according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Enrofloxacin Liquid (20%) Formulation

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 06/17/2025 9743109-00012 Date of first issue: 10/13/2021 6.0

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name Enrofloxacin Liquid (20%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier Merck & Co., Inc. Address 126 E. Lincoln Avenue

Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Veterinary product Restrictions on use Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Combustible dust

Acute toxicity (Oral) Category 4

Skin corrosion Sub-category 1A

Serious eye damage Category 1

Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Category 1 (cartilage, Testis)

- repeated exposure

Specific target organ toxicity : Category 2 (Respiratory Tract)

Other hazards

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements If small particles are generated during further processing, han-

dling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentra-

tions in air.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

H372 Causes damage to organs (cartilage, Testis) through pro-

longed or repeated exposure.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Respiratory Tract) through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Supplemental Hazard State- :

ments

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection

and face protection.

Response:

P301 + P330 + P331 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.

P303 + P364 + P363 + P364 | P364 | P365 | P366 | P

P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS No./Unique ID	Concentration (% w/w)	Trade secret
Enrofloxacin	93106-60-6*	>= 10 - <= 30	TSC

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3*	>= 1 - <= 5	TSC
Disodium EDTA, dihydrate	6381-92-6*	>= 0.5 - <= 1.5	TSC
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6*	>= 0.1 - <= 1	TSC

^{*} Indicates that the identifier is a CAS No.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention immediately.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes digestive tract burns. Corrosive to respiratory system.

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Causes severe burns.

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

TSC- the actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid rele

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers)

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapors.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Enrofloxacin	93106-60-6	TWA	0.2 mg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	С	2 mg/m³	ACGIH
		С	2 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	TWA	10 ppm	US WEEL

Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection

Hygiene measures

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Aqueous solution

Color : light yellow

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 10.5 - 12.5

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.950 - 1.150 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Stable under normal conditions.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Acids

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,806 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 150 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 500 - 800 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Potassium hydroxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 333 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,800 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Benzyl alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,200 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Result : No skin irritation

Potassium hydroxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Result : Mild eye irritation

Potassium hydroxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Routes of exposure : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Potassium hydroxide:

Test Type : Intracutaneous test

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Humans
Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization

rate in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian bone marrow sister chromatid ex-

change

Species: Hamster Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Rat Result: negative

Potassium hydroxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Benzyl alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Species: RatApplication Route: OralExposure time: 2 YearsResult: negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : negative

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on fertility., alteration in sperm morphology

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 210 mg/kg body weight

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Result: Reduced fetal weight., No teratogenic effects.

Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight

Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Four-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Benzyl alcohol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (cartilage, Testis) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs (Respiratory Tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Target Organs : cartilage, Testis

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

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Target Organs Respiratory Tract

Assessment May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Species Rat NOAEL 36 mg/kg 150 mg/kg LOAEL Application Route Oral Exposure time 13 Weeks Target Organs Testis

Species NOAEL LOAEL Application Route Exposure time Target Organs Dog 3 mg/kg 9.6 mg/kg Oral 13 Weeks Target Organs cartilage

Species
NOAEL
Application Route **Species** Cat : 25 mg/kg : Oral Exposure time 30 Days

Remarks No significant adverse effects were reported

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Species Rat NOAEL 500 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time 13 Weeks

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 0.03 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
: 4 Weeks

Method **OECD Test Guideline 412**

Benzyl alcohol:

Species Rat NOAEL: 1.072 mg/lApplication Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)Exposure time: 28 Days

Method **OECD Test Guideline 412**

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

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Experience with human exposure

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Ingestion Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, central nervous sys-

tem effects, Sensitivity to light

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 79.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 196 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Hyalella azteca (Amphipod)): > 206 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 79.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aguatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.1

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0.049 mg/l

Exposure time: 5 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

LOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 140 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to algae/aquatic ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

plants

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 25 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC10 (activated sludge): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 2 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Benzyl alcohol:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 92 - 96 % Exposure time: 14 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: 0.5

octanol/water

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Bioaccumulation Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 500

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -4.3

Benzyl alcohol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1.05

Mobility in soil

Components:

Enrofloxacin:

Distribution among environ- : Koc: 5.55

mental compartments

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste Contaminated packaging

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 1814

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION Proper shipping name

Class 8 Packing group Ш

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Enrofloxacin Liquid (20%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 6.0 06/17/2025 9743109-00012 Date of first issue: 10/13/2021

Labels : 8 Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1814

Proper shipping name : Potassium hydroxide solution

Class : 8 Packing group : II

Labels : Corrosive Packing instruction (cargo : 855

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 851

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1814

Proper shipping name : POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

(Enrofloxacin)

Class : 8
Packing group : II
Labels : 8
EmS Code : F-A, S-B
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1814

Proper shipping name : Potassium hydroxide, solution

Class : 8 Packing group : II

Labels : CORROSIVE

ERG Code : 154

Marine pollutant : yes(Enrofloxacin)

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ Calculated product R	
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	1000	20000

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

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SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Combustible dust

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Water 7732-18-5 Enrofloxacin 93106-60-6 Potassium hydroxide 1310-58-3

California List of Hazardous Substances

Potassium hydroxide 1310-58-3

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Potassium hydroxide 1310-58-3

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

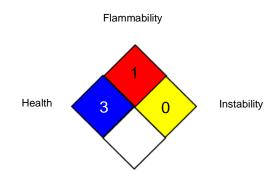
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NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

ACGIH / C : Ceiling limit

NIOSH REL / C : Ceiling value not be exceeded at any time.

US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECx - Concentration associated with x% response: EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance: ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act;

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REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 06/17/2025

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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