1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Cephapirin / Prednisolone Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
          Wagholi - Pune - India  412 207
Telephone: +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: +1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989
Classification
Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification
Respiratory sensitisation: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: [Image]

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Precautionary statements: Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.
Response:
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P342 + P316 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Get emergency medical help immediately.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Glyceryl monostearate</td>
<td>123-94-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zeolites</td>
<td>1318-02-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cefapirin</td>
<td>21593-23-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prednisolone</td>
<td>50-24-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.25 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions:

- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures

- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation

- Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling

- Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labelled containers.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Glyceryl monostearate</td>
<td>123-94-4</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zeolites</td>
<td>1318-02-1</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cefapirin</td>
<td>21593-23-7</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Aluminium)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prednisolone</td>
<td>50-24-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: RSEN

Engineering measures:
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection:
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-
sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**
- Combined particulates and organic vapour type

**Hand protection**
- Chemical-resistant gloves

**Material**
- Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**
- Consider double gloving.
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Eye protection**
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**
- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hygiene measures**
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- **Appearance**: liquid
- **Colour**: No data available
- **Odour**: No data available
- **Odour Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: No data available
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: No data available
- **Evaporation rate**: No data available
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable
- **Flammability (liquids)**: No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Revision Date: 25.08.2020
SDS Number: 766828-00010
Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 16.06.2016

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapour pressure: No data available
Relative vapour density: No data available
Density: No data available
Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
Explosive properties: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight: No data available
Particle size: No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
   Inhalation
   Skin contact
   Ingestion
   Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 3.35 mg/l
   Exposure time: 4 h
   Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Cefapirin:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 26,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
   LD50 (Mouse): > 7,600 mg/kg
   Application Route: Intraperitoneal
   LD50 (Rat): 7,800 mg/kg
   Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Prednisolone:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 1,680 mg/kg
   LD50 (Rat): > 3,857 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
   LD50 (Rat): 147 mg/kg
   Application Route: Subcutaneous
   LD50 (Mouse): 767 mg/kg
   Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
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Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Prednisolone:
Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Glyceryl monostearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result: No eye irritation

Prednisolone:
Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:
Glyceryl monostearate:
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
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Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Cephapirin:
Assessment: Probability or evidence of high respiratory sensitisation rate in humans

Remarks: No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Method: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Cephapirin:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Result: negative

**prednisolone:**
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  - Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  - Species: Humans
  - Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Zeolites:**
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 104 weeks
- Result: negative

**prednisolone:**
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 18 Months
- Result: negative

**Reproductive toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Glyceryl monostearate:**
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: > 200 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: > 500 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Cefapirin:
Effects on fertility:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Fertility: LOAEL: > 500 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: > 200 mg/kg body weight

Prednisolone:
Effects on fertility:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Fertility: NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.; Cleft palate

Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Result: decreased blood formation

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on foetal development

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure:
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Zeolites:
Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Prednisolone:
Target Organs: Bone marrow, Adrenal gland, Liver
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 12.500 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 84 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 250 - 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Species: Monkey
LOAEL: 0.001 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 24 Months

Cefapirin:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: >= 200 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Target Organs: Blood
Remarks: anemia
Species: Dog
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**LOAEL:**
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Exposure time:** 4 Months
- **Target Organs:** Gastrointestinal tract

**Species:** Dog

**LOAEL:** 20 mg/kg

**Application Route:** Oral

**Exposure time:** 4 Months

**Target Organs:** Gastrointestinal tract

**Remarks:**
- Prednisolone

**Species:** Rat

**LOAEL:** 0.6 mg/kg

**Application Route:** Oral

**Exposure time:** 63 Days

**Target Organs:** Bone marrow

**Species:** Dog

**LOAEL:** 2.5 mg/kg

**Application Route:** Oral

**Exposure time:** 6 Weeks

**Target Organs:** Adrenal gland

**Species:** Rabbit

**LOAEL:** 1 mg/kg

**Application Route:** Oral

**Exposure time:** 24 Weeks

**Target Organs:** Liver

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Cefapirin:**
- **Ingestion:** Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, vaginitis, colitis, anorexia, Rash, anaphylaxis

**Prednisolone:**
- **Ingestion:** Symptoms: sodium retention, Headache, Vertigo, fluid retention, subcutaneous bleeding, striae, skin atrophy, menstrual irregularities

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Glyceryl monostearate:**
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 32 mg/l
Exposure time: 47 h
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 18 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOELR: > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d
Species: Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 204
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: > 0.22 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:

Toxicity to fish:
LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: ISO 6341

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
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Date of first issue: 16.06.2016

NOELR (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h
Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

NOELR: > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOELR: > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

prednisolone:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 85 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 160 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 160 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.23 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d
Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Biodegradability
Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: 6.1

Zeolites:
Bioaccumulation
Species: Oysters
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.34 - 1.44
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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: No data available

prednisolone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.46

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Not applicable for product as supplied.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined
16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:
- Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH / TWA:
- USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- 8-hour, time-weighted average

All abbreviations and their meanings:
- AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil
- ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials
- bw - Body weight
- DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation
- DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada)
- ECx - Concentration associated with x% response
- EmS - Emergency Schedule
- ERG - Emergency Response Guide
- GHS - Globally Harmonized System
- GLP - Good Laboratory Practice
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
- IATA - International Air Transport Association
- IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
- IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration
- ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization
- IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemicals in China
- IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO - International Maritime Organization
- ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law
- ISO - International Organisation for Standardization
- KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population
- LDL - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population
- MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
- n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified
- Nch - Chilean Norm
- NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration
- NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
- NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate
- NTP - National Toxicology Program
- NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
- OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
- PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
- PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship
- SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
- SDS - Safety Data Sheet
- TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods
- TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)
- UN - United Nations
- UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
- vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
- WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.