SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Embutramide / Mebezonium / Tetracaine Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: Avenida 16 de Septiembre No. 301
Xaltocan - Xochimilco Mexico 16090
Telephone: 52 55 57284444
Telefax: 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids: Category 4
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Dermal): Category 4
Eye irritation: Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 2 (Nervous system, muscle)
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
- 
- 
Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H227 Combustible liquid.
H302 + H312 + H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H371 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system, muscle).
Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 + P312 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards:
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylformamide</td>
<td>68-12-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 50 - &lt; 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Embutramide</td>
<td>15687-14-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mebezonium iodide</td>
<td>7681-78-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetracaine hydrochloride</td>
<td>136-47-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs.

Protection of first-aiders

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Ammonia
Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/Personal Protection section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety.
practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.


Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylformamide</td>
<td>68-12-2</td>
<td>VLE-PPT</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Embutramide</td>
<td>15687-14-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30 µg/m³</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mebezonium iodide</td>
<td>7681-78-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>3 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetracaine hydrochloride</td>
<td>136-47-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN, Skin
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Embutramide / Mebezonium / Tetracaine Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylformamide</td>
<td>68-12-2</td>
<td>N-methylformamide</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift</td>
<td>15 mg/l</td>
<td>MX BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-Acetyl-S-(N-methylcarbamoyl) cysteine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total N-Methylformamide</td>
<td></td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift</td>
<td>30 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**: All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**

**Hand protection**: Combined particulates and ammonia/amines type

**Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

- **Appearance**: liquid
- **Color**: No data available
- **Odor**: No data available
- **Odor Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: 5 - 6
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: 81 °C
- **Evaporation rate**: No data available
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable
- **Flammability (liquids)**: Not applicable
- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: No data available
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: No data available
- **Vapor pressure**: No data available
- **Relative vapor density**: No data available
- **Relative density**: No data available
- **Density**: No data available
- **Solubility(ies)**: soluble
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: No data available
- **Autoignition temperature**: No data available
- **Decomposition temperature**: No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Embutramide / Mebezonium / Tetracaine Formulation

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : Not applicable

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid

- Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

- Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

Skin contact

Ingestion

Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,200 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 19.41 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,942 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

N,N-Dimethylformamide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3,010 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.85 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: vapor
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 3,160 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Embutramide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,550 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
  LD50 (Dog): 31 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
  TDLo (Dog): 15.5 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
  Symptoms: narcosis
  LD50 (Horse): 20 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
  LD50 (sheep): 80 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
  LD50 (Pig): 100 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous

Mebezonium iodide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): 200 - 300 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
  LC50 (Dog): 15 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous

Tetracaine hydrochloride:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 300 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
  LD50 (Rat): 6 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
  LD50 (Mouse): 6 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
N,N-Dimethylformamide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
### Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylformamide:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylformamide:**
- **Test Type**: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Result**: negative

**Tetracaine hydrochloride:**
- **Routes of exposure**: Dermal
- **Result**: Sensitizer

### Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylformamide:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - Result: negative

**Genotoxicity in vivo**:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Result: negative

**Tetracaine hydrochloride:**
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Embutramide / Mebezonium / Tetracaine Formulation

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Result: equivocal

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Rat Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylformamide:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
- Result: negative

Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
- Exposure time: 18 Months
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
- Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylformamide:
- Test Type: Two-generation study Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: equivocal

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
  Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Tetracaine hydrochloride:
- Test Type: Fertility Species: Rat, male and female
  Application Route: Subcutaneous
Fertility: NOAEL: 7.5 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development :
Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects.

STOT-single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May cause damage to organs (Nervous system, muscle).

Components:
Embutramide:
Assessment :
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Mebezonium iodide:
Target Organs :
Nervous system, muscle
Assessment :
May cause damage to organs.

Tetracaine hydrochloride:
Target Organs :
Central nervous system, Cardio-vascular system
Assessment :
Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
N,N-Dimethylformamide:
Species :
Rat
NOAEL :
238 mg/kg
LOAEL :
475 mg/kg
Application Route :
Ingestion
Exposure time :
28 Days

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Experience with human exposure

**Components:**

Embutramide:
Inhalation:
- Target Organs: Central nervous system
- Symptoms: Drowsiness, Central nervous system depression, muscle weakness, Shortness of breath

Mebezonium iodide:
Inhalation:
- Symptoms: Weakness, Fatigue, Breathing difficulties

Tetracaine hydrochloride:
Inhalation:
- Target Organs: Cardio-vascular system
  - Target Organs: Central nervous system
- Symptoms: Central nervous system depression, Dizziness, Headache, hypotension, Vomiting

Skin contact:
- Symptoms: Redness, pruritus

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

N,N-Dimethylformamide:
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 7,100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 13,100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
- EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d

Embutramide:
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50: 21 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 24 h
  - Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Persistence and degradability

Components:

N,N-Dimethylformamide:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

N,N-Dimethylformamide:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.3 - 1.2
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305C

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.01

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NOM-002-SCT
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user
Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
MX BEI : Official Mexican Norm NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health - Biological exposure indices for workers occupationally exposed to chemical agents
NOM-010-STPS-2014 : Mexico. Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Control - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-PPT : Time weighted average limit value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Embutramide / Mebezonium / Tetracaine Formulation**

**Version** 3.8  
**Revision Date:** 02.10.2020  
**SDS Number:** 1714272-00014  
**Date of last issue:** 23.03.2020  
**Date of first issue:** 25.05.2017

Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:  

**Revision Date:** 02.10.2020

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8