1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Amitraz (5%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company : MSD
Address : 50 Tuas West Drive
           Singapore - Singapore 638408
Telephone : +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids : Category 3
Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B
Carcinogenicity : Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes)
Aspiration hazard : Category 1
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H360F May damage fertility.
- H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces.
- No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 70 - &lt; 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
<td>127087-87-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>33089-61-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide</td>
<td>2162-74-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Alternative CAS Numbers for some regions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Alternative CAS Number(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
<td>68412-54-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation.
### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Protection of first-aiders</th>
<th>Notes to physician</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).</td>
<td>Treat symptomatically and supportively.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**5.1 Suitable extinguishing media**
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

**5.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media**
- High volume water jet

**5.3 Specific hazards during firefighting**
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**5.4 Hazardous combustion products**
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

**5.5 Specific extinguishing methods**
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

**5.6 Special protective equipment for firefighters**
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

**6.2 Environmental precautions**
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapours. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types: Self-reactive substances and mixtures Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable gases Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures Poisonous gases Explosives
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m³ (total hydrocarbon vapor)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>33089-61-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Material

Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the work-
ing place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid
Colour : yellow
Odour : characteristic, aromatic, hydrocarbon-like
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : 53 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : 7 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : 0.8 %(V)
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : emulsifiable
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : Not applicable
Particle size : Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
  : Flammable liquid and vapour.
  Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
  Skin contact
  Ingestion
  Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.61 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: vapour
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz (5%) Formulation

Version: 3.3  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 1829208-00010  Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 11.07.2017

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,310 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**amitraz (ISO):**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 400 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 1,085 mg/kg
LD50 (Guinea pig): > 400 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 1,600 mg/kg

**Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

**amitraz (ISO):**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

amitraz (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

amitraz (ISO):
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
May cause genetic defects.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermatogonia Species: Mouse Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity tests in mammals

amitraz (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Result: negative
Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro) Result: negative

Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
May cause cancer.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species: Mouse Application Route: Skin contact Exposure time: 2 Years Result: positive
Carcinogenicity - Assessment:

amitraz (ISO):
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: > 10.18 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Exposure time: 2 Years
LOAEL: 2.3 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Liver, Stomach

Reproductive toxicity:
May damage fertility.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

amitraz (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: > 4.8 mg/kg body weight
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on foetal development

Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 421
- Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: positive

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 421
- Result: equivocal

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure:
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure:
May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):
- Target Organs: Liver, Central nervous system
- Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:
- Exposure routes: Ingestion
- Target Organs: Kidney, Heart, Gastrointestinal tract, Lymph nodes
- Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity:

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
- Species: Rat
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz (5%) Formulation

Version: 3.3  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 1829208-00010  Date of last issue: 09.04.2021

| LOAEL | 500 mg/kg |
| Application Route | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | 28 Days |

**amitraz (ISO):**
- **Species**: Mouse
- **NOAEL**: 3 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 90 Days
- **Target Organs**: Liver

- **Species**: Dog
- **NOAEL**: 0.25 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 90 Days
- **Target Organs**: Central nervous system, Liver

**Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:**
- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 4 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 16 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 28 Days
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 407

**Aspiration toxicity**
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Product:**
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**Components:**
**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**
**amitraz (ISO):**
- **Ingestion**
  - **Target Organs**: Central nervous system

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**
**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
## Toxicity to fish

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>LC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amitraz</td>
<td>8.2 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials.

## Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>EC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amitraz</td>
<td>4.5 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>NOEC</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amitraz</td>
<td>3.1 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>NOELR</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amitraz</td>
<td>0.5 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>EC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol</td>
<td>&gt; 1 - 10 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials.

## Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>NOEC</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol</td>
<td>20 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials.

## amitraz (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>LC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>0.45 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>EC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>0.035 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>NOEC</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>0.04 mg/l</td>
<td>91 h</td>
<td>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):** 10

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>NOEC</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>0.00148 mg/l</td>
<td>32 d</td>
<td>Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

**NOEC** *(Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0011 mg/l*

**Exposure time:** 21 d

**M-Factor** *(Chronic aquatic toxicity)*: 10

**Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:**

**Toxicity to fish**

**LC50** *(Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.1 mg/l**

**Exposure time:** 96 h

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 203

**Remarks:** No toxicity at the limit of solubility

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

**EC50** *(Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l**

**Exposure time:** 48 h

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 202

**Remarks:** No toxicity at the limit of solubility

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

**ErC50** *(Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l**

**Exposure time:** 72 h

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 201

**Remarks:** No toxicity at the limit of solubility

**NOEC** *(Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l**

**Exposure time:** 72 h

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to microorganisms**

**EC50:** > 1,000 mg/l

**Exposure time:** 3 h

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 209

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**

**Biodegradability**

Result: Inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 94%

**Exposure time:** 25 d

**Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:**

**Biodegradability**

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 3%

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**amitraz (ISO):**

**Bioaccumulation**

Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,333
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.5

**Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)carbodiimide:**

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): > 500

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 6.2

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

amitraz (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 3.3

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**

UN number : UN 3295

Proper shipping name : HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Class : 3

Packing group : III

Labels : 3

**IATA-DGR**

UN/ID No. : UN 3295

Proper shipping name : Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.

Class : 3

Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

**IMDG-Code**

UN number : UN 3295
PROPER SHIPPING NAME

HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(AMITRAZ (ISO))

CLASS: 3

PACKING GROUP: III

LABELS: 3

EMSS CODE: F-E, S-D

MARINE POLLUTANT: yes

TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL 73/78 AND THE IBC CODE

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely
based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data
Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and var-
iations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions)
Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements
in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazard-
ous Substances) Regulations: Amitraz

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Regulations: Kerosene, Petroleum distillates,
Petroleum oil

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS: not determined

DSL: not determined

IECSC: not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz (5%) Formulation

Version 3.3
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 1829208-00010
Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 11.07.2017

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

SG / EN