SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Amitraz (12.5%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company : MSD
Address : 91-105 Harpin Street
           Bendigo 3550, Victoria Australia
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 1 800 033 461
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 1 800 817 414

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Liver, Central nervous system, Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes)
Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :
Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H360F May damage fertility. H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, Central nervous system, Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes)
through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Supplemental Hazard Statements: AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response:
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>64742-94-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 60 - &lt;= 100</td>
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<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
<td>127087-87-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>33089-61-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide</td>
<td>2162-74-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Alternative CAS Numbers for some regions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Alternative CAS Number(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
<td>68412-54-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice:
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled:
If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact:
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed:
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May damage fertility.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures,
industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>33089-61-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection:
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks:
Consider double gloving.

Eye protection:
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:
Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially
contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
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<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>yellow</td>
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<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>characteristic, aromatic, hydrocarbon-like</td>
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<td>Odour Threshold</td>
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<td>pH</td>
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<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
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<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
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<td>Flash point</td>
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<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
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<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
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<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
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<td>Relative vapour density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Density</td>
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<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
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<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
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<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
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<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
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<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz (12.5%) Formulation

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight: No data available

Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: None known.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 4.778 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,310 mg/kg
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz (12.5%) Formulation

version: 2.4
revision date: 13.09.2019
sds number: 1829149-00007
date of last issue: 24.04.2019
date of first issue: 11.07.2017

Acute dermal toxicity:
LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Amitraz (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): > 400 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 1,085 mg/kg
LD50 (Guinea pig): > 400 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): > 1,600 mg/kg

bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
Acute oral toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute dermal toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:
Assessment:
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Amitraz (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Amitraz (ISO):**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:**
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Amitraz (ISO):**
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

**bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:**
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

**Chronic toxicity**

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:**
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz (12.5%) Formulation

Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Amitraz (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: negative

bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Amitraz (ISO):
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  Exposure time: 2 Years
  NOAEL: > 10.18 mg/kg body weight
  Result: negative

  Species: Mouse
  Exposure time: 2 Years
  LOAEL: 2.3 mg/kg body weight
  Result: positive
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz (12.5%) Formulation

Target Organs : Liver, Stomach

Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Amitraz (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: > 4.8 mg/kg body weight
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on foetal development

bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 421
Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Components:**

**Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:**
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**STOT - repeated exposure**
May cause damage to organs (Liver, Central nervous system, Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**Amitraz (ISO):**
Target Organs: Liver, Central nervous system
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:**
Exposure routes: Ingestion
Target Organs: Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Amitraz (ISO):**
Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 3 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 Days
Target Organs: Liver
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.25 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 Days
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Liver

bis(2,6-diisoproplyphenyl)carbodiimide:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 4 mg/kg
LOAEL: 16 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 407

Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure
Components:
Amitraz (ISO):
Ingestion: Target Organs: Central nervous system

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
Components:
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 - 3 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50: > 1 - 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50: > 1 - 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- NOEC: 20 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Amitraz (ISO):

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.45 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.035 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.04 mg/l
- Exposure time: 91 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.00148 mg/l
- Exposure time: 32 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0011 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d

bis(2,6-dioisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz (12.5%) Formulation

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
                  Biodegradation: 49.56%
                  Exposure time: 28 d
                  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
                  Biodegradation: 3%
                  Exposure time: 28 d
                  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Amitraz (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
                  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,333
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 5.5

bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): > 500
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 6.2

Mobility in soil

Components:

Amitraz (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.3

Other adverse effects
No data available
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Amitraz (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Amitraz (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Amitraz (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Amitraz (ISO))
Class : 9
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements: There is no applicable prohibition or notification/licensing requirements, including for carcinogens under Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Revision Date: 13.09.2019
Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemi-
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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