SAFETY DATA SHEET

Cephapirin / Prednisolone Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Cephapirin / Prednisolone Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Respiratory sensitization: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Cephapirin / Prednisolone Formulation

Version 2.4  Revision Date: 25.08.2020  SDS Number: 764058-00010  Date of last issue: 23.03.2020

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Glyceryl monostearate</td>
<td>123-94-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zeolites</td>
<td>1318-02-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cefapirin</td>
<td>21593-23-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prednisolone</td>
<td>50-24-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

None known.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Carbon oxides
Metal oxides
Silicon oxides

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitized individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients with workplace control parameters</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Glyceryl monostearate</td>
<td>123-94-4</td>
<td>VLE-PPT</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>123-94-4</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>123-94-4</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zeolites</td>
<td>1318-02-1</td>
<td>VLE-PPT (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Aluminum)</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1318-02-1</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Aluminum)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cefapirin</td>
<td>21593-23-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.4 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>prednisolone</td>
<td>50-24-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Engineering measures

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

## Personal protective equipment

### Respiratory protection

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type:** Combined particulates and organic vapor type

### Hand protection

**Material:** Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks:** Consider double gloving.

### Eye protection

**Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.**

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

### Skin and body protection

**Work uniform or laboratory coat.**

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

**SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 3.35 mg/l
   Exposure time: 4 h
   Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Cefapirin:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 26,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
   LD50 (Mouse): > 7,600 mg/kg
   Application Route: Intraperitoneal
   LD50 (Rat): 7,800 mg/kg
   Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Prednisolone:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 1,680 mg/kg
   LD50 (Rat): > 3,857 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 147 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous administration
LD50 (Mouse): 767 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

prednisolone:
Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

prednisolone:
Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

Cefapirin:
Assessment : Probability or evidence of high respiratory sensitization rate in humans

Prednisolone:
Remarks : No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: positive
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) 
Species: Mouse 
Application Route: Ingestion 
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 
Result: negative

Cefapirin: 
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) 
Result: negative

prednisolone: 
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) 
Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma 
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay 
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) 
Species: Rat 
Application Route: Oral 
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay 
Species: Humans 
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity 
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Zeolites: 
Species: Rat 
Application Route: Ingestion 
Exposure time: 104 weeks 
Result: negative

Species: Rat 
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume) 
Exposure time: 22 Months 
Result: negative
prednisolone:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zeolites:
Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Cefapirin:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Fertility: LOAEL: > 500 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: > 200 mg/kg body weight

prednisolone:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Fertility: NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility.
Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Malformations were observed, Cleft palate

- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: decreased blood formation

- Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No effects on fetal development.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**STOT-single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Zeolites:**
- Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

**prednisolone:**
- Target Organs: Bone marrow, Adrenal gland, Liver
- Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Glyceryl monostearate:**
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: >= 12,500 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 84 Days
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Zeolites:**
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 250 - 300 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days
Species : Monkey
LOAEL : 0.001 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 24 Months

Cefapirin:
Species : Rat
LOAEL : >= 200 mg/kg
Application Route : Intraperitoneal
Target Organs : Blood
Remarks : anemia

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 20 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 4 Months
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Intramuscular
Exposure time : 10 Months
Target Organs : Blood, Gastrointestinal tract
Remarks : anemia

Prednisolone:
Species : Rat
LOAEL : 0.6 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 63 Days
Target Organs : Bone marrow

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 6 Weeks
Target Organs : Adrenal gland

Species : Rabbit
LOAEL : 1 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 24 Weeks
Target Organs : Liver

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Cefapirin:
Ingestion:

**Cephapirin:**
Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Abdominal pain, Diarrhea, vaginitis, colitis, anorexia, Rash, anaphylaxis

**Prednisolone:**
Ingestion:
Symptoms: sodium retention, Headache, Vertigo, fluid retention, subcutaneous bleeding, striae, skin atrophy, menstrual irregularities

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

**Glyceryl monostearate:**

- **Toxicity to fish:**
  - LL50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**
  - EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 32 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 47 h
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility. Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:**
  - EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

  - NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):**
  - NOELR (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 14 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 204
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):**
  - NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.22 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility. Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to microorganisms:**
  - EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 18 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Zeolites:**
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: ISO 6341

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOELR (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h
Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

**prednisolone:**
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 85 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 160 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 160 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.23 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Glyceryl monostearate:**
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Cephapirin / Prednisolone Formulation

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Glyceryl monostearate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 6.1

Zeolites:
Bioaccumulation : Species: Oysters
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.34 - 1.44
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: No data available

prednisolone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.46

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NOM-002-SCT
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user
Not applicable
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills: Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NOM-010-STPS-2014 : Mexico. Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Control - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-PPT : Time weighted average limit value

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Tempera-

Revision Date: 25.08.2020

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8