SAFETY DATA SHEET

Buparvaquone Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Buparvaquone Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin irritation : Category 2
Eye irritation : Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H360D May damage the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P332 + P313 IF skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Component | Chemical name | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w)
--- | --- | --- | ---
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | >= 50 - < 70
Coconut Oil | 8001-31-8 | >= 30 - < 50
Buparvaquone | 88426-33-9 | >= 5 - < 10

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
If swallowed:
- DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- Causes skin irritation.
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- May damage the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders:
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading.
- If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable
absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and
disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items
employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to
determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding
certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE
CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust
ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure
assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitized individuals, and those
susceptible
to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease,
should consult their physician regarding working with
respiratory irritants or sensitizers.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the
environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 ppm 60 mg/m³</td>
<td>US WEEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30 ppm 120 mg/m³</td>
<td>US WEEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Coconut Oil           | 8001-31-8| TWA (mist)                    | 10 mg/m³                                     | NIOSH REL

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Buparvaquone Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological occupational exposure limits

Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

- **Appearance**: liquid
- **Color**: clear, red
- **Odor**: No data available
- **Odor Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: No data available
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: No data available
- **Evaporation rate**: No data available
- **flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable
- **flammability (liquids)**: No data available
- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: No data available
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: No data available
- **Vapor pressure**: No data available
- **Relative vapor density**: No data available
- **Relative density**: 1 (68 °F / 20 °C)
- **Density**: No data available
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
  : Not applicable

Autoignition temperature
  : No data available

Decomposition temperature
  : No data available

Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties
  : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties
  : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size
  : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
  : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability
  : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
  : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid
  : None known.

Incompatible materials
  : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products
  : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Components:
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,150 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Coconut Oil:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Guinea pig): > 3,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Buparvaquone:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 8,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 50 mg/kg
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50: 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Result : Skin irritation

Coconut Oil:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Buparvaquone:
Species : Mouse
Result : Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Coconut Oil:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Buparvaquone:
Result : Mild eye irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Local lymph node assay (LLNA)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Routes of exposure</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Coconut Oil:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Maximization Test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Routes of exposure</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

**Genotoxicity in vitro**
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: negative

**Genotoxicity in vivo**
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Hamster
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
  Result: negative
Coconut Oil:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Species : Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result : negative

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: positive

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: positive  

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment  
Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.  

STOT-single exposure  
May cause respiratory irritation.  

Components:  

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:  
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.  

STOT-repeated exposure  
Not classified based on available information.  

Repeated dose toxicity  

Components:  

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:  
Species: Rat, male  
NOAEL: 169 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 433 mg/kg  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 90 Days  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408  

Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 0.5 mg/l  
LOAEL: 1 mg/l  
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time: 96 Days  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 413  

Species: Rabbit  
NOAEL: 826 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 1,653 mg/kg  
Application Route: Skin contact  
Exposure time: 20 Days  

Buparvaquone:  
Species: Cat  
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intramuscular  
Exposure time: 5 d  
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported  

NOAEL: 5 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intravenous  
Exposure time: 4 d  
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Buparvaquone Formulation

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 d
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Method: DIN 38412
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 600.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 92.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 600 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: ISO 8192

Buparvaquone:
Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): 0.484 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.013 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 73 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.46 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

**Buparvaquone:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 6.5

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods**

Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**

UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Buparvaquone)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

**IATA-DGR**

UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Buparvaquone)
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Buparvaquone Formulation

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<thead>
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<th>Class</th>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>: Miscellaneous</td>
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<tr>
<td>Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)</td>
<td>: 964</td>
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<td>Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)</td>
<td>: 964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmentally hazardous</td>
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**IMDG-Code**
- UN number : UN 3082
- Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Buparvaquone)

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<tr>
<td>EmS Code</td>
<td>: F-A, S-F</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant</td>
<td>: yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation**

**49 CFR**
- UN/ID/NA number : UN 3082
- Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Buparvaquone)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
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<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
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<td>Labels</td>
<td>: CLASS 9</td>
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<tr>
<td>ERG Code</td>
<td>: 171</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant</td>
<td>: yes(Buparvaquone)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>: Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters. Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Special precautions for user**
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

**SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

**SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.
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Buparvaquone Formulation

Version: 5.7  
Revision Date: 04/04/2023  
SDS Number: 2091175-00013  
Date of last issue: 10/01/2022  
Date of first issue: 10/17/2017

SARA 311/312 Hazards:  
- Reproductive toxicity  
- Skin corrosion or irritation  
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
- Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313:  
The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

- N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4  
  >= 50 - < 70 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4  
- Coconut Oil 8001-31-8  
- Sorbitan monooleate 1338-43-8  
- Buparvaquone 88426-33-9

California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
- N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4  
- Coconut Oil 8001-31-8

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
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NFPA 704:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk Group</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Instability</th>
<th>Special Hazard</th>
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HMIS® IV:

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<tr>
<td>FLAMMABILITY</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYSICAL HAZARD</td>
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</table>

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "," represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

- ACGIH BEI: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
- NIOSH REL: USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
- US WEEL: USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
- NIOSH REL / TWA: Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
- US WEEL / TWA: 8-hr TWA
- US WEEL / STEL: Short-Term TWA

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogenic, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act;
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Buparvaquone Formulation

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REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative


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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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