SAFETY DATA SHEET  
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Version: 3.0  
Revision Date: 2021/08/18  
SDS Number: 2333305-00012  
Date of last issue: 2021/04/09  
Date of first issue: 2017/12/12

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company: MSD

Address: No. 485 Jing Tai Road  
Pu Tuo District - Shanghai - China  200331

Telephone: +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number: 86-571-87268110

E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appearance</th>
<th>liquid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing fertility.  
Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

GHS Classification

- Flammable liquids: Category 3
- Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 2
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1
- Skin sensitisation: Category 1
- Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
- Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2
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Aspiration hazard: Category 1
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements:
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON
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CENTER/ doctor.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Physical and chemical hazards
Flammable liquid and vapour.

Health hazards
Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Environmental hazards
Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-
fighting

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Bromine compounds
- Sulphur oxides
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe mist or vapours.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact: Oxidizing agents

Storage

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable gases
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Poisonous gases
Explosives

Packaging material: Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters
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Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
2-Methyl-1-propanol | 78-83-1 | TWA | 50 ppm | ACGIH
Deltamethrin (ISO) | 52918-63-5 | PC-TWA | 0.03 mg/m³ | CN OEL
| | TWA | 15 µg/m³ (OEB 3) | Internal

Further information: DSEN, Skin

Wipe limit: 150 µg/100 cm² Internal

**Engineering measures**: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

**Eye/face protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntletts, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hand protection**

**Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

**Hygiene measures**: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- **Appearance**: liquid
- **Colour**: yellow
- **Odour**: No data available
- **Odour Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: 3 - 5
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: 45 - 51 °C
- **Evaporation rate**: No data available
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable
- **Flammability (liquids)**: Not applicable
- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: No data available
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: No data available
- **Vapour pressure**: No data available
- **Relative vapour density**: No data available
- **Relative density**: No data available
- **Density**: 0.963 - 0.967 g/cm³
- **Water solubility**: completely miscible
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: No data available
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: No data available
- **Decomposition temperature**: No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic: No data available

Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight: No data available

Particle size: Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:
  Flammable liquid and vapour.

  Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes:
  Inhalation
  Skin contact
  Ingestion
  Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1,108 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): 3,492 mg/kg
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Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 6.193 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC0 (Rat): 9.48 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,445 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3,350 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 24.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 2,460 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

deltamethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):

- LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
- LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation:
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
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Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : Moderate eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Test Type : Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>2021/08/18</td>
<td>2333305-00012</td>
<td>2021/04/09</td>
<td>2017/12/12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### deltamethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximisation Test</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Humans</td>
<td>positive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</th>
<th>Result: negative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vivo</td>
<td>Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)</td>
<td>Species: Rat</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
<th>Result: negative</th>
<th>Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)</th>
<th>Result: negative</th>
<th>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vitro</td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:


#### 2-Methyl-1-propanol:

| Genotoxicity in vitro | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) | Result: negative | Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro | Result: negative |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

deltamethrin (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA Repair
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Concentration: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: dominant lethal test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>inhalation (vapour)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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**Remarks**
- Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>deltamethrin (ISO):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Species</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NOAEL</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LOAEL</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Result</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Target Organs</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Species**         | Rat, male and female |
| **Application Route** | oral (feed) |
| **Exposure time**   | 2 Years |
| **Result**          | negative |

| **Species**         | Dog, male and female |
| **Application Route** | oral (feed) |
| **Exposure time**   | 2 Years |
| **NOAEL**           | 1 mg/kg body weight |
| **Result**          | negative |

**Reproductive toxicity**
- Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Components:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Effects on fertility</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Effects on foetal development</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Embryo-foetal development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species: Mouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route: inhalation (vapour)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Effects on fertility</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species: Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route: inhalation (vapour)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 416</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Effects on foetal development</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Embryo-foetal development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species: Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route: inhalation (vapour)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result: negative</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

| 2-Methyl-1-propanol: |
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**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
- Method: OPPTS 870.3800
- Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development**
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
- Result: negative

**deltamethrin (ISO):**

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity
- Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity
- Test Type: Fertility
- Species: Rat, male
- Application Route: Oral
- Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: Effects on fertility
- Target Organs: Testes

**Effects on foetal development**
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: oral (gavage)
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Skeletal malformations
- Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

**Effects on foetal development**
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rat, female
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

