6h/d.

#### **Xylene:**

Routes of exposure : inhalation (vapor)  
Target Organs : Auditory system  
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.2 to 1 mg/l/6h/d.

### **Dichlofenthion (ISO):**

Target Organs : Nervous system  
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
Remarks : Based on human experience.

#### **Phenol:**

Target Organs : Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Skin  
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

##### **Rosin:**

|                   |                           |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Species           | : Rat, male               |
| NOAEL             | : 335 mg/kg               |
| Application Route | : Ingestion               |
| Exposure time     | : 90 Days                 |
| Method            | : OECD Test Guideline 408 |

##### **Castor oil:**

|                   |                 |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| Species           | : Rat           |
| NOAEL             | : > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : Ingestion     |
| Exposure time     | : 13 Weeks      |

##### **Ethylbenzene:**

|                   |                      |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| Species           | : Rat                |
| LOAEL             | : 0.868 mg/l         |
| Application Route | : inhalation (vapor) |
| Exposure time     | : 13 Weeks           |

|                   |                           |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Species           | : Rat                     |
| NOAEL             | : 75 mg/kg                |
| LOAEL             | : 250 mg/kg               |
| Application Route | : Ingestion               |
| Method            | : OECD Test Guideline 408 |

##### **Xylene:**

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Species           | : Rat                                  |
| LOAEL             | : > 0.2 - 1 mg/l                       |
| Application Route | : inhalation (vapor)                   |
| Exposure time     | : 13 Weeks                             |
| Remarks           | : Based on data from similar materials |

|                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Species           | : Rat       |
| LOAEL             | : 150 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : Ingestion |
| Exposure time     | : 90 Days   |

##### **Dichlofenthion (ISO):**

|                   |              |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Species           | : Rat        |
| NOAEL             | : 0.75 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : Oral       |
| Exposure time     | : 90 d       |

|                   |              |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Species           | : Dog        |
| NOAEL             | : 0.75 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : Oral       |



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Exposure time : 90 d

### Phenol:

Species : Rat  
LOAEL : 300 mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 90 Days  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat  
NOAEL :  $\geq 0.1$  mg/l  
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)  
Exposure time : 74 Days

Species : Rabbit  
LOAEL : 260 mg/kg  
Application Route : Skin contact  
Exposure time : 18 Days

### m-Cresol:

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 150 mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 13 Weeks  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

### p-Cresol:

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 50 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 175 mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 90 Days  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

### Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Product:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### Components:

#### Ethylbenzene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

#### Xylene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

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## Dichlofenthion Formulation

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### Experience with human exposure

#### Components:

##### Dichlofenthion (ISO):

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Skin contact | : Symptoms: irritating, central nervous system effects, sweating<br>Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.<br>May cause sensitization by skin contact.   |
| Eye contact  | : Symptoms: constriction of pupils, central nervous system effects   |
| Ingestion    | : Symptoms: Nausea, Diarrhea, Vomiting, sweating, Lachrymation, constriction of pupils, Central nervous system depression, Gastrointestinal disturbance, bronchospasm, central nervous system effects, Edema |

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity

#### Components:

##### Tar, wood:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 28 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202   |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants                    | : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 17 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201<br><br>EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 14 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |

##### Rosin:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Toxicity to fish                                    | : LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 1 - 10 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 911 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202   |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants                    | : EL50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): > 1,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201                           |

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|         |                |               |                                 |
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|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | NOELR (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):<br>1,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | : EC50 (activated sludge): > 10,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 3 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209  |

### Castor oil:

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish                                    | : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Method: ISO 7346/1<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials   |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials                   |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants                    | : NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
|   | EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  |
| Toxicity to microorganisms                          | : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 54,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 30 min   |

### Tar, coal:

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish                                    | : LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 250 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.8 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

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|                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 36 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials<br><br>NOELR (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 5 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
|----------------------------------|--|

### Ethylbenzene:

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Toxicity to fish   | : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.2 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203   |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates                    | : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.8 - 2.4 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h   |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants                                       | : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.6 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br><br>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.4 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.96 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 7 d  |
| Toxicity to microorganisms   | : EC50 (Nitrosomonas sp.): 96 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 24 h  |

### Xylene:

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Toxicity to fish   | : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 13.5 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h   |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates                    | : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 24 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants                                       | : EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 10 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h  |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)                                    | : NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.1 - < 1 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 35 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 210<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : EL10 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 21 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 211   |

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|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | : NOEC: > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 3 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

### Dichlofenthion (ISO):

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Toxicity to fish                                    | : LC50 (No species specified): 0.64 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203<br><br>LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1.23 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0011 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202   |

### Phenol:

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Toxicity to fish   | : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 24.9 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h    |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates                    | : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 3.1 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h          |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants                                       | : EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 61.1 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)                                    | : NOEC: 0.077 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 60 d  |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 16 d                |
| Toxicity to microorganisms   | : IC50 (Nitrosomonas sp.): 21 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 24 h                          |

### m-Cresol:

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Toxicity to fish   | : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 8.6 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h  |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates                    | : EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): > 99.5 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h  |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)                                    | : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1.35 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 32 d<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 21 d   |

