SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
   Trade name : Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
   Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
   Company : MSD
   20 Spartan Road
   1619 Spartan, South Africa
   Telephone : +27119239300
   E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
   +1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
   Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

   Acute toxicity, Category 4 : H302: Harmful if swallowed.
   Skin irritation, Category 2 : H315: Causes skin irritation.
   Serious eye damage, Category 1 : H318: Causes serious eye damage.
   Skin sensitisation, Category 1 : H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
   Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 : H361fd: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
   Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 : H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
   Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 : H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
   Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2 : H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
   Aspiration hazard, Category 1 : H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
   Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 : H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
   Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1 : H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements
   Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
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<tr>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>18.08.2021</td>
<td>2333307-00013</td>
<td>09.04.2021</td>
<td>12.12.2017</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Hazard pictograms**

- Flammable liquid and vapour
- Harmful if swallowed
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- Causes skin irritation
- May cause an allergic skin reaction
- May cause respiratory irritation
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Signal word**: Danger

**Hazard statements**

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**:
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

**Response**:
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
- P391 Collect spillage

### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics
- Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts
- 2-Methyl-1-propanol
- Deltamethrin (ISO)

**2.3 Other hazards**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixtures

**Components**
# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Registration number</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 STOT SE 3; H335 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>203-603-9</td>
<td>607-195-00-7</td>
<td></td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>271-529-4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>201-148-0</td>
<td>603-108-00-1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT SE 3; H336</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>258-256-6</td>
<td>607-319-00-X</td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 3; H331 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Repr. 2; H361fd STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 1; H372 (Central nervous system, Immune system) STOT RE 1; H372 (Central nervous system) Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1.000.000 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1.000.000</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Harmful if swallowed.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Causes skin irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Causes serious eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May cause respiratory irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Bromine compounds
- Sulphur oxides
- Metal oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Flammable solids
- Pyrophoric liquids
- Pyrophoric solids
- Self-heating substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases
- Explosives
- Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>100 ppm 550 mg/m³</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm 275 mg/m³</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-1-propanol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>STEL OEL-RL</td>
<td>75 ppm 225 mg/m³</td>
<td>ZA OEL</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Recommended Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA OEL-RL</td>
<td>50 ppm 150 mg/m³</td>
<td>ZA OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Recommended Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: DSEN, Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>150 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:
## Substance name | End Use | Exposure routes | Potential health effects | Value |
---|---|---|---|---|
2-Methyl-1-propanol | Workers | Inhalation | Long-term local effects | 310 mg/m³ |
| Consumers | Inhalation | Long-term local effects | 55 mg/m³ |
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | Workers | Skin contact | Long-term systemic effects | 1,7 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumers | Skin contact | Long-term systemic effects | 85 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumers | Ingestion | Long-term systemic effects | 89 mg/kg bw/day |
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Workers | Inhalation | Long-term systemic effects | 275 mg/m³ |
| Workers | Skin contact | Long-term systemic effects | 796 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumers | Skin contact | Long-term systemic effects | 33 mg/m³ |
| Consumers | Ingestion | Long-term systemic effects | 320 mg/kg bw/day |
| Consumers | Ingestion | Long-term systemic effects | 36 mg/kg bw/day |
| Workers | Inhalation | Acute local effects | 550 mg/m³ |
| Consumers | Inhalation | Long-term local effects | 33 mg/m³ |

