SAFETY DATA SHEET
Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation
Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Flammable liquids : Category 3
Skin irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage : Category 1
Skin sensitization : Sub-category 1A
Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B
Carcinogenicity : Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 1 (Central nervous system, Immune system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) : Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements:

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

**Response:**
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before...
Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cottonseed oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed:
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
- Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Causes skin irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes serious eye damage.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- May cause genetic defects.
- May cause cancer.
- Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders:
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Bromine compounds
- Sulfur oxides
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
active equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling

Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe mist or vapors.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Keep container tightly closed.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep in properly labeled containers.
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Version 3.6  Revision Date: 08/27/2021  SDS Number: 2656105-00009  Date of last issue: 04/09/2021  Date of first issue: 03/29/2018

Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Flammable solids
- Pyrophoric liquids
- Pyrophoric solids
- Self-heating substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
- Explosives
- Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m³ (total hydrocarbon vapor)</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m³ (total hydrocarbon vapor)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cottonseed oil</td>
<td>8001-29-4</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN, Skin Wipe limit 150 µg/100 cm² Internal

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol | 128-37-0 | TWA | 10 mg/m³ | CA AB OEL |
| | | TWA (Vapour and inhalable aerosols) | 2 mg/m³ | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWAEV (Inhalable fraction and vapour) | 2 mg/m³ | CA QC OEL |
| | | TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor) | 2 mg/m³ | ACGIH |

Engineering measures:
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility...
design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**
- Combined particulates and organic vapor type

**Hand protection**
- Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**
- Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

**Eye protection**
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
  - If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
  - Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**
- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
  - Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
  - Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hygiene measures**
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
  - When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
  - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
  - Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
  - The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Appearance**
- liquid

**Color**
- yellow

**Odor**
- No data available
Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: 4 - 5

Melting point/freezing point: < -5 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: 40 °C

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Flammability (liquids): Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapor pressure: No data available

Relative vapor density: No data available

Relative density: No data available

Density: 0.917 - 0.919 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility: partly miscible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic: No data available

Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight: No data available

Particle size: Not applicable
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:
- Flammable liquid and vapor.
- Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid:
Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials:
Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products:
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 2,594 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 4 h
- Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Method: Calculation method

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- LC50 (Rat): > 5.61 mg/l
- Exposure time: 4 h
- Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Cottonseed oil:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,445 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Skin irritation

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : Moderate eye irritation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Resin</td>
<td>Buehler Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cottonseed oil</td>
<td>Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts</td>
<td>Magnusson-Kligman-Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 406</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
<td>Maximization Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>Maximization Test</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Humans</td>
<td>positive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
<td>Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Humans</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity
May cause genetic defects.
Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermato-gonia
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity assessment: Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity tests in mammals

Cottonseed oil:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA Repair
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Concentration: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

  Test Type: dominant lethal test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

  Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity:
May cause cancer.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: positive

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments
## Deltamethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Mouse, male and female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>oral (feed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>104 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>8 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>4 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Lymph nodes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat, male and female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>oral (feed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dog, male and female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>oral (feed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>1 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>22 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

## Components:

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test

- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
- Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
- Result: negative

## 4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

## Deltamethrin (ISO):

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

- Species: Rat
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body
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Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility., Embryo-fetal toxicity.
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Effects on fertility.
Target Organs: Testes

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Skeletal malformations.
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat, female
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Routes of exposure: Ingestion
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Immune system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Routes of exposure: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 150 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OPPTS 870.3100
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL : 1 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 2.5 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 13 Weeks  
Target Organs : Nervous system  
Symptoms : hyperexcitability  

Species : Rat  
LOAEL : 3 mg/m³  
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time : 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d  
Symptoms : Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation  

Species : Dog  
NOAEL : 0.1 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 1 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 13 Weeks  
Target Organs : Nervous system  
Symptoms : Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhea, Salivation  

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 14 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 54 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 91 d  
Target Organs : Nervous system  

Species : Mouse  
LOAEL : 6 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 12 Weeks  
Target Organs : Immune system  
Symptoms : immune system effects  

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:  
Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 25 mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 22 Months  

Aspiration toxicity  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  

Product:  
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.  

Components:  
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:  
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.
Experience with human exposure

**Components:**

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

- **Inhalation:** Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching
- **Skin contact:** Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions
- **Ingestion:** Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**

- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.2 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:** EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- **NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)):** 0.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):** NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.6 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Cottonseed oil:**

- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50: > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** LC50: > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50: > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- NOEC: > 10 - 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC: > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50: > 1 - < 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): 8.2 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
### Toxicity to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 48 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0037 µg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 48 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0035 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>LC50 (Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 96 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0003 µg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to Algae/Aquatic Plants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 72 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 9.1 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

### Toxicity to Fish (Chronic Toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 36 d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.000022 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 260 d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.000017 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates (Chronic Toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 21 d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0041 µg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2,6-Di-tert-Butyl-p-Cresol:

#### Toxicity to Fish

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 96 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 0.57 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


#### Toxicity to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 48 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.48 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

#### Toxicity to Algae/Aquatic Plants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 72 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 0.24 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 72 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.24 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

#### Toxicity to Fish (Chronic Toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 30 d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.053 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

#### Toxicity to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates (Chronic Toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</th>
<th>Exposure time: 21 d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.316 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Toxicity to Microorganisms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50:</th>
<th>Exposure time: 3 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 10,000 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Biodegradability: Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 94%
Exposure time: 25 d

Cottonseed oil:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100%
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0%(30 d)

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 4.5%
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.89

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 100
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,800
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.6

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
                 Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.1

Mobility in soil

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 7.2

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
                        Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.
                        Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.
                        If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Deltamethrin (ISO), 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG
UN number : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : yes (Deltamethrin (ISO), 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol)

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

Version 3.6  Revision Date: 08/27/2021  SDS Number: 2666105-00009  Date of last issue: 04/09/2021  Date of first issue: 03/29/2018

CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

ALIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


Revision Date : 08/27/2021
Date format : mm/dd/yyyy

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8