Section 1: Identification

Product name : Deltamethrin (Scalibor) Collar

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company : MSD
Address : 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908
          Upper Hutt - New Zealand
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Acute Tox.4
Skin sensitisation : Skin Sens.1
Reproductive toxicity : Repr.2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : STOT RE2 (Central nervous system, Immune system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) : STOT RE2 (Central nervous system)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 🚨 ⚠️
Signal word : Warning
Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if
swallowed.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

**Response:**
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Storage:**
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**
None known.

### Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance / Mixture**: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>polyvinyl chloride</td>
<td>9002-86-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triphenyl phosphate</td>
<td>115-86-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Section 4: First-aid measures

**General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Bromine compounds
Oxides of phosphorus
Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
Section 7: Handling and storage

### Technical measures

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

### Local/Total ventilation

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

### Advice on safe handling

- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

### Hygiene measures

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### Conditions for safe storage

Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

### Materials to avoid

Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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Deltamethrin (Scalibor) Collar

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>polyvinyl chloride</td>
<td>9002-86-2</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triphenyl phosphate</td>
<td>115-86-6</td>
<td>WES-TWA</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltamethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52918-63-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: DSEN, Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Titanium dioxide

### Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Triphenyl phosphate</td>
<td>115-86-6</td>
<td>Cholinesterase activity</td>
<td>Blood</td>
<td>60 % of baseline</td>
<td>NZ BEI</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Engineering measures

Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection:** If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

- **Filter type:** Particulates type
- **Hand protection Material:** Chemical-resistant gloves

**Eye protection:** Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection:** Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : solid
Colour : white
Odour : very faint
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : > 148.8 °C
Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : Not applicable
Relative vapour density : Not applicable
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : Not applicable
Particle size : Not applicable

Section 10: Stability and reactivity
Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,668 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Triphenyl phosphate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 10,000 mg/kg

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 66.7 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 9 - 139 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 19 - 34 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 800 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Rat): 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Titanium dioxide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: Moderate eye irritation

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Maximisation Test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure routes</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Deltamethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Maximisation Test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure routes</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dermal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Humans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Titanium dioxide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Local lymph node assay (LLNA)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure routes</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:

Genotoxicity in vitro

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Chromosome aberration test in vitro</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 473</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Genotoxicity in vitro

#### Deltamethrin (ISO):

- **Test Type**: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - **Result**: negative
- **Test Type**: DNA Repair
  - **Test system**: Escherichia coli
  - **Result**: negative
- **Test Type**: Chromosomal aberration
  - **Test system**: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  - **Result**: negative
- **Test Type**: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - **Test system**: Chinese hamster lung cells
  - **Concentration**: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
  - **Result**: positive

#### Titanium dioxide:

- **Test Type**: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - **Result**: negative

### Genotoxicity in vivo

#### Deltamethrin (ISO):

- **Test Type**: Micronucleus test
  - **Species**: Mouse
  - **Application Route**: Oral
  - **Result**: negative
- **Test Type**: dominant lethal test
  - **Species**: Mouse
  - **Application Route**: Oral
  - **Result**: negative
- **Test Type**: sister chromatid exchange assay
  - **Species**: Mouse
  - **Cell type**: Bone marrow
  - **Application Route**: Oral
  - **Result**: negative

#### Titanium dioxide:

- **Test Type**: In vivo micronucleus test
  - **Species**: Mouse
  - **Result**: negative

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**

- **Species**: Mouse, male and female
- **Application Route**: oral (feed)
- **Exposure time**: 104 weeks
- **NOAEL**: 8 mg/kg body weight
- **LOAEL**: 4 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Lymph nodes

Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Dog, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: positive
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing
	Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 84 - 149 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: No effects on fertility, Embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat, male  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: Effects on fertility  
Target Organs: Testes

Effects on foetal development:  
Test Type: Development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Skeletal malformations  
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat, female  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rabbit, female  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 16 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:  
Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):  
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.  
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):  
Exposure routes: Ingestion  
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Immune system  
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
### Exposure routes

- inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

### Target Organs

- Central nervous system

### Assessment

- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

**Triphenyl phosphate:**
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 105 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

