1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate Solid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: JL Raya Pandaan KM. 48
Pandaan, Jawa Timur - Indonesia
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2B
Respiratory sensitisation: Category 1
Skin sensitisation: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Kidney, inner ear)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate Solid Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>2020/06/25</td>
<td>2444724-00014</td>
<td>2020/06/09</td>
<td>2018/02/13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Signal word**

Danger

**Hazard statements**

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H320 Causes eye irritation.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Kidney, inner ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention:**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

**Response:**

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**

P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate Solid Formulation

Version 4.7  Revision Date: 2020/06/25
SDS Number: 2444724-00014  Date of last issue: 2020/06/09
Date of first issue: 2018/02/13

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benzylpenicillin</td>
<td>61-33-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streptomycin sulphate</td>
<td>3810-74-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes eye irritation.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May damage the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment.
5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: 
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: 
- None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: 
- Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: 
- Carbon oxides
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: 
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: 
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: 
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: 
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: 
- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
- Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
- Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benzylpenicillin</td>
<td>61-33-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2000 µg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: RSEN, DSEN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streptomycin sulphate</td>
<td>3810-74-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>OEB 2 (&gt;= 100 &lt; 1,000 µg/m³)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: DSEN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures : Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
  Filter type: Particulates type
Hand protection Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Skin and body protection
Hygiene measures: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
  If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
  When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
  Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
  The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: powder
Colour: white
Odour: odourless
Odour Threshold: No data available
pH: 6.0 - 7.5 (aqueous suspension)
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: No data available
Evaporation rate: Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas): May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids): Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper: No data available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate Solid Formulation

Version: 4.7
Revision Date: 2020/06/25
SDS Number: 2444724-00014
Date of last issue: 2020/06/09
Date of first issue: 2018/02/13

Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1,030 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 8,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Mouse): 329 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Streptomycin sulphate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Hamster): 400 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 430 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 25,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Mouse): 85 - 111 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 575 - 610 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Mouse): 500 - 600 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
TDLo (Dog): 220 - 440 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
Symptoms: Lowered blood pressure
LDLo (Monkey): 110 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
TDLo (Monkey): 30 - 70 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Symptoms: respiratory depression

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes eye irritation.

Components:

Streptomycin sulphate:
Result: Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Mouse
Result: Weak sensitizer

Maximisation Test
Dermal
Guinea pig
positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Remarks: Strong sensitizer
Based on human experience.

Streptomycin sulphate:
Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Humans
Result: Weak sensitizer

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Streptomycin sulphate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: equivocal
Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Cell type: Human lymphocytes
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Streptomycin sulphate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity - Assessment:
  Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity:
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:*
Effects on fertility:
  Test Type: Fertility
  Species: Mouse
  Result: No effects on fertility

  Test Type: Fertility
  Species: Rat
  Result: No effects on fertility

  Test Type: Fertility
  Species: Rabbit
  Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development:
  Test Type: Development
  Species: Mouse
  Result: No effects on foetal development

  Test Type: Development
  Species: Rat
  Result: No effects on foetal development

  Test Type: Development
  Species: Rabbit
  Result: No effects on foetal development

Streptomycin sulphate:
Effects on fertility:
  Test Type: Fertility
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate Solid Formulation

Fertility: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: male reproductive effects

Effects on foetal development:

Test Type: Development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: fetal deafness, Embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
May damage the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Kidney, inner ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Streptomycin sulphate:
Target Organs: Kidney, inner ear
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Streptomycin sulphate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Exposure time: 72 Days
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Cat
LOAEL: 200 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 Days
Target Organs: inner ear

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 44 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
Exposure time: 14 Days
Target Organs: inner ear
Species: Dog
LOAEL: 50 - 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
Exposure time: 20 Days
Target Organs: inner ear, Kidney
Symptoms: ataxia

Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
Exposure time: 5 Days
Target Organs: Liver, Kidney

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 yr
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Monkey
LOAEL: 25 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Exposure time: 66 Days
Target Organs: Blood, Liver, Kidney
Symptoms: anemia

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Inhalation: Symptoms: Allergic reactions, Abdominal pain, bronchospasm, skin rash

Streptomycin sulphate:
Inhalation: Target Organs: inner ear
Symptoms: hearing loss
Target Organs: Kidney
Symptoms: hearing loss

Skin contact: Symptoms: skin rash

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 hrs
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 50 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC50 (blue-green algae): 0.74 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (blue-green algae): 0.14 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):

1

Toxicity to microorganisms:

EC50: > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Streptomycin sulphate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 487 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0.007 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: ISO 8692
EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.133 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 32 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 70.10 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.83

Streptomycin sulphate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -3.2

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations
### UNRTDG

- **UN number:** UN 3077
- **Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.  
  (Streptomycin sulphate, Benzylpenicillin)
- **Class:** 9
- **Packing group:** III
- **Labels:** 9

### IATA-DGR

- **UN/ID No.:** UN 3077
- **Proper shipping name:** Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.  
  (Streptomycin sulphate, Benzylpenicillin)
- **Class:** 9
- **Packing group:** III
- **Labels:** Miscellaneous, 956
- **Packing instruction (cargo aircraft):** 956
- **Packing instruction (passenger aircraft):** 956
- **Environmentally hazardous:** yes

### IMDG-Code

- **UN number:** UN 3077
- **Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.  
  (Streptomycin sulphate, Benzylpenicillin)
- **Class:** 9
- **Subsidiary risk:** ENVIRONM.
- **Packing group:** III
- **Labels:** 9 (ENVIRONM.)
- **EmS Code:** F-A, S-F
- **Marine pollutant:** yes

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.
- Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate Solid
Formulation

Hazardous substances that must be registered
: Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances
Hazardous substances approved for use
: Not applicable
Prohibited substances
: Not applicable
Restricted substances
: Not applicable

Regulation of the Minister of Trade No. 44 of 2009 on Procurement, Distribution and Supervision of Hazardous Materials
Type of Hazardous Materials Restricted to Import, Distribution and Supervision
: Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS
: not determined
DSL
: not determined
IECSC
: not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet
Date format
: yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

ID / EN