1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Enilconazole Smoke Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD
Address : JL Raya Pandaan KM. 48
Pandaan, Jawa Timur - Indonesia
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTeward@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Oxidizing solids : Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A
Carcinogenicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Liver)
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms : [Images of hazard symbols]
Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat.
P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.
P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P283 Wear fire/ flame resistant/ retardant clothing.

Response:
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P306 + P360 IF ON CLOTHING: rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P371 + P380 + P375 In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole</td>
<td>35554-44-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium chlorate</td>
<td>3811-04-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES
General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting : Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Enilconazole Smoke Formulation

Version 4.6
Revision Date: 09/13/2019
SDS Number: 785471-00011
Date of last issue: 2019/04/24
Date of first issue: 2016/06/28

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
- Only trained personnel should re-enter the area.
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
- Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
- Flush with water.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
- Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
- Use only with adequate ventilation.
- If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not breathe dust.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Keep away from combustible material.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store in original container.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Keep away from direct sunlight.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Flammable gases
Flammable liquids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases
Explosives
Corrosive Substances

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>NAB (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m3</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Not classified as carcinogenic to humans. Not enough data to classify these materials as carcinogenic to humans</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>2 mg/m3</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole</td>
<td>35554-44-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.3 mg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Enilconazole Smoke Formulation

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Grey-brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Exposure to metals, combustible or organic materials can cause a violent reaction or ignition. May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials: Accelerators, strong acids and bases, heavy metals and heavy metal salts, reducing agents Flammable materials Organic materials
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2,100 - 2,800 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - LC0 (Rat): 10.73 mg/l
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.
- Acute dermal toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 0.6 ml/kg

Components:

Talc:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 227 mg/kg
  - Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI
  - LD50 (Mouse): 390 - 620 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Dog): > 640 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - LC50 (Rat): 1.84 - 2.88 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI
- Acute dermal toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): 4,200 - 4,800 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Rabbit): 4,200 mg/kg
- Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
  - LD50 (Rat): 155 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Potassium chlorate:
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Enilconazole Smoke Formulation

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity
LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Components:
Talc:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

Potassium chlorate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Product:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Moderate eye irritation

Components:
Talc:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation
Species: Rabbit
Result: Moderate eye irritation
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

Potassium chlorate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Components:
Talc:
Species: Humans
Result: negative

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: equivocal

Potassium chlorate:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Talc:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Potassium chlorate:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 482  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo  
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity  
Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

Talc:  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: negative

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight  
Result: negative

Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
LOAEL: 33 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Positive  
Target Organs: Liver

Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 23 Months  
NOAEL: 8 mg/kg body weight  
LOAEL: 105 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Positive  
Target Organs: Liver  
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Potassium chlorate:  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 106 weeks
### Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

**Talc:**

**Effects on foetal development**  
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:**

**Effects on fertility**  
Test Type: Multi-generation study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Maternal toxicity observed, Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.  
Remarks: Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

**Effects on foetal development**  
Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 80 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Reduced foetal weight, Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses  
Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

**Potassium chlorate:**

**Effects on fertility**  
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Effects on foetal development**  
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat
STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:
Target Organs : Liver
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 20 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 - 24 Months
Target Organs : Liver
Symptoms : decrease in appetite

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 2.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 20 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 Months
Symptoms : Salivation, Vomiting

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 12 mg/kg
LOAEL : 140 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Liver

Potassium chlorate:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : > 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Experience with human exposure

Components:

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Symptoms: pruritis, skin rash, Skin irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>Symptoms: Eye irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Symptoms: Nausea</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Talc:

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): &gt; 100,000 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 24 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.48 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
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</tbody>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 3.99 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.54 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.2 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.457 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &lt; 0.007 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 21 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Potassium chloride:

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): &gt; 100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
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</tbody>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic plants</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

Persistence and degradability

Components:

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:

Biodegradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:

Mobility in soil

Components:

1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole:

Other adverse effects

No data available
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
- UN number: UN 1485
- Proper shipping name: POTASSIUM CHLORATE MIXTURE
- Class: 5.1
- Packing group: II
- Labels: 5.1

**IATA-DGR**
- UN/ID No.: UN 1485
- Proper shipping name: Potassium chlorate mixture
- Class: 5.1
- Packing group: II
- Labels: Oxidizer
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 562
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 558

**IMDG-Code**
- UN number: UN 1485
- Proper shipping name: POTASSIUM CHLORATE MIXTURE (1-[2-(Allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole)
- Class: 5.1
- Packing group: II
- Labels: 5.1
- EmS Code: F-H, S-Q
- Marine pollutant: yes

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Special precautions for user**
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health

Hazardous substances that must be registered : Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances

Hazardous substances approved for use : Not applicable
Prohibited substances : Not applicable
Restricted substances : Not applicable

Regulation of the Minister of Trade No. 44 of 2009 on Procurement, Distribution and Supervision of Hazardous Materials

Type of Hazardous Materials Restricted to Import, Distribution and Supervision : Potassium chlorate

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ID OEL : Indonesia. Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ID OEL / NAB : Long term exposure limit

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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