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

| Substance name | Environmental Compartment | Value |
---|---|---|
2-Methyl-1-propanol | Fresh water | 0.4 mg/l |
| Marine water | 0.04 mg/l |
| Intermittent use/release | 11 mg/l |
| Sewage treatment plant | 10 mg/l |
| Fresh water sediment | 1.56 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) |
| Marine sediment | 0.156 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) |
| Soil | 0.076 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) |
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | Fresh water | 0.023 mg/l |
| Marine water | 0.002 mg/l |
| Sewage treatment plant | 3 mg/l |
| Fresh water sediment | 0.174 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) |
| Marine sediment | 0.017 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) |
| Soil | 0.62 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) |
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Fresh water | 0.635 mg/l |
| Marine water | 0.0635 mg/l |
| Intermittent use/release | 6.35 mg/l |
| Sewage treatment plant | 100 mg/l |
| Fresh water sediment | 3.29 mg/kg dry
8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Personal protective equipment
Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Hand protection
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: liquid
Colour: yellow
Odour: No data available
Odour Threshold: No data available
pH: 3 - 5
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: 45 - 51 °C
Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapour pressure: No data available
Relative vapour density: No data available
Relative density: No data available
Density: 0.963 - 0.967 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility: completely miscible
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
  Auto-ignition temperature: No data available
  Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
Explosive properties: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information
  Flammability (liquids): Not applicable
  Molecular weight: No data available
  Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
  Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
  Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1.334 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): 3.492 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 6,193 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 3.160 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC0 (Rat): 9.48 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4.445 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3.350 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 24.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 2.460 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 66,7 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0,8 mg/l
Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 2.000 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 2,5 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
### 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No skin irritation

### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 404
- **Result**: Skin irritation

### 2-Methyl-1-propanol:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 404
- **Result**: Skin irritation

### Deltamethrin (ISO):
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No skin irritation

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation
- Causes serious eye damage.

#### Components:

### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation

### 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation

### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405
- **Result**: Irreversible effects on the eye

### 2-Methyl-1-propanol:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405
- **Result**: Irreversible effects on the eye

### Deltamethrin (ISO):
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Moderate eye irritation

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory sensitisation
- Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

- Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

deltamethrin (ISO):

- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Dermal
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: negative

- Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
- Exposure routes: Dermal
- Species: Humans
- Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity
- Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity assessment: Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

deltamethrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA Repair
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: negative
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

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</tbody>
</table>

**Genotoxicity in vivo**
- **Test Type:** Chromosomal aberration  
  **Test system:** Chinese hamster ovary cells  
  **Result:** negative
- **Test Type:** In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
  **Test system:** Chinese hamster lung cells  
  **Concentration:** LOAEL: 20 mg/kg  
  **Result:** positive

**Carcinogenicity**
- Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:**
- **Carcinogenicity - Assessment:** Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

**2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:**
- **Species:** Rat  
  **Application Route:** inhalation (vapour)  
  **Exposure time:** 2 Years  
  **Result:** negative  
  **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**deltamethrin (ISO):**
- **Species:** Mouse, male and female  
  **Application Route:** oral (feed)  
  **Exposure time:** 104 weeks  
  **NOAEL:** 8 mg/kg body weight  
  **LOAEL:** 4 mg/kg body weight  
  **Result:** positive  
  **Target Organs:** Lymph nodes  
- **Species:** Rat, male and female  
  **Application Route:** oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Dog, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Method: OPPTS 870.3800
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

deltamethrin (ISO):
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## Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

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</table>

### Effects on fertility
- **Test Type**: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study  
  - **Species**: Rat  
  - **Application Route**: oral (feed)  
  - **Early Embryonic Development**: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Symptoms**: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity  
  - **Remarks**: Significant toxicity observed in testing

- **Test Type**: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
  - **Species**: Rat  
  - **Application Route**: Oral  
  - **Early Embryonic Development**: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Symptoms**: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity

- **Test Type**: Fertility  
  - **Species**: Rat, male  
  - **Application Route**: Oral  
  - **Fertility**: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Symptoms**: Effects on fertility  
  - **Target Organs**: Testes

### Effects on foetal development
- **Test Type**: Development  
  - **Species**: Mouse  
  - **Application Route**: oral (gavage)  
  - **Developmental Toxicity**: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Result**: Skeletal malformations  
  - **Remarks**: Maternal toxicity observed.

- **Test Type**: Development  
  - **Species**: Rat, female  
  - **Developmental Toxicity**: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Symptoms**: No effects on foetal development

- **Test Type**: Development  
  - **Species**: Rabbit, female  
  - **Application Route**: oral (gavage)  
  - **Developmental Toxicity**: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Symptoms**: No effects on foetal development

### Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
- Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

### STOT - single exposure
- May cause respiratory irritation.  
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Components:

