SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diminazene / Phenazone Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Diminazene / Phenazone Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Telefax: 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200
Skin irritation: Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Brain)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Brain)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements:
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H370 Causes damage to organs (Brain) if swallowed.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Diminazene / Phenazone Formulation**

Version 2.0  
Revision Date: 10/09/2019  
SDS Number: 4834924-00002  
Date of last issue: 09/10/2019  
Date of first issue: 09/10/2019

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**Other hazards**

None known.

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**SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**Substance / Mixture**: Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diminazene</td>
<td>536-71-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenazone</td>
<td>60-80-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

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**SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

**General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled**: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**In case of skin contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed**: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**: Causes skin irritation. Causes damage to organs if swallowed. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

**Protection of first-aiders**: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

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**SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diminazene / Phenazone Formulation

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diminazene</td>
<td>536-71-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 µg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection:
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection:
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,
Skin and body protection
- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid
Color : yellow-orange
Odor : No data available
Odor Threshold : No data available
pH : 5.0 - 7.0
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies) : No data available
### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity**: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability**: Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions to avoid**: None known.

**Incompatible materials**: Oxidizing agents

**Hazardous decomposition products**: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

**Inhalation**

**Skin contact**

**Ingestion**

**Eye contact**

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product**

**Acute oral toxicity**

- Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
- Method: Calculation method

**Components**

**Diminazene**

- **Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)**
  - LD50 (Rat): 663 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous

  - LD50 (Mouse): 258 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous
**Phenazone:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Cat): 1,250 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Causes skin irritation.

**Components:**

**Diminazene:**

Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**

Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**

Not classified based on available information.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Diminazene:**

Genotoxicity in vitro:

- Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)
  - Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
  - Method: Mutagenicity (Salmonella typhimurium - reverse mutation assay)
  - Result: negative

- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  - Test system: Mouse
  - Result: negative

- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Test system: Chinese hamster cells
  - Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:

- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  - Species: Mouse
  - Result: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment**:

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.
Phenazone:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
- Not classified based on available information.
  - IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
  - OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.
  - NTP: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
- Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Diminazene:
- Effects on fetal development:
  - Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 800 mg/kg body weight
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 800 mg/kg body weight
  - Symptoms: Skeletal malformations., Embryofetal toxicity.
  - Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight

  - Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.

Phenazone:
- Effects on fertility:
  - Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diminazene / Phenazone Formulation

Version: 2.0  Revision Date: 10/09/2019  SDS Number: 4834924-00002  Date of last issue: 09/10/2019  Date of first issue: 09/10/2019

Application Route: Ingestion  Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs (Brain) if swallowed.

Components:

Diminazene:

- Routes of exposure: Oral
- Target Organs: Brain
- Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 1000 mg/kg bw or less.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:

Diminazene:

- Routes of exposure: Oral
- Target Organs: Brain
- Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Diminazene:

- Species: Rat
  - NOAEL: 63 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Exposure time: 3 Months

- Species: Rat
  - NOAEL: 300 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Exposure time: 9 Months

- Species: Dog
  - LOAEL: 60 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Exposure time: 9 Months
  - Target Organs: Brain, Testis
  - Symptoms: Disorder

Phenazone:

- Species: Dog
  - NOAEL: 63 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Exposure time: 6 Months
Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

**Diminazene:**
- **Ingestion**
  - Target Organs: Stomach
  - Symptoms: Vomiting
  - Target Organs: Central nervous system
  - Symptoms: Paralysis
  - Target Organs: Immune system
  - Symptoms: Fever

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

**Phenazone:**
- Toxicity to fish
  - LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
  - ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 10 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)
  - NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
- Toxicity to microorganisms
  - EC50: 16,900 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

**Phenazone:**
- Biodegradability
  - Result: Not inherently biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 50 %
  - Exposure time: 20 d
Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Phenazone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
: log Pow: 0.38

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues
: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging
: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
: Skin corrosion or irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Water 7732-18-5
Diminazene 536-71-0
Phenazone 60-80-0

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

HMIS® IV:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>* 4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized Sys-
Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

Revision Date: 10/09/2019

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.