SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Version 5.4
Revision Date: 04/04/2023
SDS Number: 2333313-00016
Date of last issue: 10/01/2022
Date of first issue: 12/12/2017

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation
Other means of identification: No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Flammable liquids: Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Skin irritation: Category 2
Serious eye damage: Category 1
Skin sensitization: Sub-category 1A
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Central nervous system, Immune system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation): Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Aspiration hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 

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Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
                   H302 Harmful if swallowed.
                   H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
                   H315 Causes skin irritation.
                   H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
                   H318 Causes serious eye damage.
                   H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
                   H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
                   H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
                   H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
                   H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
                           P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
                           P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
                           P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
                           P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
                           P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
                           P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
                           P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
                           P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
                           P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

                           Response:
                           P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
                           P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
                           P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
                           P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
                           P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
                           P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
                           P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
                           P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

                           Storage:
                           P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours). Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common Name/Synonym</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60 *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</td>
<td>2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, 2-acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30 *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10 *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>Isobutanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10 *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10 *</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>04/04/2023</td>
<td>2333313-00016</td>
<td>10/01/2022</td>
<td>12/12/2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Causes skin irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes serious eye damage.
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
- This product contains a pyrethroid.
- Pyrethroid poisoning should not be confused with carbamate or organophosphate poisoning.

#### Protection of first-aiders
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

#### Notes to physician
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>Water spray</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alcohol-resistant foam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Carbon dioxide (CO2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dry chemical</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Unsuitable extinguishing media | High volume water jet |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific hazards during fire fighting</th>
<th>Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Flash back possible over considerable distance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous combustion products</th>
<th>Carbon oxides</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nitrogen oxides (NOx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bromine compounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sulfur oxides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Metal oxides</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific extinguishing methods</th>
<th>Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use water spray to cool unopened containers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Evacuate area.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</th>
<th>In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use personal protective equipment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:

- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:

- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling:

- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Self-reactive substances and mixtures
  - Organic peroxides
  - Flammable solids
  - Pyrophoric liquids
  - Pyrophoric solids
  - Self-heating substances and mixtures
  - Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
  - Explosives
  - Gases
  - Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures

**SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m³ (total hydrocarbon vapor)</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm, 152 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm, 152 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm, 152 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm, 152 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN, Skin

- Wipe limit 150 µg/100 cm²  Internal

**Engineering measures:**
- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility
design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

**Personal protective equipment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Respiratory protection</th>
<th>If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Filter type</td>
<td>Combined particulates and organic vapor type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand protection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material</td>
<td>Chemical-resistant gloves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye protection</td>
<td>Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin and body protection</td>
<td>Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygiene measures</td>
<td>If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

<p>| Appearance | liquid |
| Color      | yellow |
| Odor       | No data available |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>3 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>45 - 51 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>0.963 - 0.967 g/cm³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>completely miscible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:
- Flammable liquid and vapor.
- Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1,108 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): 3,492 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 6,193 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

2-Methoxy-1-methyl ethyl acetate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
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Acute inhalation toxicity: LC0 (Rat): 9.48 mg/l
   Exposure time: 4 h
   Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,445 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): 3,350 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 18.18 mg/l
   Exposure time: 6 h
   Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit, female): 2,460 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg
   LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
   LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l
   Exposure time: 2 h
   Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg
   LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg
   Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
   Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No skin irritation

### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 404
- **Result:** Skin irritation

### 2-Methyl-1-propanol:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 404
- **Result:** Skin irritation

### Deltamethrin (ISO):
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No skin irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

### Components:

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No eye irritation

#### 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No eye irritation

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Irreversible effects on the eye
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 405

#### 2-Methyl-1-propanol:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Method:** Irreversible effects on the eye
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 405

#### Deltamethrin (ISO):
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Moderate eye irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
- Test Type: Maximization Test
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
- Test Type: Maximization Test
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
- Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
- Test Type: Buehler Test
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
- Test Type: Maximization Test
- Routes of exposure: Dermal
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: negative
- Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
- Routes of exposure: Dermal
- Species: Humans
- Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
  Result: negative

**2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: negative
  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**2-Methyl-1-propanol:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative
  Test Type: In vitro micronucleus test
  Result: negative

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Test Type: DNA Repair
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Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Concentration: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: dominant lethal test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Mouse, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 104 weeks
NOAEL: 8 mg/kg body weight
LOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Lymph nodes

Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Species: Dog, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OPPTS 870.3800
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-fetal toxicity.
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Effects on fertility.
Target Organs: Testes

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Skeletal malformations.
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat, female
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Routes of exposure: Ingestion
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Immune system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Routes of exposure: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Species: Rat, female
NOAEL: 900 mg/m³
Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 12 Months
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 41 - 45 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 1.62 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 2 y
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: > 1,838 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 1,450 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 7.5 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 17 Weeks

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: hyperexcitability

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 3 mg/m3
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d
Symptoms: Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhea, Salivation

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 14 mg/kg
LOAEL: 54 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 91 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 6 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Weeks
Target Organs: Immune system
Symptoms: immune system effects
Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Inhalation: Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions
Ingestion: Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.22 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to microorganisms**:  
EC50: > 99 mg/l  
Exposure time: 10 min

### 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

**Toxicity to fish**:  
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 - 180 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**:  
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**:  
ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae))**: > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**:  
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Toxicity to microorganisms**:  
EC10: > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 0.5 h

### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

**Toxicity to fish**:  
LC50 : > 1 - < 10 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**:  
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**:  
ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))**: > 0.1 - 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Toxicity to fish:

- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,430 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

- EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 1,100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,799 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 117 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 20 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms:

- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 16 h

Deltamethrin (ISO):

Toxicity to fish:

- LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

- EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0037 µg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- LC50 (Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)): 0.0003 µg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000022 mg/l
  Exposure time: 36 d
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000017 mg/l
  Exposure time: 260 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0041 µg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 78 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 90 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 100 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 74 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Deltamethrin (ISO):

- Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 %(30 d)

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.7 - 4.5

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.2
Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods**
- **Waste from residues**: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
- **Contaminated packaging**: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
- **UN number**: UN 1993
- **Proper shipping name**: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
  - (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
- **Class**: 3
- **Packing group**: III
- **Labels**: 3
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Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Version 5.4 Revision Date: 04/04/2023 SDS Number: 2333313-00016 Date of last issue: 10/01/2022 Date of first issue: 12/12/2017

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate, Deltamethrin (ISO))
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG
UN number : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : yes(Deltamethrin (ISO))

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined
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Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit
CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)
CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; Elx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonised System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, and the Safe Use of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDI - Threshold Limit Value; TECL - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.