SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
   Trade name : Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
   Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
   Company : MSD
   Walton Manor, Walton
   MK7 7AJ Milton Keynes - United Kingdom
   Telephone : 908-740-4000
   Telefax : 908-735-1496
   E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
   1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

   Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   - Flammable liquids, Category 2
   - Acute toxicity, Category 4
   - Eye irritation, Category 2
   - Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2
   - Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1
   - Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1
   - H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
   - H332: Harmful if inhaled.
   - H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
   - H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
   - H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
   - H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

   Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   - Hazard pictograms : ! !
   - Signal word : Danger
Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

Hazard statements:
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:
Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b)

2.3 Other hazards
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Registration number</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,3-Dioxan-5-ol</td>
<td>4740-78-7</td>
<td>225-248-9</td>
<td></td>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2; H319</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>78-93-3</td>
<td>201-159-0</td>
<td>606-002-00-3</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b)</td>
<td>71751-41-2</td>
<td>606-143-00-0</td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox. 2; H300 Acute Tox. 1; H330 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Repr. 2; H361fd STOT RE 1; H372 (Central nervous system) Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET
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tion

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Date of first issue: 29.08.2019

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10,000
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10,000

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks: Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
## Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>10.10.2020</td>
<td>4795073-00003</td>
<td>23.03.2020</td>
<td>29.08.2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment**: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- **Suitable extinguishing media**
  - Water spray
  - Alcohol-resistant foam
  - Carbon dioxide (CO2)
  - Dry chemical

- **Unsuitable extinguishing media**
  - High volume water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- **Specific hazards during firefighting**
  - Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
  - Flash back possible over considerable distance.
  - Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
  - Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

- **Hazardous combustion products**
  - Carbon oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- **Special protective equipment for firefighters**
  - In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
  - Use personal protective equipment.

- **Specific extinguishing methods**
  - Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
  - Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
  - Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
  - Evacuate area.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- **Personal precautions**
  - Remove all sources of ignition.
  - Ventilate the area.
  - Use personal protective equipment.
  - Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- **Environmental precautions**
  - Avoid release to the environment.
  - Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
  - Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil
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tion

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide dyeing or other appropriate contain-
  ment to keep material from spreading. If dyed material can
  be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-
  ent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis-
  posal of this material, as well as those materials and items
  employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-
  mine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding
  certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE
  CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust
  ventilation.
- Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equip-
  ment.
Advice on safe handling:
- Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
  practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-
  sessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and
  other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the
  environment.
Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Flammable solids
- Pyrophoric liquids
- Pyrophoric solids
- Self-heating substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases
- Explosives
- Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s): No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>TWA (particles)</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>GB EH40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Total vapour and particles)</td>
<td>150 ppm 474 mg/m3</td>
<td>GB EH40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>78-93-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm 600 mg/m3</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Indicative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>300 ppm</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>78-93-3</td>
<td>butan-2-one: 70 micromol per litre (Urine)</td>
<td>After shift</td>
<td>GB EH40 BAT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>600 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>1161 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>106 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>412 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>31 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>168 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>50 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Environmental Compartment</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>55.8 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Freshwater - intermittent</td>
<td>55.8 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>55.8 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Engineering measures
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

#### Personal protective equipment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Eye protection</th>
<th>Hand protection</th>
<th>Skin and body protection</th>
<th>Respiratory protection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.</td>
<td>Material: Chemical-resistant gloves</td>
<td>Work uniform or laboratory coat.</td>
<td>Comments: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Equipment should conform to BS EN 14387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.</td>
<td>Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.</td>
<td>Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.</td>
<td>Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Propylene glycol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Sewage treatment plant</th>
<th>Oral (Secondary Poisoning)</th>
<th>Marine sediment</th>
<th>Soil</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>709 mg/l</td>
<td>260 mg/l</td>
<td>26 mg/l</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>284.7 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
<td>22.5 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>284.7 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
<td>284.74 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
<td>57.2 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>183 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>20000 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>572 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral (Secondary Poisoning)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1000 mg/kg food</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The values provided are maximum concentrations that can be found in the environment or after exposure.
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: liquid

Colour: Colorless to pale yellow

Odour: characteristic

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: ≤ -66 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 82 °C

Flash point: 16 °C

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapour pressure: No data available

Relative vapour density: No data available

Relative density: 1.05 - 1.09

Density: No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility: slightly soluble

