SAFETY DATA SHEET

Atropine Sulfate Formulation

Section 1: Identification

Product name : Atropine Sulfate Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company : MSD
Address : 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908
          Upper Hutt - New Zealand
Telephone : +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : +1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification
Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements
Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>100-51-6</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atropine Sulfate</td>
<td>5908-99-6</td>
<td>&lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed:
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
None known.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
Carbon oxides
Metal oxides
Chlorine compounds

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for:
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
containment and cleaning up

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

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**Section 7: Handling and storage**

**Technical measures**: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Local/Total ventilation**: Use only with adequate ventilation.

**Advice on safe handling**:
- Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

**Hygiene measures**:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**Conditions for safe storage**:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

**Materials to avoid**:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

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**Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Components with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Atropine Sulfate</td>
<td>5908-99-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Further information**:
- **Eye**: Wipe limit: 20 µg/100 cm²

**Engineering measures**:
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility
design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.
If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

**Personal protective equipment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Respiratory protection</th>
<th>: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Filter type</td>
<td>: Combined particulates and organic vapour type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand protection</td>
<td>: Chemical-resistant gloves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material</td>
<td>: Consider double gloving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye protection</td>
<td>: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin and body protection</td>
<td>: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 9: Physical and chemical properties**

| Appearance | : liquid |
| Colour     | : Translucent-colorless to pale yellow |
| Odour      | : No data available |
| Odour Threshold | : No data available |
| pH         | : 3.0 - 6.5 |
| Melting point/freezing point | : No data available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : No data available |
| Flash point | : No data available |
| Evaporation rate | : No data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not applicable |
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 0.900 - 1.100 g/cm3
Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Exposure routes : Inhalation
   Skin contact
   Ingestion
   Eye contact
Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

- **Acute oral toxicity:** Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Method: Calculation method

- **Acute inhalation toxicity:** Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

- **Benzyl alcohol:**
  - **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): 1,620 mg/kg
  - **Acute inhalation toxicity:** LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 4 h
    - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

- **Atropine Sulfate:**
  - **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): 500 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 75 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Rabbit): 600 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Guinea pig): 1,100 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

- **Benzyl alcohol:**
  - **Species:** Rabbit
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 404
  - **Result:** No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

- **Benzyl alcohol:**
  - **Species:** Rabbit
  - **Result:** Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 405
Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- **Test Type:** Maximisation Test
- **Exposure routes:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Guinea pig
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 406
- **Result:** negative

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro:** Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- **Genotoxicity in vivo:** Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative

**Atropine Sulfate:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro:** Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- **Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:** Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 103 weeks
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 451
- **Result:** negative
Atropine Sulfate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Exposure time: 28 month(s)
NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg bw/day
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Benzy1 alcohol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Atropine Sulfate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Ingestion
General Toxicity - Parent: LOAEL: 62.5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Reduced fertility

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
General Toxicity - Parent: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effect on estrous cycle

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Result: Abnormalities of the musculoskeletal system

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Atropine Sulfate:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Atropine Sulfate:

Exposure routes: Inhalation
Target Organs: Eye, Central nervous system
Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 50 ppmV/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Benzyl alcohol:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1.072 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 28 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Atropine Sulfate:

Species: Rabbit
LOAEL: 59 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Exposure time: 100 d
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Convulsions, respiratory depression

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Eye
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Eye
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Experience with human exposure

Components:

**Atropine Sulfate:**
- General Information: Target Organs: Central nervous system
  - Symptoms: dry mouth, Blurred vision, tachycardia, constipation, central nervous system effects, restlessness, Fatigue, delirium, mental depression

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Atropine Sulfate:**
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 356 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 92 - 96 %
  - Exposure time: 14 d
Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Benzyl alcohol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.05

Atropine Sulfate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.83

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

NZS 5433
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
Not applicable
HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inventory</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DSL</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AICS</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IECSC</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 16: Other Information

Further information

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Tem-
temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

NZ / EN