1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: JL Raya Pandaan KM. 48 Pandaan, Jawa Timur - Indonesia
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids: Category 3
Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1
Skin sensitisation: Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity: Category 1B
Carcinogenicity: Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Central nervous system, Immune system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation): Category 2 (Central nervous system)
Aspiration hazard: Category 1
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340 May cause genetic defects.
H350 May cause cancer.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediate-
ly all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P391 Collect spillage. **Storage:** P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. **Disposal:** P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chemical name</strong></td>
<td><strong>CAS-No.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cottonseed oil</td>
<td>8001-29-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated</td>
<td>127087-87-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
<td>128-37-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General advice</th>
<th>In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If inhaled</td>
<td>If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In case of skin contact</td>
<td>In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
- In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
- If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
- Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed:
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
- Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Causes skin irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes serious eye damage.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- May cause genetic defects.
- May cause cancer.
- Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

**Protection of first-aiders:**
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**Notes to physician:**
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media:**
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**
- High volume water jet

**Specific hazards during firefighting:**
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products:**
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Bromine compounds
- Sulphur oxides
- Metal oxides

**Specific extinguishing methods:**
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

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Date of first issue: 2018/03/29

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

**Conditions for safe storage**
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

**Materials to avoid**
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Self-reactive substances and mixtures
  - Organic peroxides
  - Oxidizing agents
  - Flammable gases
  - Pyrophoric liquids
  - Pyrophoric solids
  - Self-heating substances and mixtures
  - Poisonous gases
  - Explosives

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Components with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m³ (total hydrocarbon vapor)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cottonseed oil</td>
<td>8001-29-4</td>
<td>NAB (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
<td>128-37-0</td>
<td>NAB</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN, Skin Wipe limit 150 µg/100 cm² Internal

Further information: Adopted in Year 1996, Not classified as carcinogenic to humans. Not enough data to classify these materials as carcinogenic to humans or animals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)</td>
<td></td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**

- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
- Minimize open handling.
Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection: Material - Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid

Colour: yellow

Odour: No data available

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: 4 - 5

Melting point/freezing point: < -5 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: 40 °C

Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 0.917 - 0.919 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : partly miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
 Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
 Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
 Possibility of hazardous reactions
  Flammable liquid and vapour.
  Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
 Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
 Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
 Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
   Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
   Exposure time: 4 h
   Test atmosphere: dust/mist
   Method: Calculation method

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.61 mg/l
   Exposure time: 4 h
   Test atmosphere: vapour

Cottonseed oil:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,445 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg
   LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
   LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l
   Exposure time: 2 h
   Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Skin irritation

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : Moderate eye irritation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Cottonseed oil:
Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

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SDS Number: 2656113-00006
Date of last issue: 2019/09/13
Date of first issue: 2018/03/29

1. Substances

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Species: Humans
Result: positive

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Humans
Result: negative

2.1.1 Germ cell mutagenicity
May cause genetic defects.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermato- gonia
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity tests in mammals
Cottonseed oil:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA Repair
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Concentration: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: dominant lethal test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>2656113-00006</td>
<td>2019/09/13</td>
<td>2018/03/29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay  
Species: Mouse  
Cell type: Bone marrow  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**  
May cause cancer.

**Components:**

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**

Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Skin contact  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: positive

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

Species: Mouse, male and female  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 104 weeks  
NOAEL: 8 mg/kg body weight  
LOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight  
Result: positive  
Target Organs: Lymph nodes

Species: Rat, male and female  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: negative

Species: Dog, male and female  
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time : 2 Years
NOAEL : 1 mg/kg body weight
Result : negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Effects on fertility
Target Organs: Testes

Effects on foetal development
- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: oral (gavage)
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Skeletal malformations
  - Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rat, female
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  - Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rabbit, female
  - Application Route: oral (gavage)
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight
  - Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
- Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
- Effects on fertility
  - Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

- Effects on foetal development
  - Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

STOT - single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
- Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Deltamethrin (ISO):
- Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
## Components:

### Deltamethrin (ISO):
- **Exposure routes**: Ingestion
- **Target Organs**: Central nervous system, Immune system
- **Assessment**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- **Exposure routes**: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- **Target Organs**: Central nervous system
- **Assessment**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
- **Assessment**: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
- **Species**: Rat
- **LOAEL**: 500 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 28 Days