Solubility in other solvents: soluble

Solvent: Ethanol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic: No data available

Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
Harmful if inhaled.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 2.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
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Date of first issue: 29.08.2019

Method: Calculation method

Components:

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 25.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 24 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
LDLo (Monkey): 24 mg/kg
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.023 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 330 mg/kg
LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

**Components:**

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Saccharomyces cerevisiae, gene mutation assay (in vitro)
  - Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Germ cell mutagenicity
- Not classified based on available information.
Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Alkaline elution assay
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 105 weeks
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 93 weeks
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Butanone:

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Inhalation
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Fertility
- Species: Rat, male
- Application Route: Oral
- Result: Effects on fertility
  - Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
    - Species: Rat
    - Application Route: Oral
    - Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 0.12 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: Fetotoxicity

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Cleft palate
- Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed
  - Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
    - Species: Rabbit
    - Application Route: Oral
    - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: Cleft palate, Teratogenic effects, Reduced embryonic survival
    - Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed
  - Test Type: Development
    - Species: Rat
    - Application Route: Oral
    - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1.6 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: Teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.
- Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Butanone:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
- Exposure routes: Ingestion
- Target Organs: Central nervous system
- Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Butanone:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 14.84 mg/l
- Application Route: Inhalation (vapour)
- Exposure time: 90 Days
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 1.5 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 24 Months
- Target Organs: Central nervous system
- Symptoms: Tremors, ataxia

- Species: Mouse
- NOAEL: 4.0 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 24 Months
- Target Organs: Central nervous system
- Symptoms: Tremors, ataxia

- Species: Dog
- NOAEL: 0.25 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 53 Weeks
- Target Organs: Central nervous system
- Symptoms: Tremors, weight loss
- Remarks: Mortality observed

- Species: Monkey
- NOAEL: 1.0 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 14 Weeks
- Target Organs: Central nervous system
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<td>29.08.2019</td>
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</table>

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Butanone:**
The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):**

| Ingestion | Symptoms: May cause, Tremors, Diarrhoea, central nervous system effects, Salivation, tearing |

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1 Toxicity**

**Components:**

**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

| Toxicity to fish | LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

| Toxicity to microorganisms | EC10: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**Butanone:**

| Toxicity to fish | LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2,993 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 |
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**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2,029 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,240 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):**

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.2 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 9.6 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Ictalurus punctatus (channel catfish)): 24 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 42 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 15 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Americamysis): 0.022 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.34 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)**
- 10,000

**Toxicity to microorganisms**
- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Test Type: Respiration inhibition

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC: 0.52 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 32 d
  - Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC: 0.03 µg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

- NOEC: 0.0035 µg/l
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Species: Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10,000

12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
- Biodegradability: Result: Inherently biodegradable.
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 98 %
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

**Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):**
- Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 50 % (< 12 h)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.65

Butanone:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.3

**Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):**
- Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 52
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4

12.4 Mobility in soil

**Components:**

**Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):**
- Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: > 3.6
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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Product: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number
ADN: UN 1993
ADR: UN 1993
RID: UN 1993
IMDG: UN 1993
IATA: UN 1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name
ADN: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Butanone)
ADR: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Butanone)
RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Butanone)
IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Butanone, Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b))
IATA: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Butanone)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
ADN: 3
Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formula-
tion

14.4 Packing group

ADR
Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

RID
Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3
Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

IMDG
Packing group : II
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

IATA
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 364
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y341
Packing group : II
Labels : Flammable Liquids

IATA (Passenger)
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 353
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y341
Packing group : II
Labels : Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes
### IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

### 14.6 Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)**
- Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:
  - Number on list 3

**REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).**
- Not applicable

**REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV).**
- Not applicable

**Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.**
- Not applicable

**Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast).**
- Not applicable

**Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.**
- Not applicable

- Not applicable

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</table>

**Other regulations:**
Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

**The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**
- **AICS:** not determined
- **DSL:** not determined
- **IECSC:** not determined

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.
SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H300 : Fatal if swallowed.
H311 : Toxic in contact with skin.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H330 : Fatal if inhaled.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361fd : Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values
2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours
2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit
GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO
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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

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- International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50 % of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:

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<th>Classification procedure:</th>
<th>Flam. Liq. 2</th>
<th>Acute Tox. 4</th>
<th>Eye Irrit. 2</th>
<th>STOT RE 2</th>
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<th>Aquatic Chronic 1</th>
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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

GB / EN