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ic toxicity)

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### p-Cresol:

|  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Toxicity to fish   | : | LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 7.4 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h  |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates                    | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 7.7 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br>Method: DIN 38412  |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants                                       | : | EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 7.8 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br><br>EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 2.3 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)                                    | : | NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1.35 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 32 d  |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : | NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 21 d   |
| Toxicity to microorganisms   | : | IC50 (Nitrosomonas sp.): 260 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 24 h   |

### Persistence and degradability

#### Components:

##### Tar, wood:

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Biodegradability | : | Result: Not readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: 47 %<br>Exposure time: 28 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B |
|------------------|---|---|

##### Rosin:

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Biodegradability | : | Result: Readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: 71 %<br>Exposure time: 28 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D |
|------------------|---|---|

##### Castor oil:

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Biodegradability | : | Result: Readily biodegradable.<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
|------------------|---|---|

##### Ethylbenzene:

|                  |   |  |
|------------------|---|--|
| Biodegradability | : | Result: Readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: 70 - 80 %<br>Exposure time: 28 d |
|------------------|---|--|

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### Xylene:

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Biodegradability | : Result: Readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: > 70 %<br>Exposure time: 28 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
|------------------|--|

### Phenol:

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Biodegradability | : Result: Readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: 62 %<br>Exposure time: 10 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C |
|------------------|---|

### m-Cresol:

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Biodegradability | : Result: Readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: 90 %<br>Exposure time: 28 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D |
|------------------|---|

### p-Cresol:

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Biodegradability | : Result: Readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: 100 %<br>Exposure time: 8 d |
|------------------|---|

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Components:

##### Tar, wood:

|  |                       |
|--|-----------------------|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : log Pow: 0.2 - 2.02 |
|--|-----------------------|

##### Rosin:

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : log Pow: > 3 - 6.2<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 |
|--|---|

##### Castor oil:

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : log Pow: > 4<br>Remarks: Calculation |
|--|--|

##### Tar, coal:

|  |                              |
|--|------------------------------|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : Remarks: No data available |
|--|------------------------------|

##### Ethylbenzene:

|  |                |
|--|----------------|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : log Pow: 3.6 |
|--|----------------|

##### Xylene:

|                           |                 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Partition coefficient: n- | : log Pow: 3.16 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|

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|               |                      |
|---------------|----------------------|
| octanol/water | Remarks: Calculation |
|---------------|----------------------|

### Dichlofenthion (ISO):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.14

### Phenol:

|                 |   |                                     |
|-----------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Bioaccumulation | : | Species: Fish                       |
|                 |   | Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 17.5 |
|                 |   | Method: OECD Test Guideline 305     |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.47

**m-Cresol:**

|                 |   |  |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Bioaccumulation | : | Species: <i>Leuciscus idus</i> (Golden orfe) |
|                 |   | Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 17 - 20       |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.96

**p-Cresol:**

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Bioaccumulation | : Species: <i>Leuciscus idus</i> (Golden orfe)<br>Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 17 - 20<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
|-----------------|---|

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.94

## Mobility in soil

No data available

### Other adverse effects

No data available

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## Disposal methods

|                        |   |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Waste from residues    | : | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.<br>Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  |
| Contaminated packaging | : | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.<br>Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.<br>Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.<br>If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product. |

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## International Regulations



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### UNRTDG

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| UN number                 | : UN 2920   |
| Proper shipping name      | : CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.<br>(Sodium hydroxide, Ethylbenzene) |
| Class                     | : 8   |
| Subsidiary risk           | : 3   |
| Packing group             | : II  |
| Labels                    | : 8 (3)   |
| Environmentally hazardous | : yes   |

### IATA-DGR

|  |   |
|--|---|
| UN/ID No.                                | : UN 2920   |
| Proper shipping name                     | : Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.<br>(Sodium hydroxide, Ethylbenzene) |
| Class                                    | : 8   |
| Subsidiary risk                          | : 3   |
| Packing group                            | : II  |
| Labels                                   | : Corrosive, Flammable Liquids  |
| Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)     | : 855   |
| Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) | : 851   |

### IMDG-Code

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| UN number            | : UN 2920  |
| Proper shipping name | : CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.<br>(Sodium hydroxide, Ethylbenzene, Dichlofenthion (ISO), Tar, wood) |
| Class                | : 8  |
| Subsidiary risk      | : 3  |
| Packing group        | : II   |
| Labels               | : 8 (3)  |
| EmS Code             | : F-E, S-C   |
| Marine pollutant     | : yes  |

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### Domestic regulation

#### 49 CFR

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| UN/ID/NA number      | : UN 2920  |
| Proper shipping name | : Corrosive liquids, flammable, n.o.s.<br>(Sodium hydroxide, Ethylbenzene) |
| Class                | : 8  |
| Subsidiary risk      | : 3  |
| Packing group        | : II   |
| Labels               | : CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE LIQUID  |
| ERG Code             | : 132  |
| Marine pollutant     | : yes(Dichlofenthion (ISO))  |

### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### CERCLA Reportable Quantity

| Components | CAS-No.   | Component RQ (lbs) | Calculated product RQ (lbs) |
|------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Tar, coal  | 8007-45-2 | 1                  | 8                           |
| Xylene     | 1330-20-7 | 100                | 1075                        |
| m-Cresol   | 108-39-4  | 100                | 9090                        |

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

| Components | CAS-No.  | Component RQ (lbs) | Calculated product RQ (lbs) |
|------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Phenol     | 108-95-2 | 1000               | 52631                       |

#### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

| Components | CAS-No.  | Component TPQ (lbs) |
|------------|----------|---------------------|
| Phenol     | 108-95-2 | 10000               |

**SARA 311/312 Hazards** : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)  
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)  
Respiratory or skin sensitization  
Germ cell mutagenicity  
Carcinogenicity  
Reproductive toxicity  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  
Aspiration hazard  
Skin corrosion or irritation  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation

**SARA 313** : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

|              |           |               |
|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4  | >= 5 - < 10 % |
| Xylene       | 1330-20-7 | >= 5 - < 10 % |
| Phenol       | 108-95-2  | >= 1 - < 5 %  |
| m-Cresol     | 108-39-4  | >= 1 - < 5 %  |
| p-Cresol     | 106-44-5  | >= 1 - < 5 %  |

#### US State Regulations

##### Pennsylvania Right To Know

|                      |            |
|----------------------|------------|
| Tar, wood            | 91722-33-7 |
| Rosin                | 8050-09-7  |
| Castor oil           | 8001-79-4  |
| Water                | 7732-18-5  |
| Tar, coal            | 8007-45-2  |
| Ethylbenzene         | 100-41-4   |
| Xylene               | 1330-20-7  |
| Dichlofenthion (ISO) | 97-17-6    |

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|                  |           |
|------------------|-----------|
| Sodium hydroxide | 1310-73-2 |
| Phenol           | 108-95-2  |
| m-Cresol         | 108-39-4  |
| p-Cresol         | 106-44-5  |

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Tar, coal, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

### California List of Hazardous Substances

|                  |           |
|------------------|-----------|
| Tar, coal        | 8007-45-2 |
| Ethylbenzene     | 100-41-4  |
| Xylene           | 1330-20-7 |
| Sodium hydroxide | 1310-73-2 |
| Phenol           | 108-95-2  |
| m-Cresol         | 108-39-4  |
| p-Cresol         | 106-44-5  |

### California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

|                  |           |
|------------------|-----------|
| Tar, coal        | 8007-45-2 |
| Ethylbenzene     | 100-41-4  |
| Xylene           | 1330-20-7 |
| Sodium hydroxide | 1310-73-2 |
| Phenol           | 108-95-2  |
| m-Cresol         | 108-39-4  |
| p-Cresol         | 106-44-5  |

### California Regulated Carcinogens

|           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| Tar, coal | 8007-45-2 |
|-----------|-----------|

### The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

|       |                  |
|-------|------------------|
| AICS  | : not determined |
| DSL   | : not determined |
| IECSC | : not determined |

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Further information

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## Dichlofenthion Formulation

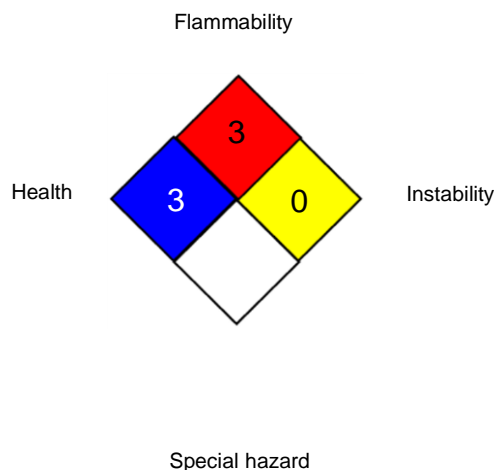
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8.0

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### NFPA 704:



### HMIS® IV:

|                 |   |   |
|-----------------|---|---|
| HEALTH          | * | 4 |
| FLAMMABILITY    |   | 3 |
| PHYSICAL HAZARD |   | 0 |

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "\*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

### Full text of other abbreviations

|                 |   |   |
|-----------------|---|---|
| ACGIH           | : | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)   |
| ACGIH BEI       | : | ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)   |
| NIOSH REL       | : | USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits  |
| OSHA CARC       | : | OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens   |
| OSHA Z-1        | : | USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants          |
| ACGIH / TWA     | : | 8-hour, time-weighted average   |
| ACGIH / C       | : | Ceiling limit   |
| NIOSH REL / TWA | : | Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek |
| NIOSH REL / ST  | : | STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday    |
| NIOSH REL / C   | : | Ceiling value not be exceeded at any time.  |
| OSHA CARC / PEL | : | Permissible exposure limit (PEL)  |
| OSHA Z-1 / TWA  | : | 8-hour time weighted average  |

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Dichlofenthion Formulation

|         |                |               |                                 |
|---------|----------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number:   | Date of last issue: 09/28/2024  |
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50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Revision Date : 04/14/2025

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

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