SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Section 1: Identification

Product name: Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company: MSD
Address: 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908 Upper Hutt - New Zealand
Telephone: +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: +1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

- Flammable liquids: Category 3
- Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 2
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1
- Skin sensitisation: Category 1
- Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
- Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Central nervous system, Immune system)
- Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation): Category 2 (Central nervous system)
- Aspiration hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>18.08.2021</td>
<td>2333311-00012</td>
<td>09.04.2021</td>
<td>12.12.2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hazard pictograms**

- Flammable liquid and vapour
- Harmful if swallowed
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- Causes skin irritation
- May cause an allergic skin reaction
- Causes serious eye damage
- May cause respiratory irritation
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed
- May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

**Signal word**: Danger

**Hazard statements**

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.
- P242 Use non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
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Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

P08 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Causes skin irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes serious eye damage.
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders:

- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:

- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**Section 5: Fire-fighting measures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>Water spray</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol-resistant foam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon dioxide (CO2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry chemical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Unsuitable extinguishing media | High volume water jet |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific hazards during fire-fighting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash back possible over considerable distance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous combustion products</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon oxides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen oxides (NOx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bromine compounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulphur oxides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metal oxides</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific extinguishing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use water spray to cool unopened containers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evacuate area.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special protective equipment for firefighters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use personal protective equipment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazchem Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3Y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 6: Accidental release measures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Remove all sources of ignition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use personal protective equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide dyeing or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyed material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Self-reactive substances and mixtures
  - Organic peroxides
  - Oxidizing agents
  - Flammable gases
  - Pyrophoric liquids
  - Pyrophoric solids
  - Self-heating substances and mixtures
  - Poisonous gases
  - Explosives

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>WES-TWA</td>
<td>300 ppm 890 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>WES-STEEL</td>
<td>500 ppm 1,480 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>WES-TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm 152 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN, Skin
- Wipe limit 150 µg/100 cm² Internal

Engineering measures:
- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face con-
Minimize open handling. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

**Personal protective equipment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Respiratory protection</th>
<th>If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Filter type</td>
<td>Combined particulates and organic vapour type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand protection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material</td>
<td>Chemical-resistant gloves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye protection</td>
<td>Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin and body protection</td>
<td>Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 9: Physical and chemical properties**

| Appearance                              | liquid                                                                 |
| Colour                                  | yellow                                                                |
| Odour                                   | No data available                                                    |
| Odour Threshold                         | No data available                                                    |
| pH                                      | 3 - 5                                                                 |
| Melting point/freezing point            | No data available                                                    |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | No data available                                                    |
| Flash point                             | 45 - 51 °C                                                           |
| Evaporation rate                        | No data available                                                    |
| Flammability (solid, gas)               | Not applicable                                                       |
| Flammability (liquids)                  | Not applicable                                                       |
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Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Version 5.0  Revision Date: 18.08.2021  SDS Number: 2333311-00012  Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 12.12.2017

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapour pressure: No data available
Relative vapour density: No data available
Relative density: No data available
Density: 0.963 - 0.967 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility: completely miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
Explosive properties: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight: No data available
Particle size: Not applicable

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
   Flammable liquid and vapour.
   Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
   Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Exposure routes: Inhalation
   Skin contact
   Ingestion
Eye contact

**Harmful if swallowed.**

### Acute toxicity

**Product:**

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>Acute toxicity estimate: 1,334 mg/kg Method: Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>Acute toxicity estimate: &gt; 5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Components:

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat, female): 3,492 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>LC50 (Rat): &gt; 6.193 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rabbit): &gt; 3,160 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>LC0 (Rat): 9.48 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 4,445 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 2-Methyl-1-propanol:

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 3,350 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>LC50 (Rat): &gt; 24.6 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 2,460 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

- Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

- **Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: No eye irritation

- **2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: No eye irritation

- **Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

- **2-Methyl-1-propanol:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

- **deltamethrin (ISO):**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: Moderate eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation**

- May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

- Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

- **Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:**
  - Test Type: Maximisation Test
  - Exposure routes: Skin contact
  - Species: Guinea pig
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
  - Result: negative

- **2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:**
  - Test Type: Maximisation Test
  - Exposure routes: Skin contact
  - Species: Guinea pig
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
  - Result: negative
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Version: 5.0
Revision Date: 18.08.2021
SDS Number: 2333311-00012
Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 12.12.2017

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Result: negative  
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**2-Methyl-1-propanol:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
  Result: negative

- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
  Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
  Species: Mouse  
  Application Route: Ingestion  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474  
  Result: negative

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Result: negative

  Test Type: DNA Repair  
  Test system: Escherichia coli  
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
  Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells  
  Result: negative

  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
  Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells  
  Concentration: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg  
  Result: positive

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Micronucleus test  
  Species: Mouse  
  Application Route: Oral  
  Result: negative

  Test Type: dominant lethal test  
  Species: Mouse  
  Application Route: Oral  
  Result: negative

  Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Deltamethrin (ISO):
- Species: Mouse, male and female
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 104 weeks
- NOAEL: 8 mg/kg body weight
- LOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
- Result: positive
- Target Organs: Lymph nodes

Species: Rat, male and female
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative

Species: Dog, male and female
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
- Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
- Result: negative

- Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
- Result: negative
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Effects on fertility** | Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| **Effects on foetal development** | Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)  
Result: negative |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2-Methyl-1-propanol:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Effects on fertility** | Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)  
Method: OPPTS 870.3800  
Result: negative |
| **Effects on foetal development** | Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414  
Result: negative |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>deltamethrin (ISO):</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Effects on fertility** | Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity  
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing |
| **Effects on fertility** | Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity  
Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat, male  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: Effects on fertility  
Target Organs: Testes |
| **Effects on foetal development** | Test Type: Development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight |
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Result: Skeletal malformations
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat, female
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

deltamethrin (ISO):
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Components:

deltamethrin (ISO):
Exposure routes: Ingestion
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Immune system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Species: Rat, female
NOAEL: 900 mg/m3
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 12 Months
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 41 - 45 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 1.62 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 2 yr
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: > 1,838 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 1,450 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: hyperexcitability
Species: Rat
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

LOAEL: 3 mg/m3
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d
Symptoms: Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhoea, Salivation

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 14 mg/kg
LOAEL: 54 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 91 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 6 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Weeks
Target Organs: Immune system
Symptoms: immune system effects

Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:
deltamethrin (ISO):
Inhalation:
Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions

Ingestion: Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.22 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 99 mg/l
Exposure time: 10 min

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 - 180 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): $\geq 100 \, \text{mg/l}$
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC10: $> 1,000 \, \text{mg/l}$
- Exposure time: 0.5 h

**Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:**

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50: $> 1 - < 10 \, \text{mg/l}$
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): $> 1 - 10 \, \text{mg/l}$
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): $> 10 - 100 \, \text{mg/l}$
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): $> 0.1 - 1 \, \text{mg/l}$
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): $> 0.1 - 1 \, \text{mg/l}$
- Exposure time: 72 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): $> 1 \, \text{mg/l}$
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**2-Methyl-1-propanol:**

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,430 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 1,100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,799 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 117 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other:
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 20 mg/l
# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</th>
<th>Exposure time: 21 d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0037 µg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
- LC50 (Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)): 0.0003 µg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000022 mg/l
  Exposure time: 36 d
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000017 mg/l
  Exposure time: 260 d

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0041 µg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d

## Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

**Biodegradability**
- Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 78 %
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

### 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

**Biodegradability**
- Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 90 %
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Description</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Biodegradation</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biodegradability</td>
<td>Readily biodegradable.</td>
<td>100 %</td>
<td>28 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 301B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol:</td>
<td>Readily biodegradable.</td>
<td>70 - 80 %</td>
<td>28 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 301D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deltamethrin (ISO):</td>
<td>Hydrolysis: 0 % (30 d)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Description</th>
<th>Log Pow</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:</td>
<td>3.7 - 4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:</td>
<td>1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:</td>
<td>2.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol:</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deltamethrin (ISO):</td>
<td>4.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Description</th>
<th>Log Pow</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deltamethrin (ISO):</td>
<td>7.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other adverse effects**

No data available
Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG
- UN number: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3

IATA-DGR
- UN/ID No.: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: Flammable Liquids
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 366
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 355

IMDG-Code
- UN number: UN 1993
- Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate, deltamethrin (ISO))
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3
- EmS Code: F-E, S-E
- Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

NZS 5433
- UN number: UN 1993
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)

Class: 3
Packing group: III
Labels: 3
Hazchem Code: 3Y

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR100759 Veterinary Medicines Non dispersive Open System Application Group Standard 2017

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

Section 16: Other information

Further information

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NZ OEL: New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

Version 5.0  Revision Date: 18.08.2021  SDS Number: 2333311-00012  Date of last issue: 09.04.2021  Date of first issue: 12.12.2017

25/25

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-TWA : Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-STEEL : Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

NZ / EN