SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation
Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Flammable liquids : Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4
Skin irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage : Category 1
Skin sensitization : Sub-category 1A
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 1 (Central nervous system, Immune system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) : Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 

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Version 5.0  Revision Date: 08/18/2021  SDS Number: 2333313-00012  Date of last issue: 04/09/2021
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Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
- P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

- Harmful if swallowed.
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Causes skin irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes serious eye damage.
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
- Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Protection of first-aiders:

- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:

- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Bromine compounds
- Sulfur oxides
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
### Environmental precautions
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Technical measures
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

#### Local/Total ventilation
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

#### Advice on safe handling
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Already sensitized individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

#### Conditions for safe storage
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Flammable solids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
Explosives
Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m³ (total hydrocarbon vapor)</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>75 ppm</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm 270 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA ON OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm 152 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWAEV</td>
<td>50 ppm 152 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 µg/m³ (OEB 3) Internal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>150 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting...
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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapor type

Hand protection: Material - Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid

Color: yellow

Odor: No data available

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: 3 - 5

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point : 45 - 51 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.963 - 0.967 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) : completely miscible

Water solubility : completely miscible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-
tions

Flammable liquid and vapor.
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Harmful if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Acute toxicity

- **Product:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Acute toxicity estimate: 1,108 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Acute inhalation toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Acute toxicity estimate: &gt; 10 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test atmosphere: dust/mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Acute dermal toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Acute toxicity estimate: &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Components:

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

- **Acute oral toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Rat, female): 3,492 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity:**
  - LC50 (Rat): > 6.193 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: vapor
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

- **Acute dermal toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

#### 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

- **Acute oral toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity:**
  - LC0 (Rat): 9.48 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: vapor

- **Acute dermal toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

- **Acute oral toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Rat): 4,445 mg/kg
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>Acute dermal toxicity</th>
<th>Acute inhalation toxicity</th>
<th>LDS50 (Rat):</th>
<th>LDS50 (Rabbit):</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 3,350 mg/kg</td>
<td>LD50 (Rabbit): 2,460 mg/kg</td>
<td>LC50 (Rat): &gt; 24.6 mg/l</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>&gt; 800 mg/kg</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg</td>
<td>LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg</td>
<td>LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg</td>
<td>LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg</td>
<td>Application Route: Intraperitoneal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Causes skin irritation.

**Components:**

- **Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:**
  - Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

- **2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: No skin irritation

- **Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
- Species: Rabbit
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
- Result: Skin irritation

Deltamethrin (ISO):
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Deltamethrin (ISO):
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: Moderate eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
- Test Type: Maximization Test
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 406</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximization Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 406</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Benzesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Magnusson-Kligman-Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 406</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximization Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Deltamethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximization Test</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Humans</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

| Genotoxicity in vitro | Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro | Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis) |
| Species: Rat | Application Route: inhalation (vapor) |
| Result: negative | | |
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro:

- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: negative

- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Genotoxicity in vitro:

- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro:

- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative

- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:

- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro:

- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

- Test Type: DNA Repair
  Test system: Escherichia coli
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  Result: negative

- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
  Concentration: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
  Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:

- Test Type: Micronucleus test
Carcinogenicity
- Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:**
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**
- Species: Mouse, male and female
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 104 weeks
- NOAEL: 8 mg/kg body weight
- LOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
- Result: positive
- Target Organs: Lymph nodes
- Species: Rat, male and female
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Species: Dog, male and female
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
- Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
- Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:**
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
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Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Effects on fertility:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Effects on fertility:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OPPTS 870.3800
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Effects on fertility:
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility., Embryo-fetal toxicity.
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility., Embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Effects on fertility.
Target Organs: Testes

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Skeletal malformations.
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat, female
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Assessment:
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Assessment:
- May cause respiratory irritation.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Assessment:
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Assessment:
- May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Assessment:
- May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
- Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Routes of exposure: Ingestion
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Immune system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Routes of exposure: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species: Rat, female
NOAEL: 900 mg/m³
Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 12 Months
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 41 - 45 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 1.62 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 2 y
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: > 1,838 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 1,450 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Species: Rat, male and female
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1 mg/kg</td>
<td>2.5 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>13 Weeks</td>
<td>Nervous system</td>
<td>hyperexcitability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>0.1 mg/kg</td>
<td>1 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d</td>
<td>Nervous system</td>
<td>Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>14 mg/kg</td>
<td>54 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>91 d</td>
<td>Nervous system</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>6 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>12 Weeks</td>
<td>Immune system</td>
<td>immune system effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Aspiration toxicity**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Product:**

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**Components:**

**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:**

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**2-Methyl-1-propanol:**

The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.
Experience with human exposure

**Components:**

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inhalation</strong></td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skin contact</strong></td>
<td>Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ingestion</strong></td>
<td>Muscle pain, Small pupils</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9.2 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.22 mg/l
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Exposure time: 10 min

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 99 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 10 min</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): &gt; 100 - 180 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 500 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC10: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 0.5 h

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Toxicity to fish: LC50: > 1 - < 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,430 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 1,100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,799 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 117 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0037 µg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

LC50 (Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)): 0.0003 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000022 mg/l
Exposure time: 36 d

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000017 mg/l
Exposure time: 260 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0041 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 78 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 70 - 80 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 %(30 d)

Biodegradability in water:

- **2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate**: Biodegradation rate 90% within 28 days.
- **Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts**: Biodegradation rate 100% within 28 days.
- **2-Methyl-1-propanol**: Biodegradation rate between 70% and 80% within 28 days.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components**

**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics**:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.7 - 4.5

**2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate**:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.2

**Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts**:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.89

**2-Methyl-1-propanol**:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1

**Deltamethrin (ISO)**:
**Bioaccumulation**
Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,800

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: log Pow: 4.6

**Mobility in soil**

**Components**

**Deltamethrin (ISO)**:
**Distribution among environment**
log Koc: 7.2
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
- UN number: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3

IATA-DGR
- UN/ID No.: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: Flammable Liquids
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 366
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 355

IMDG-Code
- UN number: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate, Deltamethrin (ISO))
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3
- EmS Code: F-E, S-E
- Marine pollutant: yes
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG
UN number : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : yes (Deltamethrin (ISO))

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit
CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)
CA QC OEL / TWA EV : Time-weighted average exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>08/18/2021</td>
<td>2333313-00012</td>
<td>04/09/2021</td>
<td>12/12/2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


Revision Date: 08/18/2021

Date format: mm/dd/yyyy

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8