according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# Spiramycin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 4.0 06/20/2025 7947467-00013 Date of first issue: 03/19/2021

### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Spiramycin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue

Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone : 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Other hazards

None known.

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection

and face protection.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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#### Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical atten-

tion.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS No./Unique	Concentration (% w/w)	Trade secret
	i D		Secret
2-Pyrrolidone	616-45-5*	>= 30 - <= 60	TSC
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6*	>= 1 - <= 5	TSC
Spiramycin	8025-81-8*	<= 0.1	TSC

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates that the identifier is a CAS No.

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

TSC- the actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If swallowed

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Protection of first-aiders

Causes serious eye irritation.

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively. Notes to physician

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec- : tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

**Environmental precautions** Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing mist or vapors.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

#### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	TWA	10 ppm	US WEEL
Spiramycin	8025-81-8	TWA	1000 ug/m3 (OEB	Internal

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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1)

**Engineering measures** : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn.

Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any

hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection

Hygiene measures

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : Aqueous solution

Color : light yellow

Odor : No data available

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 8.0 - 10.0

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.950 - 1.150 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous reac- : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

tions

Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity

Method: Calculation method

#### **Components:**

2-Pyrrolidone:

: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Benzyl alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): 1,200 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat): > 5.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Spiramycin:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Mouse, adult): 2,900 mg/kg

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LD50 (Rat, adult): 3,550 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog, adult): 5,200 mg/kg

LD50 (Rabbit, adult): 4,300 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of:

administration)

LD50 (Mouse): 130 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Rat): 170 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Rabbit): 182 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

### 2-Pyrrolidone:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

### Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

### **Components:**

## 2-Pyrrolidone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

### Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

### Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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### Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

### 2-Pyrrolidone:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Humans Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization

rate in humans

Spiramycin:

Test Type : Magnusson-Kligman-Test

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

### 2-Pyrrolidone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

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Benzyl alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Spiramycin:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Test Type: Cytogenetic assay

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Mouse Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

2-Pyrrolidone:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 18 month(s)
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : negative

Spiramycin:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

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**OSHA**No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal

experiments.

Benzyl alcohol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Spiramycin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male

Target Organs: Reproductive organs

Result: alteration in sperm morphology, Effects on male

reproductive organs

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: 100 mg/kg body weight

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> Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight

#### STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### **STOT-repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

### Repeated dose toxicity

### **Components:**

### 2-Pyrrolidone:

Species : Rat : 207 mg/kg NOAEL : Ingestion Application Route Exposure time 3 Months

Method **OECD Test Guideline 408** 

### Benzyl alcohol:

Species Rat

NOAEL 1.072 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time 28 Days

Method OECD Test Guideline 412

### Spiramycin:

Rat, male and female Species

NOAEL 140 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 13 Weeks Target Organs Immune system

Species : Rat, male and female

LÖAEL : 5.6 mg/kg Application Route : Intravenous

Exposure time : 32 d

Target Organs : Central nervous system

: Dog, male and female Species

NOAEL 75 mg/kg Application Route Oral Exposure time 2 y

Target Organs Kidney, male reproductive organs, optic nerve

Dog, male and female Species

LOAEL 169 mg/kg LOAEL
Application Route
Exposure time
Number of exposures Intravenous 4 Weeks

: 2 injections per day Target Organs spleen, Kidney

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Species Dog, male and female

LOAEL 50 mg/kg Application Route : Intravenous Exposure time 4 Weeks

Target Organs Central nervous system

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure** 

**Components:** 

Spiramycin:

General Information : May cause

Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea

**Further information** 

**Components:** 

Spiramycin:

Remarks : No data available

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

### **Components:**

2-Pyrrolidone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 4,600 - 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770

plants mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

ic toxicity)

2-Pyrrolidone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 92 - 96 % Exposure time: 14 d

Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

2-Pyrrolidone:

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: -0.71

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Benzyl alcohol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1.05

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **International Regulations**

#### **UNRTDG**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **IMDG-Code**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **Domestic regulation**

#### **49 CFR**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

#### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Respiratory or skin sensitization

Reproductive toxicity

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### **US State Regulations**

### Pennsylvania Right To Know

Water 7732-18-5 2-Pyrrolidone 616-45-5 Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6

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### The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

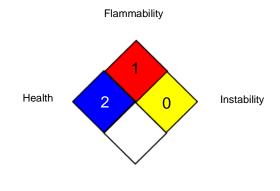
DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

#### NFPA 704:



Special hazard

#### HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "\*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

### Full text of other abbreviations

US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Spiramycin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 4.0 06/20/2025 7947467-00013 Date of first issue: 03/19/2021

50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

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Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

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