SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : MSD
Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road
          Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids : Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 5
Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 5
Skin irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage : Category 1
Skin sensitization : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 1 (Central nervous system, Immune system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) : Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Auditory system)
Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Hazard pictograms:
- Flammable liquid and vapor
- Skin irritation
- Respiratory irritation
- Allergic skin reaction
- Serious eye damage
- Organs damage
- Fertility damage
- Damage to the unborn child
- Organs damage through prolonged or repeated exposure

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H313 + H333 May be harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and: Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other hazards

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media**
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
- High volume water jet

**Specific hazards during fire fighting**
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products**
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Bromine compounds
- Metal oxides
- Sulfur compounds

**Specific extinguishing methods**
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

**Environmental precautions**
- Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe mist or vapors.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitized individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitzers.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**Conditions for safe storage**: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

**Materials to avoid**: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Flammable solids
- Pyrophoric liquids
- Pyrophoric solids
- Self-heating substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
- Explosives
- Gases

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>VLE-PPT</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>VLE-CT</td>
<td>150 ppm</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>150 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN, Skin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Wipe limit</th>
<th>150 µg/100 cm²</th>
<th>Internal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
<td>VLE-PPT (Inhalable fraction and vapour)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Version 1.1  Revision Date: 12.10.2021  SDS Number: 7730567-00002  Date of last issue: 13.01.2021
Date of first issue: 13.01.2021

Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>Methylhippuric acid</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift</td>
<td>1.5 g/g creatinine</td>
<td>MX BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methylhippuric acids</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)</td>
<td>1.5 g/g creatinine</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapor type
Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

7 / 26
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>4 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>range</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>45 - 51 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>flammability limit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>flammability limit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>soluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.
May be harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 993.39 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 24.61 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 3,060 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Xylene:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,523 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 27.571 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 4,200 mg/kg
Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 500 - 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 500 - 2,000 mg/kg

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

2,6-Di-tet-butyl-p-cresol:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:
Xylene:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Xylene:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: Moderate eye irritation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Xylene:**
- **Test Type:** Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Routes of exposure:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Result:** negative

**Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:**
- **Test Type:** Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Guinea pig
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 406
- **Result:** negative
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:**
- **Test Type:** Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Guinea pig
- **Result:** negative
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**
- **Test Type:** Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure:** Dermal
- **Species:** Guinea pig
- **Result:** negative

- **Test Type:** Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
- **Routes of exposure:** Dermal
- **Species:** Humans
- **Result:** positive

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**
- **Test Type:** Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
- **Routes of exposure:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Humans
- **Result:** negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Xylene:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo) Species: Mouse Application Route: Skin contact Result: negative

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
- Test Type: DNA Repair
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Concentration: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

  Test Type: dominant lethal test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

  Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Xylene:
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Exposure time: 103 weeks
  Result: negative
Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Mouse, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 104 weeks
NOAEL: 8 mg/kg body weight
LOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Lymph nodes

Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Dog, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 22 Months
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Xylene:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Calcium dodecybenzenesulphonate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-fetal toxicity.
- Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-fetal toxicity.
- Test Type: Fertility
- Species: Rat, male
- Application Route: Oral
- Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: Effects on fertility.
- Target Organs: Testes

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: oral (gavage)
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Skeletal malformations.
- Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:  
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure  
May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:

Xylene:  
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

Deltamethrin (ISO):  
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure  
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.  
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.  
May cause damage to organs (Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Xylene:  
Routes of exposure: inhalation (vapor)  
Target Organs: Auditory system  
Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.2 to 1 mg/l/6h/d.

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:  
Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Deltamethrin (ISO):  
Routes of exposure: Ingestion  
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Immune system  
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Routes of exposure: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Target Organs: Central nervous system  
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Xylene:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: > 0.2 - 1 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 150 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: > 200 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 6 - 7 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: > 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 28 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 410
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Hyperexcitability

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 3 mg/m3
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d
Symptoms: Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhea, Salivation

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 14 mg/kg
LOAEL: 54 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 91 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 6 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Weeks
Target Organs: Immune system
Symptoms: immune system effects

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 25 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 22 Months

Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:
Xylene:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure
Components:
Deltamethrin (ISO):
Inhalation: Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions
Ingestion: Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
Components:
Xylene:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 13.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.1 - < 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
EL10 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms:
NOEC: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 28 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
### Toxicity to microorganisms:

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** EC50 (Daphnia sp. (Water flea)): 1.82 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 48 h

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:** EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 20 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 48 h

### Deltamethrin (ISO):

- **Toxicity to fish:**  
  LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h  
  LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**  
  EC50 (Mysisopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0037 µg/l  
  Exposure time: 48 h  
  EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 48 h  
  LC50 (Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)): 0.0003 µg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:**  
  EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):**  
  NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000022 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 36 d  
  NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000017 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 260 d

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):**  
  NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0041 µg/l  
  Exposure time: 21 d

### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

- **Toxicity to fish:**  
  LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.57 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h  

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**  
  EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.24 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.24 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.053 mg/l
  Exposure time: 30 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.316 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms:

- EC50: > 10,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability:

**Components:**

**Xylene:**

- Biodegradability: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: > 70%
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium dodecybenzenesulphonate:**

- Biodegradability: Readily biodegradable.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:**

- Biodegradability: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 97%
  Exposure time: 30 d

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

- Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 % (30 d)

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

- Biodegradability: Not readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 4.5%
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C
Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Xylene:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.16
Remarks: Calculation

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 500
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.88

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,800

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Mobility in soil

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 7.2

Other adverse effects

Components:

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance is considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**

- UN number: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Xylene)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3

**IATA-DGR**

- UN/ID No.: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Xylene)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: Flammable Liquids
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 366
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 355

**IMDG-Code**

- UN number: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Xylene, Deltamethrin (ISO), 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3
- EmS Code: F-E, S-E
- Marine pollutant: yes

*Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code*

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation**

**NOM-002-SCT**

- UN number: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Xylene)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3
Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
NOM-165-SEMARNAT-2013, Norm establishing a list of substances subject to report for the Registry of Emissions and Pollutant Transfer Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>MPU (kg/year)</th>
<th>Transfer/Release (kg/year)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MPU: Applicable reporting threshold when the substance, pure or in mixture in a composition of more than 1% by weight, is used for industrial activities at facilities that are subject to report or are produced by them

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills: Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
- ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- ACGIH BEI: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
- MX BEI: Official Mexican Norm NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health - Biological exposure indices for workers occupationally exposed to chemical agents
- ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-PPT: Time weighted average limit value
- NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-CT: Short term exposure limit value

AICL - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Version 1.1   Revision Date: 12.10.2021   SDS Number: 7730567-00002   Date of last issue: 13.01.2021
Date of first issue: 13.01.2021

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

Revision Date: 12.10.2021

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8