SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate / Procaine Hydrochloride / Piroxicam Liquid Formulation

Version 4.10  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 2449591-00016  Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 13.02.2018

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Trade name : Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate / Procaine Hydrochloride / Piroxicam Liquid Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Company : MSD
20 Spartan Road
1619 Spartan, South Africa

Telephone : +27119239300
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
+1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

 Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
Eye irritation, Category 2  H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1  H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1  H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A  H360D: May damage the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 2  H371: May cause damage to organs.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1  H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1  H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1  H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H360D May damage the unborn child.
- H371 May cause damage to organs.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:
- Prevention:
  - P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
  - P273 Avoid release to the environment.
  - P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
- Benzylpenicillin
- Streptomycin sulphate
- Procaine hydrochloride

Additional Labelling:
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 3%

2.3 Other hazards
This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-
vice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>Water spray</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alcohol-resistant foam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Carbon dioxide (CO2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dry chemical</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Unsuitable extinguishing media                | None known.                    |

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

| Specific hazards during firefighting          | Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. |
| Hazardous combustion products                | Carbon oxides                   |
|                                               | Nitrogen oxides (NOx)           |
|                                               | Sulphur oxides                   |
|                                               | Oxides of phosphorus            |
|                                               | Metal oxides                    |

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

| Special protective equipment for firefighters | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. |
| Use personal protective equipment.            |

| Specific extinguishing methods                | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. |
|                                               | Use water spray to cool unopened containers. |
|                                               | Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. |
|                                               | Evacuate area.                    |

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions | Use personal protective equipment. |
|                      | Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8). |

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

| Environmental precautions | Avoid release to the environment. |
|                          | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. |
|                          | Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). |
|                          | Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. |
|                          | Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:  
Soak up with inert absorbent material.  
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate contain-  
ment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can  
be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.  
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-  
bent.  
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis-  
posal of this material, as well as those materials and items  
employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-  
mine which regulations are applicable.  
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding  
certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures:  
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE  
CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:  
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust  
ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:  
Do not get on skin or clothing.  
Do not breathe mist or vapours.  
Do not swallow.  
Do not get in eyes.  
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety  
practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-  
essment  
Keep container tightly closed.  
Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician  
regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the  
environment.

Hygiene measures:  
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye  
flushing systems and safety showers close to the working  
place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated  
work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.  
The effective operation of a facility should include review of  
engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment,  
appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures,  
industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the  
use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage:  
Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep
areas and containers: tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Explosives
- Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s): No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benzylicillin</td>
<td>61-33-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2000 µg/m3 (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Further information: RSEN, DSEN</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streptomycin sulphate</td>
<td>3810-74-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>OEB 2 (&gt;= 100 &lt; 1,000 µg/m³)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: DSEN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procaine hydrochloride</td>
<td>51-05-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>60 µg/m3 (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>600 µg/100 cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piroxicam</td>
<td>36322-90-4</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>14.82 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>6.35 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>70 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dipotassium dihydrogenorthophosphate</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>19.1 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>8.17 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>70 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment
Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Hand protection
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type: Particulates type (P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
Appearance: liquid
Colour: No data available
Odour: No data available
Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapour pressure: No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Components:

Benzy1penicillin:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 8.000 mg/kg
  LD50 (Mouse): > 5.000 mg/kg

Streptomycin sulphate:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Hamster): 400 mg/kg
  LD50 (Rat): 430 mg/kg
  LD50 (Mouse): 25.000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
- LD50 (Mouse): 85 - 111 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
- LD50 (Mouse): 575 - 610 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
- LD50 (Mouse): 500 - 600 mg/kg
  Application Route: Subcutaneous

Symptoms: Lowered blood pressure
- TDL0 (Dog): 220 - 440 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
- LDLo (Monkey): 110 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
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TDLo (Monkey): 30 - 70 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Symptoms: respiratory depression

**Procaine hydrochloride:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 200 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 350 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 43 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 33 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Dog): 33 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

**Piroxicam:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 216 mg/kg
LD50 (Dog): 108 mg/kg
LD50 (Hamster): 170 mg/kg
LD50 (Guinea pig): 388 mg/kg
LD50 (Monkey): 1.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:**

**Streptomycin sulphate:**
Result : Mild eye irritation

**Procaine hydrochloride:**
Result : Moderate eye irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Mouse
Result: Weak sensitizer

Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Result: Strong sensitizer
Remarks: Based on human experience.

Streptomycin sulphate:
Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Humans
Result: Weak sensitizer

Procaine hydrochloride:
Exposure routes: Dermal
Result: Sensitiser
Remarks: Based on human experience.
          Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Streptomycin sulphate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: equivocal
## Genotoxicity in vivo

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Cell type</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chromosomal aberration</td>
<td>Human lymphocytes</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Procaine hydrochloride

### Genotoxicity in vitro

- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: equivocal

## Piroxicam

### Genotoxicity in vivo

- Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  - Species: Humans
  - Cell type: Human lymphocytes
  - Result: negative

## Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Streptomycin sulphate

- **Species**: Rat
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **NOAEL**: 5 mg/kg body weight
- **Result**: negative

**Carcinogenicity - Assessment**: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

## Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

### Components:

#### Benzylpenicillin

**Effects on fertility**

- Test Type: Fertility
  - Species: Mouse
  - Result: No effects on fertility

- Test Type: Fertility
  - Species: Rat
  - Result: No effects on fertility

- Test Type: Fertility
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: No effects on fertility

**Effects on foetal development**

- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Mouse
  - Result: No effects on foetal development
Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Result: No effects on foetal development

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rabbit  
Result: No effects on foetal development

**Streptomycin sulphate:**

Effects on fertility  
: Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal  
Fertility: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: male reproductive effects

Effects on foetal development  
: Test Type: Development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: fetal deafness, Embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment  
: May damage the unborn child.

