SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Amoxicillin Trihydrate Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company : MSD
Address : Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma
          Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Respiratory sensitization : Category 1
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements : H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.
Response:
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and
keep comfortable for breathing.
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a
POISON CENTER/doctor.
P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste
disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coconut Oil</td>
<td>Chemical name: Coconut Oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amoxicillin Trihydrate</td>
<td>Chemical name: Amoxicillin Trihydrate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts</td>
<td>Chemical name: Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: Wash with water and soap as a precaution.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

None known.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Carbon oxides
Metal oxides
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitized individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coconut Oil</td>
<td>8001-31-8</td>
<td>CMP (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amoxicillin Trihydrate</td>
<td>61336-70-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts</td>
<td>97404-28-9</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Aluminum)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
- Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
  - Filter type: Particulates type
  - Hand protection: Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
  - Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection:
- Wear the following personal protective equipment: Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:
- Skin should be washed after contact.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the
working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : suspension
Color : white
Odor : strong
Odor Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 0,99 - 1,10 g/l
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET
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Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight: No data available

Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Coconut Oil:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Guinea pig): > 3.000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 8.000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 10.000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dog): > 3.000 mg/kg

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.15 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Coconut Oil:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

**Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:**
Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method : OECD Test Guideline 431
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method : OECD Test Guideline 439
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Coconut Oil:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

**Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Components:**

**Coconut Oil:**
Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Result : negative

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Result : Sensitizer
Remarks : May cause sensitization by inhalation. largely based on human evidence

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Coconut Oil:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Fertility
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Fertility: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Reduced fertility
  - Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.
- Test Type: Fertility
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Fertility: LOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Reduced fertility
  - Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: >= 1.000 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No embryo-fetal toxicity.
- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.
  - Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.
- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Reduced embryonic survival, Reduced offspring weight gain.
  - Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 Months
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Dog
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 Months
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 42 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Abdominal pain, Diarrhea, flatulence, skin rash, Breathing difficulties
Remarks: May produce an allergic reaction.
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Carassius auratus (goldfish)): 0.035 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- NOEC (green algae): 530 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
- EC50 (Synechococcus leopoliensis (blue-green algae)): 0.0022 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- NOEC (blue-green algae): 0.0057 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Biodegradability:
- Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 88 %
- Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Biodegradability:
- Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 81.2 %
- Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Bioaccumulation:
- Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:
- log Pow: -0.124
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 107
Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 7
Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Amoxicillin Trihydrate)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Amoxicillin Trihydrate)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
Amoxicillin Trihydrate Liquid Formulation

N.O.S. (Amoxicillin Trihydrate)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents : Not applicable
Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs. : Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
AR OEL : Argentina. Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
AR OEL / CMP : TLV (Threshold Limit Value)

AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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