SAFETY DATA SHEET

Cloxacillin (with Peanut Oil) Formulation

Version 1.3  Revision Date: 10.10.2020  SDS Number: 4267344-00004  Date of last issue: 13.09.2019  Date of first issue: 09.05.2019

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Cloxacillin (with Peanut Oil) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: 91-105 Harpin Street  
Bendigo 3550, Victoria Australia
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 1 800 033 461
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 1 800 817 414

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Respiratory sensitisation: Category 1
Skin sensitisation: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Precautionary statements:
Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P280 Wear protective gloves.  
P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P304 + P341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove vic-
tim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**
None known.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Peanut oil</td>
<td>8002-03-7</td>
<td></td>
<td>≥ 60 -&lt; 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cloxacillin</td>
<td>61-72-3</td>
<td></td>
<td>≥ 1 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:**
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:**
If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact:**
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact:**
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed:**
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

**Protection of first-aiders:**
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment.
SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Sulphur compounds

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapours. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peanut oil</td>
<td>8002-03-7</td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AU OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cloxacillin</td>
<td>61-72-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: RSEN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Laboratory operations do not require special containment.
Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type
Hand protection
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Appearance: suspension
Colour: light yellow
Odour: characteristic
Odour Threshold: No data available
pH: No data available
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: No data available
Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
Flammability (liquids): No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapour pressure: No data available
Relative vapour density: No data available
Relative density: No data available
Density: No data available
Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Inhalation
   Skin contact
   Ingestion
   Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Peanut oil:
   Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

   Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Cloxacillin:
   Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 5,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
- LD50 (Mouse): 1,117 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intramuscular
- LD50 (Mouse): 916 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
- LD50 (Mouse): 1,500 mg/kg
  Application Route: Subcutaneous
- LD50 (Rat): 1,660 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
- LD50 (Rat): 4,200 mg/kg
  Application Route: Subcutaneous

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Peanut oil:**
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Cloxacillin:**
- Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Peanut oil:**
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Cloxacillin:**
- Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Components:

Cloxacillin:

Exposure routes: Dermal
Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans
Result: positive

: Probability of respiratory sensitisation in humans based on animal testing
: positive

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Peanut oil:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Cloxacillin:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cloxacillin:
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cloxacillin:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Multi-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility, No effects on reproduction parameters
Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rabbit
- Application Route: Oral
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No malformations were observed.

Test Type: Development
- Species: Rabbit
- Application Route: Intramuscular
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No effects on foetal development

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cloxacillin:
- Species: Rat
- LOAEL: 7,000 mg/kg
- Application Route: Intravenous
- Exposure time: 4 Weeks
- Symptoms: Hypoglycemia

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Cloxacillin:
- Inhalation
  - Remarks: May cause sensitisation of susceptible persons.
- Skin contact
  - Symptoms: Dermatitis
  - Remarks: May irritate skin.
- Eye contact
  - Remarks: May irritate eyes.
- Ingestion
  - Symptoms: May cause, Gastrointestinal disturbance, Rash
  - Remarks: May cause sensitisation of susceptible persons.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Peanut oil:
- Toxicity to fish
  - LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability
No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Cloxacillin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: 2.44

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Prohibition/Licensing Requirements : There is no applicable prohibition, authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regulations.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- AICS : not determined
- DSL : not determined
- IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Revision Date : 10.10.2020

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

- AU OEL / TWA : Exposure standard - time weighted average
- AICS - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemicals in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxin substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substanc-
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