SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz (5%) Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Amitraz (5%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company : MSD
Address : Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma
Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP

Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5
Skin irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage : Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B
Carcinogenicity : Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes)
Aspiration hazard : Category 1
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1
GHS label elements

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Pictograms:
- Flammable
- Health hazard
- Skin corrosion
- Environmental hazard

Hazard Statements:
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H303 May be harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H360F May damage fertility.
- H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before...
SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Substance / Mixture</td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>CAS-No.</td>
<td>Concentration (% w/w)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha</td>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 70 - &lt; 90</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
<td>127087-87-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>33089-61-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropyldiphenylcarbodiimide</td>
<td>2162-74-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Alternative CAS Numbers for some regions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>Alternative CAS Number(s)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol,</td>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
<td>68412-54-4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

**General advice**
- In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
- When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled**
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
- Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact**
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**
- In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
- If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
- Get medical attention immediately.

**If swallowed**
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
- Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and**
- May be harmful if swallowed.
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
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delayed
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May cause genetic defects.
May cause cancer.
May damage fertility.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Flash back possible over considerable distance.
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Remove all sources of ignition.
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for:
Non-sparking tools should be used.
containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling

Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Keep container tightly closed.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid

Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Flammable solids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
Explosives
SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m³ (total hydrocarbon vapor)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>33089-61-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**

: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**

: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**

: Combined particulates and organic vapor type

**Hand protection**

**Material**

: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**

: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

**Eye protection**

: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**

: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hygiene measures**

: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

- **Appearance**: liquid
- **Color**: yellow
- **Odor**: characteristic, aromatic, hydrocarbon-like
- **Odor Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: No data available
- **Melting point/freezing point**: Not applicable
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: 53 °C
- **Evaporation rate**: No data available
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable
- **Flammability (liquids)**: Not applicable
- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: 7 % (V)
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: 0.8 % (V)
- **Vapor pressure**: No data available
- **Relative vapor density**: No data available
- **Relative density**: No data available
- **Density**: No data available
- **Solubility(ies)**
  - Water solubility: emulsifiable
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: No data available
- **Autoignition temperature**: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic: No data available

 Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight: Not applicable

Particle size: Not applicable

**SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

**SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
May be harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 4.247 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Components:

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.61 mg/l
- Exposure time: 4 h
- Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

**4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1.310 mg/kg
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Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

**Amitraz (ISO):**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 400 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 1.085 mg/kg
LD50 (Guinea pig): > 400 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 1.600 mg/kg

**2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropylidiphenylcarbodiimide:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 300 - 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Causes skin irritation.

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

**Amitraz (ISO):**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropylidiphenylcarbodiimide:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
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4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Amitraz (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropylidiphenylcarbodiimide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Test Type: Buehler Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Amitraz (ISO):
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropylidiphenylcarbodiimide:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
May cause genetic defects.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
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Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermatogonia
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity tests in mammals

Amitraz (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropyldiphenylcarbodiimide:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
May cause cancer.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: positive

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments
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Date of first issue: 11.07.2017

Amitraz (ISO):
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: > 10.18 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Exposure time: 2 Years
LOAEL: 2.3 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Liver, Stomach

Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Amitraz (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: > 4.8 mg/kg body weight
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on fetal development.

2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropylidiphenylcarbodiimide:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 421
Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 421
Result: equivocal

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
Amitraz (ISO):
Target Organs: Liver, Central nervous system
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropyldiphenylcarbodiimide:
Routes of exposure: Ingestion
Target Organs: Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 500 mg/kg
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Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

**Amitraz (ISO):**
Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 3 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 Days
Target Organs : Liver
Species : Dog
NOAEL : 0,25 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 Days
Target Organs : Central nervous system, Liver

**2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropyldiphenylcarbodiimide:**
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 4 mg/kg
LOAEL : 16 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

**Aspiration toxicity**
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Product:**
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Amitraz (ISO):**
Ingestion : Target Organs: Central nervous system

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8,2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants                 | EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3,1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0,5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2,6 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 |

**4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:**

| Toxicity to fish | LC50: > 1 - 10 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50: > 1 - 10 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | NOEC: 20 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**Amitraz (ISO):**

| Toxicity to fish | LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0,45 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,035 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,04 mg/l  
Exposure time: 91 h |
| M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) | 10 |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) | NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0,00148 mg/l  
Exposure time: 32 d |
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) :

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0011 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d

**M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):**

- 10

**2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropyldiphenylcarbodiimide:**

**Toxicity to fish** :

- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates** :

- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants** :

- ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

- NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to microorganisms** :

- EC50: > 1.000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**

- Biodegradability
  Result: Inherently biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 94 %
  Exposure time: 25 d

**2,2',6,6'-Tetraisopropyldiphenylcarbodiimide:**

- Biodegradability
  Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 3 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Amitraz (ISO):**

- Bioaccumulation
  Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.333

- Partition coefficient: n-
  log Pow: 5.5
octanol/water

2,2’,6,6’-Tetraisopropyldiphenylcarbodiimide:
Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): > 500
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 6,2

Mobility in soil

Components:
Amitraz (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 3,3

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Amitraz (ISO))
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents Registry : Not applicable
Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs. : Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

International Regulations
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

ACICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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