SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amitraz Solid Formulation

Version: 3.2
Revision Date: 2021/08/27
SDS Number: 1732052-00009
Date of last issue: 2020/10/02
Date of first issue: 2017/06/06

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name: Amitraz Solid Formulation

Supplier’s company name, address and phone number
Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: Kumagaya, Saitama Prefecture , Xicheng 810 MSD Co., Ltd. Menuma factory
Telephone: 048-588-8411
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Emergency telephone number: +1-908-423-6000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1
Skin sensitisation: Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity: Category 2
Carcinogenicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2 (Liver, Central nervous system)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: [Images]
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H302 Harmful if swallowed.
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H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350 May cause cancer.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Additional Labelling**
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute oral toxicity: 10 %
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute dermal toxicity: 10 %
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 10 %
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 10 %
Other hazards which do not result in classification
Important symptoms and outlines of the emergency assumed: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
<th>ENCS No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>amitraz (ISO)</td>
<td>33089-61-1</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium carbonate</td>
<td>471-34-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt;= 20</td>
<td>1-122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium silicate</td>
<td>12141-46-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt;= 20</td>
<td>1-26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraformaldehyde</td>
<td>30525-89-4</td>
<td>2.55</td>
<td>9-1941</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulfosuccinate</td>
<td>577-11-7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2-1623, 2-1620</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- ** Suitable extinguishing media:** Water spray, Alcohol-resistant foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical
- ** Unsuitable extinguishing media:** None known.
- ** Specific hazards during firefighting:** Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- ** Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides, Silicon oxides, Metal oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides
- ** Specific extinguishing methods:** Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
- ** Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- ** Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
- ** Environmental precautions:** Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained.
- ** Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe dust.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Keep away from water.
- Protect from moisture.
- Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
- Keep container closed when not in use.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact:
- Oxidizing agents
- Water

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Storage
Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material:
- Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Control parameter</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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## Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>ACL</td>
<td>0.1 ppm</td>
<td>JP OEL ISHL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OEL-M</td>
<td>0.1 ppm</td>
<td>JP OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.12 mg/m³</td>
<td>JSOH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Airway sensitizing agent; Group 2 substances which probably induce allergic reactions in humans. Skin sensitizing agent; Group 1 substances which induce allergic reactions in humans. Group 2A: probably carcinogenic to humans</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OEL-C</td>
<td>0.2 ppm</td>
<td>JP OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.24 mg/m³</td>
<td>JSOH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>Airway sensitizing agent; Group 2 substances which probably induce allergic reactions in humans. Skin sensitizing agent; Group 1 substances which induce allergic reactions in humans. Group 2A: probably carcinogenic to humans</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>0.3 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Engineering measures

- Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section 10).
- Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
- Apply measures to prevent dust explosions.
- Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

## Personal protective equipment

### Respiratory protection
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- Filter type: Combined particulates and inorganic gas/vapour type
Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:
- Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.
- If splashes are likely to occur, wear:
  - Face-shield

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
- Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : powder

Colour : white

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit
- Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Density and / or relative density
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : Not applicable
Particle characteristics
Particle size : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products will be formed upon contact with water or humid air.

Conditions to avoid : Exposure to moisture
Heat, flames and sparks.
Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Water

Hazardous decomposition products
Contact with water or humid air : Formaldehyde

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
### Ingestion

- **Harmful if swallowed.**

#### Product:

- **Acute oral toxicity**
  - Acute toxicity estimate: 958.7 mg/kg
  - Method: Calculation method

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**
  - Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: Calculation method

#### Components:

- **amitraz (ISO):**
  - **Acute oral toxicity**
    - LD50 (Rat): > 400 mg/kg
    - LD50 (Mouse): > 1,085 mg/kg
    - LD50 (Guinea pig): > 400 mg/kg
  - **Acute inhalation toxicity**
    - Remarks: No data available
  - **Acute dermal toxicity**
    - LD50 (Rat): > 1,600 mg/kg

- **Calcium carbonate:**
  - **Acute oral toxicity**
    - LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
    - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
  - **Acute inhalation toxicity**
    - LC50 (Rat): > 3 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 4 h
    - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
    - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
  - **Acute dermal toxicity**
    - LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
    - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

- **Aluminium silicate:**
  - **Acute oral toxicity**
    - LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
    - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  - **Acute inhalation toxicity**
    - LC50 (Rat): 50 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Acute dermal toxicity**
LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Paraformaldehyde:**
Acute oral toxicity
LD50 (Rat, male): 592 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50 (Rat): 1.07 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity
LD50 (Rat): > 10,000 mg/kg

**Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulfosuccinate:**
Acute oral toxicity
LD50 (Rat): 3,080 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity
LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**amitraz (ISO):**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Calcium carbonate:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Aluminium silicate:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Paraformaldehyde:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation

**Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulfosuccinate:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
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Result: Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Calcium carbonate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Aluminium silicate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Paraformaldehyde:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulphosuccinate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Calcium carbonate:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
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Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : negative

Aluminium silicate:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Paraformaldehyde:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : positive
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Assessment : Probability or evidence of high skin sensitisation rate in humans

Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulfosuccinate:
Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Humans
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Calcium carbonate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
## Methodology and Results

### Alumium silicate

**Genotoxicity in vitro**

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Paraformaldehyde

**Genotoxicity in vitro**

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Genotoxicity in vivo**

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment: Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.
Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulfosuccinate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: equivocal
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
May cause cancer.

Components:
amitraz (ISO):
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- NOAEL: > 10.18 mg/kg body weight
- Result: negative
- Species: Mouse
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- LOAEL: 2.3 mg/kg body weight
- Result: positive
- Target Organs: Liver, Stomach

Paraformaldehyde:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 105 weeks
- Result: negative
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Inhalation
- Exposure time: 28 Months
- Result: positive
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
amitraz (ISO):
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: > 4.8 mg/kg body weight  
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Effects on foetal development**  
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight  
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Effects on foetal development

**Calcium carbonate:**  

**Effects on fertility**  
: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development**  
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414  
Result: negative

**Aluminium silicate:**  

**Effects on foetal development**  
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate:**  

**Effects on fertility**  
: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development**  
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**STOT - single exposure**  
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Paraformaldehyde:
Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
amitraz (ISO):
Target Organs : Liver, Central nervous system
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
amitraz (ISO):
Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 3 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 Days
Target Organs : Liver

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 0.25 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 Days
Target Organs : Central nervous system, Liver

Calcium carbonate:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : > 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Aluminium silicate:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : >= 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Paraformaldehyde:
Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 15 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 105 Weeks
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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulfosuccinate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 750 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure
Components:
amitraz (ISO):
Ingestion: Target Organs: Central nervous system

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
Components:
amitraz (ISO):
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.45 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.035 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.04 mg/l
Exposure time: 91 h
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.00148 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0011 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10

Calcium carbonate:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
- **EL50** (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
- **NOELR** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 50 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

### Toxicity to microorganisms
- **NOEC**: 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Aluminium silicate:**

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
- **EC50** (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
- **EC50** (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Toxicity to microorganisms
- **EC50**: > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Paraformaldehyde:**

### Toxicity to fish
- **LC50**: > 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
- **EC50** (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
- **ErC50** (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)  : NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 28 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)  : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms  : EC50: > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulfosuccinate:
Toxicity to fish  : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 49 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates  : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants  : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 82.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)  : EC10 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms  : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 164 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Paraformaldehyde:
Biodegradability  : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulfosuccinate:
Biodegradability  : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 91.2 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

amitraz (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,333
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 5.5

Paraformaldehyde:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.40
Remarks: Calculation

Sodium bis(2-ethylhexyl)sulfosuccinate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.998
Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soil

Components:

amitraz (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.3

Hazardous to the ozone layer
Not applicable

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (amitraz (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
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Version 3.2  Revision Date: 2021/08/27  SDS Number: 1732052-00009  Date of last issue: 2020/10/02  Date of first issue: 2017/06/06

UN/ID No. : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (amitraz (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (amitraz (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations
Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law
Not applicable to dangerous materials / designated flammables.

Chemical Substance Control Law
Priority Assessment Chemical Substance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium 1,4-bis[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-1,4-dioxobutane-2-sulfonate</td>
<td>213</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture
Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture
Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health
Not applicable
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Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>poly(oxymethylene)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formaldehyde</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning

Not applicable

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)

Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Deleterious substance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Cabinet Order Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preparations containing formaldehyde</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof

Class I Designated Chemical Substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Concentration (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3-methyl-1,5-di(2,4-xylyl)-1,3,5-triazapenta-1,4-diene</td>
<td>432</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

High Pressure Gas Safety Act

Not applicable

Explosive Control Law

Not applicable

Vessel Safety Law

Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)
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Date of last issue: 2020/10/02
Date of first issue: 2017/06/06

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Date format: yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
JP OEL ISHL: Japan. Administrative Control Levels
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit
JP OEL ISHL / ACL: Administrative Control level
JP OEL JSOH / OEL-M: Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean
JP OEL JSOH / OEL-C: Occupational Exposure Limit-Ceiling

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA
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- International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

JP / EN