SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Deltamethrin (Scalibor) Collar
Other means of identification: No data available

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Telefax: 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Skin sensitization: Sub-category 1A
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Central nervous system, Immune system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation): Category 1 (Central nervous system)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements:
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Precautionary Statements:

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
- P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyvinyl chloride</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triphenyl phosphate</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice:
- In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
- When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled:
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Deltamethrin (Scalibor) Collar**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>03/23/2020</td>
<td>85705-00019</td>
<td>09/13/2019</td>
<td>04/01/2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### In case of skin contact
- Get medical attention.
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

#### In case of eye contact
- Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

#### If swallowed
- Get medical attention.
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- Harmful if swallowed.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Suspected of damaging fertility.
- Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

#### Protection of first-aiders
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

#### Notes to physician
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>Water spray</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alcohol-resistant foam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Carbon dioxide (CO2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dry chemical</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Unsuitable extinguishing media | None known. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific hazards during firefighting</th>
<th>Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous combustion products</th>
<th>Carbon oxides</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nitrogen oxides (NOx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bromine compounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oxides of phosphorus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Metal oxides</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific extinguishing methods</th>
<th>Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use water spray to cool unopened containers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Evacuate area.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</th>
<th>In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use personal protective equipment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</th>
<th>Use personal protective equipment.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Emergency procedures: equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyvinyl chloride</td>
<td>9002-86-2</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Titanium dioxide

**Engineering measures**

Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**
Particulates type

**Hand protection**
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Eye protection**
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**
Work uniform or laboratory coat.

**Hygiene measures**
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.
SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : solid
Color : white
Odor : very faint
Odor Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : > 148.8 °C
Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : Not applicable
Relative vapor density : Not applicable
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (Scalibor) Collar

Molecular weight : Not applicable
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,668 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Triphenyl phosphate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 10,000 mg/kg

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity:  
LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):  
LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intravenous  
LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Titanium dioxide:  
Acute oral toxicity:  
LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:  
LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:  
**Triphenyl phosphate:**  
Species: Rabbit  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404  
Result: No skin irritation

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**  
Species: Rabbit  
Result: No skin irritation

**Titanium dioxide:**  
Species: Rabbit  
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:  
**Triphenyl phosphate:**  
Species: Rabbit  
Result: No eye irritation  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**  
Species: Rabbit  
Result: Moderate eye irritation
Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Humans
Result: positive

Titanium dioxide:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Deltamethrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: DNA Repair
  Test system: Escherichia coli
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
  Concentration: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
  Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative
- Test Type: dominant lethal test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative
- Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Mouse, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 104 weeks
NOAEL: 8 mg/kg body weight
LOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Lymph nodes

Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Dog, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: positive
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility., Embryo-fetal toxicity.
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: No effects on fertility., Embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat, male  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: Effects on fertility.  
Target Organs: Testes

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Skeletal malformations.  
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat, female  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rabbit, female  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):  
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure  
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.  
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):  
Routes of exposure: Ingestion  
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Immune system
**Assessment**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Routes of exposure**

- Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

**Target Organs**

- Central nervous system

**Assessment**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## Repeated dose toxicity

### Components:

#### Triphenyl phosphate:

- **Species**
  - Rat
- **NOAEL**
  - 105 mg/kg
- **Application Route**
  - Ingestion
- **Exposure time**
  - 90 Days
- **Method**
  - OECD Test Guideline 408

#### Deltamethrin (ISO):

- **Species**
  - Rat, male and female
- **NOAEL**
  - 1 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**
  - 2.5 mg/kg
- **Application Route**
  - Oral
- **Exposure time**
  - 13 Weeks
- **Target Organs**
  - Nervous system
- **Symptoms**
  - Hyperexcitability

- **Species**
  - Rat
- **LOAEL**
  - 3 mg/m3
- **Application Route**
  - Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- **Test atmosphere**
  - Dust/mist
- **Exposure time**
  - 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d
- **Symptoms**
  - Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation

- **Species**
  - Dog
- **NOAEL**
  - 0.1 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**
  - 1 mg/kg
- **Application Route**
  - Oral
- **Exposure time**
  - 13 Weeks
- **Target Organs**
  - Nervous system
- **Symptoms**
  - Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhea, Salivation

- **Species**
  - Rat
- **NOAEL**
  - 14 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**
  - 54 mg/kg
- **Application Route**
  - Oral
- **Exposure time**
  - 91 d
- **Target Organs**
  - Nervous system

- **Species**
  - Mouse
- **LOAEL**
  - 6 mg/kg
- **Application Route**
  - Oral
- **Exposure time**
  - 12 Weeks
Target Organs: Immune system
Symptoms: immune system effects

**Titanium dioxide:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 24,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 10 mg/m³
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 y

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Product:**
Skin contact: Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin. Based on Animal Evidence
May irritate skin.

Ingestion: Remarks: May be harmful if swallowed.

**Components:**

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

Inhalation: Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching

Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions

Ingestion: Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Product:**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 13 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.41 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.25 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Toxicity to fish: EC10 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.037 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.254 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000022 mg/l
Exposure time: 36 d
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000017 mg/l
Exposure time: 260 d

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0041 µg/l
aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Titanium dioxide:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Polyvinyl chloride:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Triphenyl phosphate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 83 - 94 %
Exposure time: 28 d

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 % (30 d)

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 144

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.63

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.6
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (Scalibor) Collar

Mobility in soil

**Components:**

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

Distribution among environmental compartments: \( \log K_{oc}: 7.2 \)

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
  
  If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation**

**TDG**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- **AICS**: not determined
- **DSL**: not determined
- **IECSC**: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

- **ACGIH**: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Deltamethrin (Scalibor) Collar

Version: 8.3
Revision Date: 03/23/2020
SDS Number: 85705-00019
Date of last issue: 09/13/2019
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CA BC OEL: Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL: Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA: 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA: 8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWAEV: Time-weighted average exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemicals in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


Revision Date: 03/23/2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Deltamethrin (Scalibor) Collar**

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SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8