SAFETY DATA SHEET
Enilconazole Smoke Formulation

Version 5.0  Revision Date: 04/04/2023  SDS Number: 785465-00019  Date of last issue: 10/01/2022  Date of first issue: 06/28/2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Enilconazole Smoke Formulation
Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue  Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone : 908-740-4000  Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Oxidizing solids : Category 1
Eye irritation : Category 2A
Carcinogenicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Liver)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 

Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements : H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.  H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  H351 Suspected of causing cancer.  H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  P220 Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
P283 Wear fire resistant or flame retardant clothing.

Response:
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P306 + P360 IF ON CLOTHING: rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
P371 + P380 + P375 In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.
P420 Store separately.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Components</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>Common Name/Synonym</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enilconazole</td>
<td>Imazalil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium chlorate</td>
<td>Chloric acid, potassium salt (1:1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.
In case of skin contact:
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
- In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
- If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
- Get medical attention.

If swallowed:
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- Suspected of causing cancer.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders:
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Chlorine compounds
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
- Only trained personnel should re-enter the area.
Emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:

Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Non-sparking tools should be used.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Flush with water.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:

Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:

Use only with adequate ventilation.
If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:

Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Keep away from combustible material.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
- Self-reactive substances and mixtures
- Organic peroxides
- Flammable liquids
- Flammable solids
- Pyrophoric liquids
- Pyrophoric solids
- Self-heating substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
- Aerosol cans and lighters
- Explosives
- Gases
- Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures
- Acutely toxic substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures with chronic toxicity

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>TWAEV (respirable dust)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulates)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 fibres per cubic centimeter</td>
<td>CA ON OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA ON OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enilconazole</td>
<td>35554-44-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.3 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin
Engineering measures: Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound. All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: powder

Color: Grey-brown

Odor: No data available

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids): No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapor pressure: No data available

Relative vapor density: No data available

Relative density: No data available

Density: No data available

Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available

Autoignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic: No data available

Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is classified as oxidizing with the category 1.

Molecular weight: No data available

Particle size: No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
   May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
   Exposure to metals, combustible or organic materials can cause a violent reaction or ignition.
   May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials: Accelerators, strong acids and bases, heavy metals and heavy metal salts, reducing agents
Flammable materials
Organic materials

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2,100 - 2,800 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC0 (Rat): 10.73 mg/l
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Rabbit): > 0.6 ml/kg

Components:
Talc:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Enilconazole:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 227 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI
LD50 (Mouse): 390 - 620 mg/kg
LD50 (Dog): > 640 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 1.84 - 2.88 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,200 - 4,800 mg/kg
LD50 (Rabbit): 4,200 mg/kg
### Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)
LD50 (Rat): 155 mg/kg 
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

### Potassium chlorate:

#### Acute oral toxicity
LD50 (Rat): > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

#### Acute dermal toxicity
LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

### Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No skin irritation

**Components:**

#### Talc:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No skin irritation

#### Enilconazole:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Mild skin irritation

#### Potassium chlorate:
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No skin irritation
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Product:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Moderate eye irritation
**Components:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Talc:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>No eye irritation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enilconazole:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Irreversible effects on the eye</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Species      | Rabbit            |                  |
| Result       | Moderate eye irritation |                  |
| Remarks      | Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI |                  |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potassium chlorate:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>No eye irritation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 405</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

| Species          | Guinea pig       |                  |
| Result           | Not a skin sensitizer. |                  |

**Components:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Talc:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Routes of exposure</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Humans</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enilconazole:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Type</td>
<td>Maximization Test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routes of exposure</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>equivocal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Routes of exposure | Dermal |                  |
| Species            | Humans |                  |
| Result             | Not a skin sensitizer. |                  |
### Potassium chloride:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximization Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 406</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Talc:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Species (in vitro)</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis</td>
<td>DNA damage and repair</td>
<td>Human lymphocytes</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td>Chromosome aberration</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Enilconazole:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Species (in vitro)</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DNA damage and repair</td>
<td>Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromosomal aberration</td>
<td></td>
<td>Human lymphocytes</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gene mutation test</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chinese hamster fibroblasts</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rodent dominant lethal test</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative
Potassium chlorate:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 482
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

Talc:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Enilconazole:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
LOAEL: 33 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Liver

Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 23 Months
NOAEL: 8 mg/kg body weight
LOAEL: 105 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Liver
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Potassium chlorate:

Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 106 weeks
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Talc:

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Enilconazole:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Multi-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
Result: Maternal toxicity observed., Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.
Remarks: Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 80 mg/kg body weight
Result: Reduced fetal weight., Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses
Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: Maternal toxicity observed., No teratogenic effects., Postimplantation loss.
Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.
Potassium chloride:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
Eniliconazole:
Target Organs: Liver
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
Eniliconazole:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 - 24 Months
Target Organs: Liver
Symptoms: decrease in appetite

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Months
Symptoms: Salivation, Vomiting

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 12 mg/kg
LOAEL: 140 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Liver
Potassium chlorate:
- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: > 100 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 90 Days
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components**:

**Enilconazole**:
- **Skin contact**: Symptoms: pruritis, skin rash, Skin irritation
- **Eye contact**: Symptoms: Eye irritation
- **Ingestion**: Symptoms: Nausea

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**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components**:

**Talc**:
- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 100,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 24 h

**Enilconazole**:
- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.48 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 3.99 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.54 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.457 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): < 0.007 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to fish:

- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

- ErC50: 1.9 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- NOEC: 0.5 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms:

- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 3 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

**Enilconazole:**

- Biodegradability: Result: not rapidly degradable
- Biodegradation: 50 %
- Exposure time: 166 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

**Enilconazole:**

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.82
Mobility in soil

Components:

Enilconazole:

Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.82

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 1485
Proper shipping name: POTASSIUM CHLORATE MIXTURE
Class: 5.1
Packing group: II
Labels: 5.1

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 1485
Proper shipping name: Potassium chlorate Mixture
Class: 5.1
Packing group: II
Labels: Oxidizer
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 562
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 558

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 1485
Proper shipping name: POTASSIUM CHLORATE MIXTURE (Enilconazole)
Class: 5.1
Packing group: II
Labels: 5.1
EmS Code: F-H, S-Q
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation
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TDG
UN number : UN 1485
Proper shipping name : POTASSIUM CHLORATE MIXTURE
Class : 5.1
Packing group : II
Labels : 5.1
ERG Code : 140
Marine pollutant : yes (Enilconazole)

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)
CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory con-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Eniliconazole Smoke Formulation

Version: 5.0  Revision Date: 04/04/2023  SDS Number: 785465-00019  Date of last issue: 10/01/2022

Revision Date:

Date format: mm/dd/yyyy

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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