### 4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
- **Species**: Rat
- **LOAEL**: 150 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 90 Days
- **Method**: OPPTS 870.3100
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

### Deltamethrin (ISO):
- **Species**: Rat, male and female
- **NOAEL**: 1 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 2.5 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 13 Weeks
- **Target Organs**: Nervous system
- **Symptoms**: Hyperexcitability
- **Species**: Rat
- **LOAEL**: 3 mg/m3
- **Application Route**: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- **Test atmosphere**: Dust/mist
- **Exposure time**: 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d
- **Symptoms**: Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation
- **Species**: Dog
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

NOAEL : 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL : 1 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Nervous system
Symptoms : Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhoea, Salivation
Species : Rat

NOAEL : 14 mg/kg
LOAEL : 54 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 91 d
Target Organs : Nervous system
Symptoms : Nervous system

Species : Mouse

NOAEL : 6 mg/kg
LOAEL : 25 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months

Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Inhalation : Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching
Skin contact : Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritus, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions
Ingestion : Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Cottonseed oil:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : LC50: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50: > 1 - < 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.9 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 29 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.5 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.23 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.18 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### 4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): 8.2 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

### Deltamethrin (ISO):

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0037 µg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h

- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h

- LC50 (Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)): 0.0003 µg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)</strong></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow))</td>
<td>0.000022 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 36 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow))</td>
<td>0.000017 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 260 d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)** |                          |                          |
|                             |                          |                          |
| NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) | 0.0041 µg/l            | Exposure time: 21 d      |

| **2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:** |                          |                          |
| **Toxicity to fish** |                          |                          |
|                             |                          |                          |
| LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)) | > 0.57 mg/l            | Exposure time: 96 h      |

| **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates** |                          |                          |
|                             |                          |                          |
| EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) | 0.48 mg/l             | Exposure time: 48 h      |
| Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 |                          |                          |

| **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants** |                          |                          |
|                             |                          |                          |
| ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)) | > 0.24 mg/l             | Exposure time: 72 h      |
| Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |                          |                          |
| NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)) | 0.24 mg/l              | Exposure time: 72 h      |
| Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |                          |                          |

| **M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)** |                          |                          |
| **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)** |                          |                          |
|                             |                          |                          |
| NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)) | 0.053 mg/l             | Exposure time: 30 d      |
| Method: OECD Test Guideline 210 |                          |                          |

| **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)** |                          |                          |
|                             |                          |                          |
| NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) | 0.316 mg/l             | Exposure time: 21 d      |

| **M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)** |                          |                          |
| **Toxicity to microorganisms** |                          |                          |
|                             |                          |                          |
| EC50: > 10,000 mg/l |                          | Exposure time: 3 h      |
| Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 |                          |                          |
Persistence and degradability

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
Biodegradability: Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 94 %
Exposure time: 25 d

Cottonseed oil:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 % (30 d)

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 4.5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.89

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 100
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,800
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.6
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
                  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.1

Mobility in soil

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 7.2

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
                       Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.
                       Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.
                       If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3295
Proper shipping name : HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
                        (Deltamethrin (ISO), 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol)
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

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<tr>
<th>Version</th>
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<tr>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>2656113-00006</td>
<td>2019/09/13</td>
<td>2018/03/29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Class: 3
Packing group: III
Labels: 3
EmS Code: F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant: yes

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Special precautions for user**
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health
Hazardous substances that must be registered: Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances
Hazardous substances approved for use: Not applicable
Prohibited substances: Not applicable
Restricted substances: Not applicable

Regulation of the Minister of Trade No. 44 of 2009 on Procurement, Distribution and Supervision of Hazardous Materials
Type of Hazardous Materials Restricted to Import, Distribution and Supervision: Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation

Version: 2.4
Revision Date: 2020/03/23
SDS Number: 2656113-00006
Date of last issue: 2019/09/13
Date of first issue: 2018/03/29

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Date format: yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ID OEL: Indonesia. Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
ID OEL / NAB: Long term exposure limit

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemicals and Chemical Substances; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Deltamethrin (2.5%) Formulation**

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intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

ID / EN