**Effects on foetal development**
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rabbit, female
- Application Route: oral (gavage)
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: No effects on foetal development
Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:
- Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
  - Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
  - Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.
- 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
  - Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- 2-Methyl-1-propanol:
  - Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.
  - Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Deltamethrin (ISO):
  - Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
- Deltamethrin (ISO):
  - Exposure routes: Ingestion
  - Target Organs: Central nervous system, Immune system
  - Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
  - Exposure routes: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
  - Target Organs: Central nervous system
  - Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
- Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
  - Species: Rat, female
  - NOAEL: 900 mg/m3
  - Application Route: Inhalation (vapour)
  - Exposure time: 12 Months
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
### Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate: |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Species             | Rat              | NOAEL           | > 1,000 mg/kg            |
| Application Route   | Ingestion        | Exposure time   | 41 - 45 Days             |
| Method              | OECD Test Guideline 422 |

| Species | Mouse     | NOAEL | 1.62 mg/l |
| Application Route | inhalation (vapour) |
| Exposure time | 2 yr |
| Remarks | Based on data from similar materials |

| Species | Rabbit              | NOAEL | > 1,838 mg/kg |
| Application Route | Skin contact |
| Exposure time | 90 Days |
| Remarks | Based on data from similar materials |

| 2-Methyl-1-propanol: |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Species             | Rat              | NOAEL           | > 1,450 mg/kg            |
| Application Route   | Ingestion        | Exposure time   | 90 Days                 |
| Method              | OECD Test Guideline 408 |

| deltamethrin (ISO): |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Species             | Rat, male and female |
| NOAEL               | 1 mg/kg          |
| LOAEL               | 2.5 mg/kg        |
| Application Route   | Oral             |
| Exposure time       | 13 Weeks         |
| Target Organs       | Nervous system   |
| Symptoms            | hyperexcitability |

| Species             | Rat |
| LOAEL               | 3 mg/m3 |
| Application Route   | inhalation (dust/mist/fume) |
| Exposure time       | 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d |
| Symptoms            | Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation |

| Species             | Dog |
| NOAEL               | 0.1 mg/kg |
| LOAEL               | 1 mg/kg |
| Application Route   | Oral |
| Exposure time       | 13 Weeks |
| Target Organs       | Nervous system   |
| Symptoms            | Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhoea, Salivation |

| Species             | Rat |
| NOAEL               | 14 mg/kg |

---
Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

LOAEL: 54 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 91 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 6 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Weeks
Target Organs: Immune system
Symptoms: immune system effects

Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

deltamethrin (ISO):
Inhalation: Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions
Ingestion: Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.22 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50: > 99 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 10 min

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 - 180 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC10: > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 0.5 h

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50: > 1 - < 10 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aquatic Invertebrates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to Algae/Aquatic Plants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): &gt; 10 - 100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): &gt; 0.1 - 1 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to Fish (Chronic Toxicity)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): &gt; 0.1 - 1 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 72 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates (Chronic Toxicity)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 1 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 21 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to Fish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,430 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 1,100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to Algae/Aquatic Plants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,799 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 117 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates (Chronic Toxicity)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 20 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 21 d</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Deltamethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to Fish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0037 µg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

LC50 (Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)): 0.0003 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1,000,000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000022 mg/l
Exposure time: 36 d

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000017 mg/l
Exposure time: 260 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0041 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1,000,000

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 78 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 70 - 80 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

deltamethrin (ISO):
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 % (30 d)

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

- **Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:**
  
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.7 - 4.5

- **2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:**
  
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.2

- **Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:**
  
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.89

- **2-Methyl-1-propanol:**
  
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1

- **deltamethrin (ISO):**
  
  Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,800
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.6

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

- **deltamethrin (ISO):**
  
  Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 7.2

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

- **Waste from residues**: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- **Contaminated packaging**: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources
of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
(Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate, deltamethrin (ISO))
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

GB 6944/12268
UN number : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information
Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases
Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Listed

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)
No. / Code Chemical name / Category Threshold quantity
WS.4 Flammable liquids 5,000 t

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CN OEL : Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CN OEL / PC-TWA : Permissible concentration - time weighted average

AICL - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with
Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Version 3.0  Revision Date: 2021/08/18  SDS Number: 2333305-00012  Date of last issue: 2021/04/09  Date of first issue: 2017/12/12

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

CN / EN