

Amitraz Liquid Formulation

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 14.04.2025 17.06.2025 1642421-00022 Date of first issue: 09.05.2017 8.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Amitraz Liquid Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-: Veterinary product

stance/Mixture

Recommended restrictions

on use

Not applicable

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company **MSD**

20 Spartan Road

1619 Spartan, South Africa

Telephone +27119239300

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B H340: May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity, Category 1B H350: May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the un-

born child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single ex-

posure, Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure, Category 2

Aspiration hazard, Category 1

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate-

gory 1

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 1

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.



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Endocrine disruptor for environment, EUH430: May cause endocrine disruption in the

Category 1 environment

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH430 May cause endocrine disruption in the envi-

ronment

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated

amitraz (ISO)

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate

Additional Labelling

Restricted to professional users.



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2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No. Registration number		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	64742-95-6	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	>= 70 - < 90
aromatic	265-199-0	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	>= 10 - < 30
aromatio	649-356-00-4	Muta. 1B; H340	
		Carc. 1B; H350	
		STOT SE 3; H336	
		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	
		Aquatic Chronic 2;	
		H411	
4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylat-	127087-87-0	Repr. 2; H361	>= 20 - < 25
ed		Aquatic Acute 1; H400	
		Aquatic Chronic 1;	
		H410	
		ED ENV 1;	
		EUH430	
		M-Factor (Acute	
		aquatic toxicity): 1	
		M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	
amitraz (ISO)	33089-61-1	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 10 - < 20
	251-375-4	Skin Sens. 1B;	>= 10 < 20
	612-086-00-2	H317	
		STOT RE 2; H373	
		(Liver, Central	
		nervous system)	
		Aquatic Acute 1;	
		H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;	
		H410	
		M-Factor (Acute	
		aquatic toxicity): 10	
		M-Factor (Chronic	
		aquatic toxicity): 10	
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-	2386-87-0	Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 2,5 - < 10
oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-	219-207-4	Muta. 2; H341	
carboxylate	607-773-00-9	STOT RE 2; H373	



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(nasal cavity)
Aquatic Chronic 3;
H412

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.



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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Remove all sources of ignition.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.



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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water

spray jet.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equip-

ment.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapours.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the



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use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep

away from heat and sources of ignition.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit

flammable gases

Explosives Gases

Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
amitraz (ISO)	33089-61-1	TWA	10 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	1250 μg/100 cm ²	Internal

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
7- Oxabicy- clo[4.1.0]hept-3- ylmethyl 7- oxabicy- clo[4.1.0]heptane-3- carboxylate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0,18 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	0,18 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	0,05 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value



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7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	Fresh water	0,024 mg/l
	Freshwater - intermittent	0,24 mg/l
	Marine water	0,0024 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	19,5 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,211 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	0,0211 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	0,0282 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less guick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flam-

mable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable

suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid



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Colour Colorless to pale yellow No data available Odour Odour Threshold No data available

No data available pΗ

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

56 °C Flash point

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure No data available

Relative vapour density No data available

Relative density No data available

Density 0,92 - 1,20 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility No data available Partition coefficient: n-No data available

octanol/water

No data available Auto-ignition temperature

No data available Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic No data available

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight Not applicable

Particle size No data available



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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation

exposure Skin contact

Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5,61 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg



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amitraz (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 400 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 1.085 mg/kg

LD50 (Guinea pig): > 400 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 1.600 mg/kg

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): > 2.959 - 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): >= 5,19 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

amitraz (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation



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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

amitraz (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

amitraz (ISO):

Test Type : Maximisation Test



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Exposure routes : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Sensitiser

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermato-

gonia

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

: Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity

tests in mammals

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

amitraz (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative



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Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: positive

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Test Type: Transgenic rodent somatic cell gene mutation as-

sav

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 488

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell muta-

genicity tests.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.



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Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

amitraz (ISO):

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : > 10,18 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

Species : Mouse Exposure time : 2 Years

LOAEL : 2,3 mg/kg body weight

Result : positive

Target Organs : Liver, Stomach

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 29 Months
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

amitraz (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study



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Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: > 4,8 mg/kg body weight

Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on foetal development

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Effects on foetal develop: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

ment Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Target Organs : Liver, Central nervous system

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : nasal cavity

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >10 to 100 mg/kg bw.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:



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Species : Rat

LOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Species : Rat

LOAEL : 150 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OPPTS 870.3100

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

amitraz (ISO):

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 3 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 Days
Target Organs : Liver

Species : Dog

NOAEL : 0,25 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 Days

Target Organs : Central nervous system, Liver

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 5 mg/kg

LOAEL : 50 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

amitraz (ISO):



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Ingestion : Target Organs: Central nervous system

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,5 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3,1 mg/l

plants Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0,5

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR: 2,6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0,1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): > 0,1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1 - 10

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

city

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: > 0,1 - 1 mg/l Exposure time: 100 d

Species: Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka) Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: > 0,001 - 0,01 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp) Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

amitraz (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0,45 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,035 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,04

mg/l

Exposure time: 91 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0,00148 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0,0011 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 10

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 24 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 40 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): >

110 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201



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NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 30

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (activated sludge): 409 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Biodegradability Result: Inherently biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 94 % Exposure time: 25 d

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 71 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Bioaccumulation Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.333

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 5,5

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Partition coefficient: n-: log Pow: 1.34

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Distribution among environ- : log Koc: 3,3

mental compartments



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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

This substance/mixture contains components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties for environment, according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU)

2017/2100.

Components:

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance is considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) for the environ-

ment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes

are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 1993
ADR : UN 1993
RID : UN 1993
IMDG : UN 1993
IATA : UN 1993



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14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)

ADR : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)

RID : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)

IMDG : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, amitraz (ISO))

IATA : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

ADN : 3
ADR : 3
RID : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3
Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

IMDG

Packing group : III
Labels : 3

EmS Code : F-E, <u>S-E</u>

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo:

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

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IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen: 355

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version

are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical

lines.



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Full text of H-Statements

EUH430 : May cause endocrine disruption in the environment

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 : May cause genetic defects.

H341 : Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 : May cause cancer.

H361 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard Carc. : Carcinogenicity

ED ENV : Endocrine disruptor for environment

Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Muta. : Germ cell mutagenicity
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways: ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Ef-



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fect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Sources of key data used to : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 3	H226	Based on product data or assessment
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
Muta. 1B	H340	Calculation method
Carc. 1B	H350	Calculation method
Repr. 2	H361	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Calculation method
ED ENV 1	EUH430	Calculation method

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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