SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diminazene / Phenazone Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Diminazene / Phenazone Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma
Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Skin irritation: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Brain)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Brain)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H370 Causes damage to organs (Brain) if swallowed.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
RESPONSE: 
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

STORAGE: 
P405 Store locked up.

DISPOSAL: 
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

OTHER HAZARDS WHICH DO NOT RESULT IN CLASSIFICATION 
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diminazene</td>
<td>536-71-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 -&lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenazone</td>
<td>60-80-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to organs if swallowed. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diminazene</td>
<td>536-71-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 µg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
  - Filter type: Particulates type

Hand protection:
- Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection:
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
  - If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,
mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a face shield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:
- Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
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<tr>
<td>Color</td>
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<td>Odor</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>5.0 - 7.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: None known.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

**SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

**Diminazene:**

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 663 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

LD50 (Mouse): 258 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
LDLo (Dog): 20 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intramuscular

**Phenazone:**
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Cat): 1.250 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Causes skin irritation.

**Components:**

**Diminazene:**
Species : Rabbit  
Result : Skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Diminazene:**
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)  
Test system: Salmonella typhimurium  
Method: Mutagenicity (Salmonella typhimurium - reverse mutation assay)  
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Test system: Mouse  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Test system: Chinese hamster cells  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Mouse  
Result: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment**  
Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
- Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: negative

- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

Carcinogenicity:
- Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity:
- Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diminazene:
- Effects on fetal development:
  - Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 800 mg/kg body weight
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 800 mg/kg body weight
  - Symptoms: Skeletal malformations, Embryo-fetal toxicity.

- Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
  - Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.

Phenazone:
- Effects on fertility:
  - Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

STOT-single exposure:
- Causes damage to organs (Brain) if swallowed.

Components:

Diminazene:
- Routes of exposure: Oral
Target Organs: Brain
Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 1000 mg/kg bw or less.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:

Diminazene:
Routes of exposure: Oral
Target Organs: Brain
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Diminazene:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 63 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 9 Months

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 60 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 9 Months
Target Organs: Brain, Testis
Symptoms: Disorder

Phenazone:
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 63 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 6 Months

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Diminazene:
Ingestion: Target Organs: Stomach
           Symptoms: Vomiting
           Target Organs: Central nervous system
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diminazene / Phenazone Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Symptoms: paralysis
Target Organs: Immune system
Symptoms: Fever

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Phenazone:
- Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 1.000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1.000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
- Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: 16,900 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Phenazone:
- Biodegradability: Result: Not inherently biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 50 %
  Exposure time: 20 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Phenazone:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.38

Mobility in soil
No data available
Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents Registry : Not applicable
Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs : Not applicable

International Regulations

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of other abbreviations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AICS</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANT</td>
<td>National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASTM</td>
<td>American Society for the Testing of Materials;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bw</td>
<td>Body weight;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMR</td>
<td>Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIN</td>
<td>Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (Canada);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECx</td>
<td>Concentration associated with x% response;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELx</td>
<td>Loading rate associated with x% response;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmS</td>
<td>Emergency Schedule;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENCS</td>
<td>Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ErCx</td>
<td>Concentration associated with x% growth rate response;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERG</td>
<td>Emergency Response Guide;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GHS</td>
<td>Globally Harmonized System;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GLP</td>
<td>Good Laboratory Practice;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IARC</td>
<td>International Agency for Research on Cancer;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>International Air Transport Association;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBC</td>
<td>International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IC50</td>
<td>Half maximal inhibitory concentration;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICAO</td>
<td>International Civil Aviation Organization;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IECSC</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>International Maritime Dangerous Goods;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMO</td>
<td>International Maritime Organization;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISHL</td>
<td>Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISO</td>
<td>International Organisation for Standardization;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KECI</td>
<td>Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARPOL</td>
<td>International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n.o.s.</td>
<td>Not Otherwise Specified;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nch</td>
<td>Chilean Norm;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO(A)EC</td>
<td>No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO(A)EL</td>
<td>No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOELR</td>
<td>No Observable Effect Loading Rate;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOM</td>
<td>Official Mexican Norm;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTP</td>
<td>National Toxicology Program;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NZIoC</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OECD</td>
<td>Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPPTS</td>
<td>Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention;</td>
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<tr>
<td>PBT</td>
<td>Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance;</td>
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<tr>
<td>PICCS</td>
<td>Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances;</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Q)SAR</td>
<td>(Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship;</td>
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<tr>
<td>SADT</td>
<td>Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature;</td>
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<td>SDS</td>
<td>Safety Data Sheet;</td>
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<tr>
<td>TCSI</td>
<td>Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory;</td>
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<td>TDG</td>
<td>Transport of Dangerous Goods;</td>
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<td>TSCA</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (United States);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN</td>
<td>United Nations;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNRTDG</td>
<td>United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vPvB</td>
<td>Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHMIS</td>
<td>Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

AR / Z8