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
- **Assessment**: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
- **Assessment**: May cause respiratory irritation.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

deltamethrin (ISO):
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

deltamethrin (ISO):
Exposure routes: Ingestion
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Immune system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Species: Rat, female
NOAEL: 900 mg/m3
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 12 Months
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 1.000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 41 - 45 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 1.62 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 2 yr
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: > 1.838 mg/kg
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Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 1.450 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Hyperexcitability

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 3 mg/m3
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d
Symptoms: Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhoea, Salivation

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 14 mg/kg
LOAEL: 54 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 91 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 6 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Weeks
Target Organs: Immune system
Symptoms: Immune system effects

Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Product:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

deltamethrin (ISO):

Inhalation: Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching

Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions

Ingestion: Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9,2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,2 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7,9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,22 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
## 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to microorganisms
- EC50 : > 99 mg/l
- Exposure time: 10 min

### Exposures:
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 - 180 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): > 1.000 mg/l**
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

### Remarks:
- Based on data from similar materials

### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

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<tr>
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</table>

### Toxicity to microorganisms
- EC10 : > 1.000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 0,5 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
  - NOEC: >= 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0,1 - 1 mg/l**
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
  - NOEC: > 0,1 - 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 d
Species: *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC: > 1 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea)
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**2-Methyl-1-propanol:**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (*Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow)): 1.430 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (*Daphnia pulex* (Water flea)): 1.100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - ErC50 (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 1.799 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 117 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC: 20 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea)

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (*Cyprinodon variegatus* (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - LC50 (*Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (*Mysidopsis bahia* (opossum shrimp)): 0.0037 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - EC50 (*Daphnia magna* (Water flea)): 0.0035 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - LC50 (*Gammarus fasciatus* (freshwater shrimp)): 0.0003 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - EC50 (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)**
- 1.000.000
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC: 0.000022 mg/l
- Exposure time: 36 d
- Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC: 0.000017 mg/l
- Exposure time: 260 d
- Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1.000.000

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 78%
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 90%
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 100%
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 70 - 80%
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

deltamethrin (ISO):
- Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0%(30 d)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

2-Methyl-1-propanol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

deltamethrin (ISO):

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

deltamethrin (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:
Assessment

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:
Endocrine disrupting potential

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

| ADN  | : UN 1993 |
| ADR  | : UN 1993 |
| RID  | : UN 1993 |
| IMDG | : UN 1993 |
| IATA | : UN 1993 |

14.2 UN proper shipping name

| ADN  | : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate) |
| ADR  | : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate) |
| RID  | : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate) |
| IMDG | : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate, deltamethrin (ISO)) |
| IATA | : Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate) |

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

| ADN  | : 3 |
| ADR  | : 3 |
| RID  | : 3 |
| IMDG | : 3 |
| IATA | : 3 |

14.4 Packing group

| ADN  | Packing group : III |
| ADN  | Classification Code : F1 |
| ADN  | Hazard Identification Number : 30 |
| ADN  | Labels : 3 |
14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information: Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301: Toxic if swallowed.
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318: Causes serious eye damage.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H331: Toxic if inhaled.
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361fd: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.: Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute: Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.: Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.: Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit.: Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.: Flammable liquids
Repr.: Reproductive toxicity
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation**

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- **Skin Irrit.**: Skin irritation
- **Skin Sens.**: Skin sensitisation
- **STOT RE**: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
- **STOT SE**: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
- **ZA OEL**: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Occupational Exposure Limits
- **2000/39/EC / TWA**: Limit Value - eight hours
- **2000/39/EC / STEL**: Short term exposure limit
- **ZA OEL / TWA OEL-RL**: Long term occupational exposure limits - recommended limit
- **ZA OEL / STEL OEL-RL**: Short term occupational exposure limits - recommended limit

---

### ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; o.n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

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### Further information


**Classification of the mixture**: Flam. Liq. 3 H226

**Classification procedure**: Based on product data or assessment
### Deltamethrin (5%) Formulation

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<th>Classification</th>
<th>Calculation method</th>
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<td>H302</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
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<tr>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2</td>
<td>H315</td>
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<tr>
<td>Eye Dam. 1</td>
<td>H318</td>
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<td>Skin Sens. 1</td>
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<td>Repr. 2</td>
<td>H361fd</td>
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<tr>
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<td>H335</td>
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<td>H336</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1</td>
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</table>

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

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