SAFETY DATA SHEET

Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : MSD
Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road
           Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids : Category 2
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5
Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4
Eye irritation : Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Central nervous system)
Aspiration hazard : Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements :
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H303 May be harmful if swallowed.
H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system)
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through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed,
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system)
through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read
and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames
and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON
CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately
all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air
and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a
POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water
for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy
to do. Continue rinsing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel
unwell.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,3-Dioxan-5-ol</td>
<td>4740-78-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>78-93-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and B2a)</td>
<td>71751-41-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May be harmful if swallowed.
May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Harmful if inhaled.
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

Specific hazards during firefighting: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Ventilate the area.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling: Do not breathe mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.


Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases Explosives Gases
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Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>78-93-3</td>
<td>MEK</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift</td>
<td>2 mg/l</td>
<td>MX BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>methyl ethyl ketone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift</td>
<td>2 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological occupational exposure limits

Engineering measures:

- Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
- Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapor type

Hand protection:

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

Version 1.1  Revision Date: 10.10.2020  SDS Number: 4795006-00002  Date of last issue: 29.08.2019
Date of first issue: 29.08.2019

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid
Color: Colorless to pale yellow
Odor: characteristic
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH: No data available
Melting point/freezing point: < -66 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range: 82 °C
Flash point: 16 °C
Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
Flammability (liquids): Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapor pressure: No data available
Relative vapor density: No data available
Relative density: 1.05 - 1.09
Density: No data available
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : slightly soluble
  Solubility in other solvents : soluble
    Solvent: Ethanol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
  Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
  Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
May be harmful if swallowed.
Harmful if inhaled.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 2,190 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method
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Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

Version 1.1  Revision Date: 10.10.2020  SDS Number: 4795006-00002  Date of last issue: 29.08.2019  Date of first issue: 29.08.2019

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 2.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 25.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 24 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
LDLo (Monkey): 24 mg/kg
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.023 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 330 mg/kg
LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Species: Rabbit
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formula-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
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<tr>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>10.10.2020</td>
<td>4795006-00002</td>
<td>29.08.2019</td>
<td>29.08.2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Method:**
- OECD Test Guideline 404

**Result:**
- No skin irritation

**Remarks:**
- Based on data from similar materials

### Butanone:

**Assessment:**
- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Species:**
- Rabbit

**Method:**
- OECD Test Guideline 404

**Result:**
- No skin irritation

**Remarks:**
- Based on data from similar materials

### Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

**Species:**
- Rabbit

**Result:**
- No skin irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Components:

#### 1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:

**Species:**
- Rabbit

**Result:**
- Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Method:**
- OECD Test Guideline 405

**Remarks:**
- Based on data from similar materials

### Butanone:

**Species:**
- Rabbit

**Result:**
- Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Method:**
- OECD Test Guideline 405

### Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

**Species:**
- Rabbit

**Result:**
- Mild eye irritation

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### 1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:

**Test Type:**
- Maximization Test

**Routes of exposure:**
- Skin contact

**Species:**
- Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative
Test Type: Saccharomycetes cerevisiae, gene mutation assay (in vitro)
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Genotoxicity in vitro

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Result: negative

Test Type: Alkaline elution assay
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 105 weeks
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 93 weeks
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Butanone:
Effects on fertility
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Inhalation
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
- Result: negative

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
- Test Type: Fertility
- Species: Rat, male
- Application Route: Oral
- Result: Effects on fertility.

- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 0.12 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Fetotoxicity.

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Cleft palate
- Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Rabbit
- Application Route: Oral
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Cleft palate, Teratogenic effects., Reduced embryonic survival
- Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1.6 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Teratogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
- Butanone:
- Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Routes of exposure: Ingestion
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
Butanone:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 14.84 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 24 Months
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors, ataxia

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 4.0 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 24 Months
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors, ataxia

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.25 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 53 Weeks
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors, weight loss
Remarks: Mortality observed

Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 1.0 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
### Exposure time
- **14 Weeks**

### Target Organs
- **Central nervous system**

### Aspiration toxicity
May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

### Components:
- **Butanone**
  The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### Experience with human exposure

### Components:
- **Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):**
  - **Ingestion**
    - **Symptoms:** May cause, Tremors, Diarrhea, central nervous system effects, Salivation, tearing

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Ecotoxicity

##### Components:

**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - **LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)):** > 100 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 96 h
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - **EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):** > 100 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 48 h
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - **EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** > 100 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 72 h
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

  - **NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** > 1 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 72 h
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to microorganisms**
  - **EC10:** > 1,000 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 3 h
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 209
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Butanone:**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - **LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)):** 2,993 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2,029 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,240 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.2 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 9.6 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Ictalurus punctatus (channel catfish)): 24 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 42 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 15 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Americamysis): 0.022 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.34 µg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.52 µg/l
Exposure time: 32 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.03 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

NOEC (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0035 µg/l
Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to microorganisms:

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h  
Test Type: Respiration inhibition  

Persistence and degradability  

Components:  

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:  
Biodegradability: Result: Inherently biodegradable.  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

Butanone:  
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 98 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D  

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):  
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 50 % (<12 h)  

Bioaccumulative potential  

Components:  

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.65  

Butanone:  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.3  

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):  
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 52  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4  

Mobility in soil  

Components:  

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):  
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: > 3.6  

Other adverse effects  
No data available
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
- UN number: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Butanone)
  - Class: 3
  - Packing group: II
  - Labels: 3

**IATA-DGR**
- UN/ID No.: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Butanone)
  - Class: 3
  - Packing group: II
  - Labels: Flammable Liquids
  - Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 364
  - Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 353

**IMDG-Code**
- UN number: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Butanone, Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b))
  - Class: 3
  - Packing group: II
  - Labels: 3
  - EmS Code: F-E, S-E
  - Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation
- NOM-002-SCT
UN number: UN 1993
Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Butanone)
Class: 3
Packing group: II
Labels: 3

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
MX BEI: Official Mexican Norm NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health - Biological exposure indices for workers occupationally exposed to chemical agents
NOM-010-STPS-2014: Mexico. Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Control - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit
NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-PPT: Time weighted average limit value
NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-CT: Short term exposure limit value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Abamectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

Version 1.1
Revision Date: 10.10.2020
SDS Number: 4795006-00002
Date of last issue: 29.08.2019
Date of first issue: 29.08.2019

% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


Revision Date: 10.10.2020

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8