SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz Liquid Formulation

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Trade name : Amitraz Liquid Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Company : MSD
20 Spartan Road
1619 Spartan, South Africa

Telephone : +27119239300
Telefax : 908-735-1496

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

- Flammable liquids, Category 3
- Skin irritation, Category 2
- Skin sensitisation, Category 1
- Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B
- Carcinogenicity, Category 1B
- Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
- Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2
- Aspiration hazard, Category 1
- Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1
- Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1

- H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H340: May cause genetic defects.
- H350: May cause cancer.
- H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements
Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
Hazard pictograms: 

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic
4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated
Amitraz (ISO)
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate

Additional Labelling:
Restricted to professional users.

2.3 Other hazards
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Registration number</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Flam. Liq.3; H226</td>
<td>&gt;= 60 - &lt;= 70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**Protection of first-aiders:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**If inhaled:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact:** Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed:** If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

---

### Table of Hazard Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Hazard Statements</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>aromatic</td>
<td>Skin Irrit.2; H315 Muta.1B; H340 Carc.1B; H350 STOT SE3; H336 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Aquatic Chronic2; H411</td>
<td>265-199-0 649-356-00-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
<td>Repr.2; H361 Aquatic Chronic2; H411</td>
<td>127087-87-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Sens.1B; H317 STOT RE2; H373 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10</td>
<td>33089-61-1 251-375-4 612-086-00-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate</td>
<td>Skin Sens.1; H317</td>
<td>2386-87-0 219-207-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks:
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
May cause genetic defects.  
May cause cancer.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray  
- Alcohol-resistant foam  
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)  
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.  
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.  
- Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.  
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
- Evacuate area.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
Section 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s):
- No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>33089-61-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m3 (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Amitraz Liquid Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0.18 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>0.18 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0.05 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Environmental Compartment</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.024 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.0024 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>0.24 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>19.5 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>0.211 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>0.0211 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.0282 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Engineering measures**

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Eye protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Hand protection**

**Material**

Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**

Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

**Skin and body protection**

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable...
Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: liquid

Colour: Colorless to pale yellow

Odour: No data available

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: 56 °C

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapour pressure: No data available

Relative vapour density: No data available

Relative density: No data available

Density: 0.92 - 1.20 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity: No data available

Viscosity, kinematic: No data available

Explosive properties: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information
- Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable
- Molecular weight : Not applicable
- Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid
- Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials
- Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Components:
- Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
  - Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz Liquid Formulation

Version 3.3  Revision Date: 23.03.2020  SDS Number: 1642421-00010  Date of last issue: 13.09.2019
Date of first issue: 09.05.2017

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.61 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Amitraz (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 400 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 1.085 mg/kg
LD50 (Guinea pig): > 400 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 1.600 mg/kg

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): 2.959 - 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): >= 5.19 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Skin irritation

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Amitraz (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Amitraz (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative
### 4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Maximisation Test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure routes</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Amitraz (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Maximisation Test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure routes</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Sensitiser</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Maximisation Test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure routes</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Assessment**: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

### Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

### Components:

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: positive

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
<th>Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermatogonia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Species: Mouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: positive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment**: Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity tests in mammals

#### 4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Amitraz (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethy 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with mammalian liver cells in vivo
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 486
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
May cause cancer.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : positive
Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments
Amitraz (ISO):
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: > 10.18 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Exposure time: 2 Years
LOAEL: 2.3 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Liver, Stomach

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

Amitraz (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: > 4.8 mg/kg body weight
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on foetal development
### 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

**Effects on foetal development**
- **Test Type:** Embryo-foetal development
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 414
- **Result:** negative

### STOT - single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Components:
- **Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
  - **Assessment:** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Components:
- **Amitraz (ISO):**
  - **Target Organs:** Liver, Central nervous system
  - **Assessment:** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Repeated dose toxicity

### Components:
- **Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**
  - **Species:** Rat
  - **LOAEL:** 500 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Ingestion
  - **Exposure time:** 28 Days

- **4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:**
  - **Species:** Rat
  - **LOAEL:** 150 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Ingestion
  - **Exposure time:** 90 Days
  - **Method:** OPPTS 870.3100
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### Amitraz (ISO):**
- **Species:** Mouse
- **NOAEL:** 3 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Exposure time:** 90 Days
- **Target Organs:** Liver

- **Species:** Dog
- **NOAEL:** 0.25 mg/kg
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz Liquid Formulation

Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 Days
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Liver

Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:
Amitraz (ISO):
Ingestion
Target Organs: Central nervous system

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Toxicity to fish
LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8,2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,5 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3,1 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0,5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-
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<th>Date of first issue:</th>
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<td>09.05.2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Species:** Daphnia magna (Water flea)

**Test substance:** Water Accommodated Fraction

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 211

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**4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:**

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): 8.2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

**Amitraz (ISO):**

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.45 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.035 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.04 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 91 h

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):**
- 10

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):**
- NOEC: 0.00148 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 32 d
  - Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):**
- NOEC: 0.0011 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

**M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):**
- 10

---

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 24 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 40 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 110 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 30 mg/l**
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to microorganisms**
- EC10 (Natural microorganism): 409 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**

Biodegradability: Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 94 %
Exposure time: 25 d

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Biodegradability: Biodegradation: 71 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Stability in water: Degradation half life (DT50): 2 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Bioaccumulation: Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 100
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Amitraz (ISO):

Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.333

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 5.5

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.34

12.4 Mobility in soil

**Components:**

Amitraz (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.3

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.
Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Number</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADN</td>
<td>UN 1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>UN 1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RID</td>
<td>UN 1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>UN 1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>UN 1993</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

14.2 UN proper shipping name

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADN</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RID</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, Amitraz (ISO))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)</td>
</tr>
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</table>

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Number</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>IMDG</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.4 Packing group
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ADN
Packing group: III
Classification Code: F1
Hazard Identification Number: 30
Labels: 3

ADR
Packing group: III
Classification Code: F1
Hazard Identification Number: 30
Labels: 3
Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

RID
Packing group: III
Classification Code: F1
Hazard Identification Number: 30
Labels: 3

IMDG
Packing group: III
Labels: 3
EmS Code: F-E, S-E

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 366
Packing instruction (LQ): Y344
Packing group: III
Labels: Flammable Liquids

IATA (Passenger)
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 355
Packing instruction (LQ): Y344
Packing group: III
Labels: Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous: yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous: yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant: yes

IATA (Passenger)
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IATA (Cargo)
Environmentally hazardous: yes
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14.6 Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inventory</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AICS</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IECSC</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 : Harmful if swallowed.
H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 : Causes skin irritation.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340 : May cause genetic defects.
H350 : May cause cancer.
H361 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
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Muta. : Germ cell mutagenicity
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; ICG - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:

| Flam. Liq. 3 | H226 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | H315 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | H317 |
| Muta. 1B | H340 |
| Carc. 1B | H350 |
| Repr. 2 | H361 |

Classification procedure:

Based on product data or assessment
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method

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</table>

STOT SE 3
H336
Calculation method

STOT RE 2
H373
Calculation method

Asp. Tox. 1
H304
Based on product data or assessment

Aquatic Acute 1
H400
Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 1
H410
Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.