**Procaine hydrochloride:**

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment  
: May damage the unborn child.

**Piroxicam:**

Effects on foetal development  
: Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects, Fetal growth retardation

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: foetal mortality  
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects, Fetal growth retardation  
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
## Species

- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 0.4 - 4 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** Effects on foetal development

## Test Type

- **Test Type:** Development
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Developmental Toxicity:** NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** No embryo-foetal toxicity

## Reproductive Toxicity - Assessment

- **Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:** Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

## STOT - Single Exposure

- **STOT - Single Exposure:** May cause damage to organs.

### Components:

#### Procaine hydrochloride:

- **Target Organs**
  - Nervous system, Heart
- **Assessment**
  - Causes damage to organs.

#### STOT - Repeated Exposure

- **STOT - Repeated Exposure:** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Components:

#### Streptomycin sulphate:

- **Target Organs**
  - Kidney, inner ear
- **Assessment**
  - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Piroxicam:

- **Target Organs**
  - Gastrointestinal tract
- **Assessment**
  - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Repeated Dose Toxicity

### Components:

#### Streptomycin sulphate:

- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 100 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Subcutaneous
- **Exposure time:** 72 Days
- **Remarks:** No significant adverse effects were reported

- **Species:** Cat
- **LOAEL:** 200 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Oral
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>90 Days</td>
<td>inner ear</td>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>44 mg/kg</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
<td>14 Days</td>
<td>inner ear</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 Days</td>
<td>inner ear</td>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>50 - 100 mg/kg</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
<td>20 Days</td>
<td>inner ear, Kidney</td>
<td>ataxia</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>5 Days</td>
<td>Liver, Kidney</td>
<td>Monkey</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
<td>2 yr</td>
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<td>Rat</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Benzylpenicillin:**

Inhalation: Symptoms: Allergic reactions, Abdominal pain, bronchospasm, skin rash

**Streptomycin sulphate:**

Inhalation: Target Organs: inner ear

Symptoms: hearing loss

Target Organs: Kidney

Symptoms: hearing loss
Skin contact: Symptoms: skin rash

Procaine hydrochloride:
Inhalation: Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: nervousness, Dizziness, Convulsions, Breathing difficulties, Rash, Swelling of tissue, irregular heart beat
Remarks: May cause harm to the unborn child.
Based on clinical use
Target Organs: Heart
Symptoms: nervousness, Dizziness, Convulsions, Breathing difficulties, Rash, Swelling of tissue, irregular heart beat
Remarks: May cause harm to the unborn child.
Based on clinical use

Piroxicam:
Ingestion: Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
Symptoms: Diarrhoea, constipation, flatulence, Headache, Dizziness, tinnitus, skin rash, Ulceration, chest pain, Abdominal pain

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 50 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC50 (blue-green algae): 0.74 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (blue-green algae): 0,14 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Streptomycin sulphate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 487 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0,007 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: ISO 8692
EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0,133 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100

Procaine hydrochloride:

Ecotoxicology Assessment
Acute aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
Piroxicam:

Ecotoxicology Assessment
Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded
Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 70,10 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1,83

Streptomycin sulphate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -3,2

Procaine hydrochloride:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2,14

12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:
Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:
Endocrine disrupting potential : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

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<tr>
<td>ADN</td>
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14.2 UN proper shipping name

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<tr>
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<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Benzylpenicillin, Streptomycin sulphate)</td>
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<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Benzylpenicillin, Streptomycin sulphate)</td>
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<td>RID</td>
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<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Benzylpenicillin, Streptomycin sulphate)</td>
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14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

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<td>RID</td>
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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate / Procaine Hydrochloride / Piroxicam Liquid Formulation

Version: 4.10
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 2449591-00016
Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 13.02.2018

IMDG: 9
IATA: 9

14.4 Packing group

ADN
Packing group: III
Classification Code: M6
Hazard Identification Number: 90
Labels: 9

ADR
Packing group: III
Classification Code: M6
Hazard Identification Number: 90
Labels: 9
Tunnel restriction code: (-)

RID
Packing group: III
Classification Code: M6
Hazard Identification Number: 90
Labels: 9

IMDG
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (LQ): Y964
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (LQ): Y964
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous: yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous: yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant: yes
IATA (Passenger)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Stanements

H301 : Toxic if swallowed.
H302 : Harmful if swallowed.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H360D : May damage the unborn child.
H361 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H370 : Causes damage to organs.
H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate / Procaine Hydrochloride / Piroxicam Liquid Formulation

Version 4.10    Revision Date: 27.08.2021    SDS Number: 2449591-00016    Date of last issue: 09.04.2021

Date of first issue: 13.02.2018

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:  

Eye Irrit. 2  H319  

Classification procedure:  

Calculation method

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate / Procaine Hydrochloride / Piroxicam Liquid Formulation

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</table>

- **Resp. Sens. 1**: H334 Calculation method
- **Skin Sens. 1**: H317 Calculation method
- **Repr. 1A**: H360D Calculation method
- **STOT SE 2**: H371 Calculation method
- **STOT RE 1**: H372 Calculation method
- **Aquatic Acute 1**: H400 Calculation method
- **Aquatic Chronic 1**: H410 Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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