SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
           Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Flammable liquids : Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4
Skin irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage : Category 1
Skin sensitization : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 1 (Central nervous system, Immune system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) : Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Auditory system)
Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
- Flammable liquid and vapor
- Harmful if swallowed
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- Causes skin irritation
- May cause an allergic skin reaction
- Causes serious eye damage
- May cause respiratory irritation
- Suspected of damaging fertility
- Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed
- Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled
- May cause damage to organs (Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed
- H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled
- H373 May cause damage to organs (Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and hot surfaces. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with
water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours). Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Xylene</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nonylphenol, ethoxylated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled
If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Get medical attention immediately.
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Harmful if swallowed.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause respiratory irritation.
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
This product contains a pyrethroid.
Pyrethroid poisoning should not be confused with carbamate or organophosphate poisoning.

Protection of first-aiders
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media
High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire fighting
Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Flash back possible over considerable distance.
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products
Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Bromine compounds
Metal oxides
Sulfur compounds

Specific extinguishing methods
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.
Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**: Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**: Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Technical measures**: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Local/Total ventilation**: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

**Advice on safe handling**: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Self-reactive substances and mixtures
  - Organic peroxides
  - Flammable solids
  - Pyrophoric liquids
  - Pyrophoric solids
  - Self-heating substances and mixtures
  - Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
  - Explosives
  - Gases
  - Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm / 435 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 µg/m³ / Internal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN, Skin

- Wipe limit: 100 µg/100 cm²
- Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
<td>128-37-0</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)</td>
<td></td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological occupational exposure limits
Xylene 1330-20-7  \[\text{Methylhippuric acids}\] Urine |  \[\text{End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)}\] |  \[\text{1.5 g/g creatinine}\] |  \[\text{ACGIH BEI}\] 

**Engineering measures**

- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
- Minimize open handling.
- Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**

- General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Hand protection**

- Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
- Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

**Eye protection**

- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**

- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- **Appearance**: liquid
- **Color**: yellow
- **Odor**: No data available
- **Odor Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: 4 - 5
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: 113 - 124 °F / 45 - 51 °C
- **Evaporation rate**: No data available
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable
- **Flammability (liquids)**: No data available
- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: No data available
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: No data available
- **Vapor pressure**: No data available
- **Relative vapor density**: No data available
- **Relative density**: No data available
- **Density**: No data available
- **Solubility(ies)**: No data available
Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Water solubility: soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic: No data available

Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight: No data available

Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:
  Flammable liquid and vapor.
  Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

Skin contact

Ingestion

Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 993.39 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: vapor
  Method: Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 3,060 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Xylene:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,523 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 27.571 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 4,200 mg/kg

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 500 - 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 500 - 2,000 mg/kg

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Acute oral toxicity: LD₅₀ (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity: LD₅₀ (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Xylene:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Xylene:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Species: Rabbit
## Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

### Result
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

### Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Irreversible effects on the eye
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405

### Deltamethrin (ISO):
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Moderate eye irritation

### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Xylene:
- **Test Type**: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Result**: negative

#### Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
- **Test Type**: Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

#### Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
- **Test Type**: Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials
Deltamethrin (ISO):

Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Humans
Result: positive

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Humans
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Xylene:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: negative

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
<th>Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)</th>
<th>Species: Mouse</th>
<th>Application Route: Ingestion</th>
<th>Result: negative</th>
<th>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
<th>Result: negative</th>
<th>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
<th>Result: negative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: DNA Repair</td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test system: Escherichia coli</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosomal aberration</td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</td>
<td>Result: positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Concentration: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Micronucleus test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Species: Mouse</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Route: Oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
<th>Test Type: dominant lethal test</th>
<th>Species: Mouse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Route: Oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
<th>Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay</th>
<th>Species: Mouse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cell type: Bone marrow</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Route: Oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
<th>Result: negative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Xylene:
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 103 weeks  
Result: negative

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Mouse, male and female  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 104 weeks  
NOAEL: 8 mg/kg body weight  
LOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight  
Result: positive  
Target Organs: Lymph nodes

Species: Rat, male and female  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: negative

Species: Dog, male and female  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight  
Result: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 22 Months  
Result: negative

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

OSHA
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Xylene:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility., Embryo-fetal toxicity.
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility., Embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Effects on fertility.
Target Organs: Testes

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Skeletal malformations.
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat, female
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure
May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:

Xylene:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.
Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
May cause damage to organs (Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Xylene:
Routes of exposure : inhalation (vapor)
Target Organs : Auditory system
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.2 to 1 mg/l/6h/d.