**Deltamethrin (ISO):**
- Species: Rat, male and female
- NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 13 Weeks
- Target Organs: Nervous system
- Symptoms: hyperexcitability

- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 3 mg/m³
- LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
- Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Test atmosphere: Dust/mist
- Exposure time: 2 wk / 5 d/wk / 6 h/d
- Symptoms: Local irritation, respiratory tract irritation

- Species: Dog
- NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 13 Weeks
- Target Organs: Nervous system
- Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil, Vomiting, Tremors, Diarrhoea, Salivation

- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 14 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 54 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 91 d
- Target Organs: Nervous system

- Species: Mouse
- LOAEL: 6 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 12 Weeks
Target Organs: Immune system
Symptoms: immune system effects

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 24,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 10 mg/m3
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 yr

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Product:
Skin contact: Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.
Based on Animal Evidence
May irritate skin.
Ingestion: Remarks: May be harmful if swallowed.

Components:
Deltamethrin (ISO):
Inhalation: Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation, Dizziness, Sweating, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, anorexia, Fatigue, tingling, Palpitation, Blurred vision, muscle twitching
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, Erythema, pruritis, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, tingling, Sweating, muscle twitching, Blurred vision, Fatigue, anorexia, Allergic reactions
Ingestion: Symptoms: muscle pain, Small pupils

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 13 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Ecotoxicology Assessment
Chronic aquatic toxicity: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.41 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.25 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : EC10 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.037 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.254 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.00048 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00039 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0037 µg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

LC50 (Gammarsus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)): 0.0003 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000022 mg/l
Exposure time: 36 d

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000017 mg/l
Exposure time: 260 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0041 µg/l
aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Titanium dioxide:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

polyvinyl chloride:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Triphenyl phosphate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 83 - 94 %
Exposure time: 28 d

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 %(30 d)

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Triphenyl phosphate:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 144

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.63

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.6
Mobility in soil

Components:

Deltamethrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 7.2

Other adverse effects
No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

NZS 5433
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR100759 Veterinary Medicines Non dispersive Open System Application Group Standard 2017

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.
The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- **AICS**: not determined
- **DSL**: not determined
- **IECSC**: not determined

### Section 16: Other information

**Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

**Full text of other abbreviations**

- **ACGIH**: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- **NZ BEI**: New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices
- **NZ OEL**: New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants
- **ACGIH / TWA**: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- **NZ OEL / WES-TWA**: Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

Abbreviations:
- **AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
- **ANTT** - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil
- **ASTM** - American Society for the Testing of Materials
- **bw** - Body weight
- **CMR** - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant
- **DIN** - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation
- **DSL** - Domestic Substances List (Canada)
- **ECx** - Concentration associated with x% response
- **ELx** - Loading rate associated with x% response
- **EmS** - Emergency Schedule
- **ENCS** - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)
- **ErCx** - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response
- **ERG** - Emergency Response Guide
- **GHS** - Globally Harmonized System
- **GLP** - Good Laboratory Practice
- **IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer
- **IATA** - International Air Transport Association
- **IBC** - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
- **IC50** - Half maximal inhibitory concentration
- **ICAO** - International Civil Aviation Organization
- **ICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- **ICD** - International Classification of Diseases
- **IECSC** - Inventory of Existing Chemicals in China
- **IMDG** - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- **IMO** - International Maritime Organization
- **ILO** - International Labour Organization
- **ISHL** - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)
- **ISO** - International Organisation for Standardization
- **KECI** - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- **LC50** - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population
- **LD50** - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population
- **MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
- **n.o.s.** - Not Otherwise Specified
- **Nch** - Chilean Norm
- **NO(A)EC** - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration
- **NO(A)EL** - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
- **NOM** - Official Mexican Norm
- **NTP** - National Toxicology Program
- **NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- **OECD** - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
- **OPPTS** - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
- **PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
- **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- **QSAR** - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship
- **SADT** - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
- **SDS** - Safety Data Sheet
- **TCSI** - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- **TDG** - Transportation of Dangerous Goods
- **TSCA** - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)
- **UN** - United Nations
- **UNRTDG** - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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