SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation
Other means of identification: No data available

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Respiratory sensitization: Sub-category 1A

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common Name/Synonym</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amoxicillin Trihydrate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>61336-70-7</td>
<td>17.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum tristearate</td>
<td>Octadecanoic acid, aluminum salt (3:1)</td>
<td>637-12-7</td>
<td>2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>Benzenemethanol</td>
<td>100-51-6</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap as a precaution. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome). May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing : None known.
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Specific hazards during fire fighting:
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety...
practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSOINAL PROTECTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients with workplace control parameters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Components</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amoxicillin Trihydrate</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aluminum tristearate</td>
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Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection:** If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

*Filter type:* Combined particulates and organic vapor type

**Hand protection Material:** Chemical-resistant gloves

**Eye protection:** Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection:** Work uniform or laboratory coat.

**Hygiene measures:** If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Appearance:** Aqueous solution

**Color:** white, cream

**Odor:** No data available

**Odor Threshold:** No data available

**pH:** No data available

**Melting point/freezing point:** No data available

**Initial boiling point and boiling range:** No data available

**Flash point:** No data available

**Evaporation rate:** No data available

**Flammability (solid, gas):** Not applicable

**Flammability (liquids):** No data available

**Upper explosion limit / Upper:** No data available
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**SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

- **Reactivity**: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
- **Chemical stability**: Stable under normal conditions.
- **Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
- **Conditions to avoid**: None known.
- **Incompatible materials**: Oxidizing agents
- **Hazardous decomposition products**: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

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**SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

- **Information on likely routes of exposure**
  - Inhalation
  - Skin contact
  - Ingestion
  - Eye contact
Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 8,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 10,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dog): > 3,000 mg/kg

Aluminum tristearate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.15 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,620 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Aluminum tristearate:
Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method : OECD Test Guideline 439
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Result : No skin irritation
Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Aluminum tristearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Result: Sensitizer
Remarks: May cause sensitization by inhalation. largely based on human evidence

Aluminum tristearate:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
                      Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
                      Species: Mouse
                      Result: negative

                      Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
                      Species: Mouse
                      Result: negative

Aluminum tristearate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
                      Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
                      Result: negative
                      Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

                      Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
                      Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
                      Result: negative
                      Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
                      Species: Rat
                      Application Route: Ingestion
                      Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
                      Result: negative
                      Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
                      Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
                      Species: Mouse
                      Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
                      Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Effects on fertility:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
Result: Reduced fertility
Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight
Result: Reduced fertility
Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Effects on fetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: >= 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Result: No embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
Result: Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.
Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
Result: Reduced embryonic survival, Reduced offspring weight gain.
Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Aluminum tristearate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
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Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Effects on fertility:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 Months
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Dog
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 Months
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Aluminum tristearate:
Species: Rat
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

**Amoxicillin Trihydrate:**
- Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Carassius auratus (goldfish)): 0.035 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEC (green algae): 530 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h  
  EC50 (Synechococcus leopodiensis (blue-green algae)): 0.0022 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h  
  NOEC (blue-green algae): 0.0057 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h

**Aluminum tristearate:**

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**
- Acute aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
- Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
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Benzyl alcohol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Benzyl alcohol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 92 - 96 % Exposure time: 14 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Bioaccumulation: Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.124 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Benzyl alcohol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.05
Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Amoxicillin Trihydrate)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Amoxicillin Trihydrate)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Amoxicillin Trihydrate)
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Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Amoxicillin Trihydrate)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
ERG Code: 171
Marine pollutant: yes (Amoxicillin Trihydrate)

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA BC OEL: Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL: Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA: 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA: 8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV: Time-weighted average exposure value
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formula-
tion

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety
Data Sheet: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD
eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

Revision Date: 04/04/2023
Date format: mm/dd/yyyy

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8