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Routes of exposure : Ingestion
Target Organs : Central nervous system, Immune system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Xylene:
Species : Rat
LOAEL : > 0.2 - 1 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 150 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

**Calcium dodecyldisulfonate:**

Species : Rat  
LOAEL : > 200 mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 6 - 7 Weeks  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 422  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rabbit  
NOAEL : > 100 mg/kg  
Application Route : Skin contact  
Exposure time : 28 Days  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 410  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

Species : Rat, male and female  
NOAEL : 1 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 2.5 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 13 Weeks  
Target Organs : Nervous system  
Symptoms : hyperexcitability

Species : Rat  
LOAEL : 3 mg/m3  
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time : 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d  
Symptoms : Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation

Species : Dog  
NOAEL : 0.1 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 1 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 13 Weeks  
Target Organs : Nervous system  
Symptoms : Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhea, Salivation

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 14 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 54 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 91 d  
Target Organs : Nervous system

Species : Mouse  
LOAEL : 6 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 12 Weeks  
Target Organs : Immune system
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Symptoms : immune system effects

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 25 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months

Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:
Xylene:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:
Deltamethrin (ISO):
Inhalation : Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching
Skin contact : Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions
Ingestion : Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
Xylene:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 13.5 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 10 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.1 - < 1 mg/l Exposure time: 35 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 210 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- EL10 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- NOEC: > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium dodecyldibenzylsulphonate:**

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:**

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- EC10 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 100 d
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): > 0.001 - 0.01 mg/l
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0037 µg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
- LC50 (Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)): 0.0003 µg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000022 mg/l
  Exposure time: 36 d
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000017 mg/l
  Exposure time: 260 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other:
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0041 µg/l
aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)  Exposure time: 21 d

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

Toxicity to fish

: LC₅₀ (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.57 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

: EC₅₀ (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

: ErC₅₀ (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.24 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.24 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

: NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.053 mg/l
  Exposure time: 30 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.316 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms

: EC₅₀: > 10,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Xylene:**

Biodegradability

: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: > 70 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:**

Biodegradability

: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:**

Biodegradability

: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 4.5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential
Components:
Xylene:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.16
Remarks: Calculation

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 500
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.77
Remarks: Calculation

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.48

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.6

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 5.1

Mobility in soil
Components:
Deltamethrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 7.2

Other adverse effects
No data available
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 1993
Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Xylene)
Class: 3
Packing group: III
Labels: 3
Environmentally hazardous: no

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 1993
Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Xylene)
Class: 3
Packing group: III
Labels: Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 355

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 1993
Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Xylene, Deltamethrin (ISO), 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol)
Class: 3
Packing group: III
Labels: 3
EmS Code: F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1993
Proper shipping name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Xylene)
Class : 3
Packing group: III
Labels : FLAMMABLE LIQUID
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant: yes (Deltamethrin (ISO), 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol)
Remarks : THE COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID EXCEPTION MAY BE USED FOR PACKAGES <119 GAL.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Component RQ (lbs)</th>
<th>Calculated product RQ (lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate</td>
<td>26264-06-2</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>11111</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Respiratory or skin sensitization
Reproductive toxicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard
Skin corrosion or irritation
Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Xylene 1330-20-7 81.7 %
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated 9016-45-9 5 %

US State Regulations
Pennsylvania Right To Know
Xylene 1330-20-7
Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate 26264-06-2
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated 9016-45-9
Deltamethrin (ISO) 52918-63-5
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol 128-37-0

California List of Hazardous Substances
Xylene 1330-20-7
Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate 26264-06-2
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol 128-37-0

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
Xylene 1330-20-7
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol 128-37-0

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Instability</th>
<th>Special hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® IV:

- HEALTH: * 3
- FLAMMABILITY: 2
- PHYSICAL HAZARD: 0

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/'" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NIOSH REL: USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Deltamethrin (3%) Formulation

Version 1.7  Revision Date: 11/03/2023  SDS Number: 7730555-00008  Date of last issue: 09/30/2023
Date of first issue: 01/13/2021

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; R&CO - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative


Revision Date : 11/03/2023

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>11/03/2023</td>
<td>7730555-00008</td>
<td>09/30/2023</td>
<td>01/13/2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US / Z8