SAFETY DATA SHEET
Enrofloxacin Liquid (20%) Formulation

Version 2.4  Revision Date: 04/04/2023  SDS Number: 9743109-00006  Date of last issue: 10/01/2022  Date of first issue: 10/13/2021

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Enrofloxacin Liquid (20%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Combustible dust

Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Skin corrosion: Category 1A
Serious eye damage: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (cartilage, Testis)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2 (Respiratory Tract)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372 Causes damage to organs (cartilage, Testis) through
prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Respiratory Tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
P301 + P330 + P331 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Mixture</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enrofloxacin</td>
<td>93106-60-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt;= 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>1310-58-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt;= 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disodium EDTA, dihydrate</td>
<td>6381-92-6</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical
advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled
: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact
: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact
: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed
: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
: Causes digestive tract burns. Corrosive to respiratory system. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes severe burns.

Protection of first-aiders
: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician
: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
: Water spray
   Alcohol-resistant foam
   Carbon dioxide (CO2)
   Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media
: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting
: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products
: Carbon oxides
   Metal oxides
   Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods
: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Soak up with inert absorbent material. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Self-reactive substances and mixtures
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enrofloxacin</td>
<td>93106-60-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.2 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>1310-58-3</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Engineering measures:
- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection**
- General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Hand protection**
- Chemical-resistant gloves
Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Aqueous solution

Color: light yellow

Odor: No data available

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: 10.5 - 12.5

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids): Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapor pressure: No data available

Relative vapor density: No data available

Relative density: No data available
Density : 0.950 - 1.150 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
   : Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
   : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
   : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
   : Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
   : Acids

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
   Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
   Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,806 mg/kg
   Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 150 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 500 - 800 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Potassium hydroxide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 333 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2,800 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat, male): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes severe burns.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Result: No skin irritation

Potassium hydroxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Result: Mild eye irritation
Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Potassium hydroxide:
Test Type: Intracutaneous test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian bone marrow sister chromatid ex-
change
Species: Hamster
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Species: Rat
Result: negative

Potassium hydroxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Genotoxicity in vitro
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Result: negative
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Enrofloxacin Liquid (20%) Formulation

Version: 2.4
Revision Date: 04/04/2023
SDS Number: 9743109-00006
Date of last issue: 10/01/2022
Date of first issue: 10/13/2021

Remarks:
Based on data from similar materials

IARC
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Fertility: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Effects on fertility., alteration in sperm morphology

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 210 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Reduced fetal weight., No teratogenic effects.
  - Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

  - Test Type: Development
    - Species: Rabbit
    - Application Route: Oral
    - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Four-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.
STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (cartilage, Testis) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs (Respiratory Tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Target Organs : cartilage, Testis
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs : Respiratory Tract
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 36 mg/kg
LOAEL : 150 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Testis

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 3 mg/kg
LOAEL : 9.6 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : cartilage

Species : Cat
NOAEL : 25 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 30 Days
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 0.03 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 4 Weeks
Method : OECD Test Guideline 412
Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, central nervous system effects, Sensitivity to light

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochiru (Bluegill sunfish)): 79.5 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 196 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Hyalella azteca (Amphipod)): > 206 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 79.9 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0.049 mg/l Exposure time: 5 d

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochiru (Bluegill sunfish)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 140 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: DIN 38412</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 25 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>EC10 (activated sludge): &gt; 500 mg/l Exposure time: 30 min Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**

| Biodegradability | Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 2 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D |

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Enrofloxacin:**

| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | log Pow: 0.5 |

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**

| Bioaccumulation | Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 500 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | log Pow: -4.3 |

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Enrofloxacin:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: Koc: 5.55

Other adverse effects: No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UN/RTDG
- UN number: UN 1814
- Proper shipping name: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
- Class: 8
- Packing group: II
- Labels: 8

IATA-DGR
- UN/ID No.: UN 1814
- Proper shipping name: Potassium hydroxide solution
- Class: 8
- Packing group: II
- Labels: Corrosive
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 855
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 851

IMDG Code
- UN number: UN 1814
- Proper shipping name: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION (Enrofloxacin)
- Class: 8
- Packing group: II
- Labels: 8
- EmS Code: F-A, S-B
- Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
- UN/ID/NA number: UN 1814
- Proper shipping name: Potassium hydroxide, solution
- Class: 8
Packing group : II
Labels : CORROSIVE
ERG Code : 154
Marine pollutant : yes (Enrofloxacin)

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Component RQ (lbs)</th>
<th>Calculated product RQ (lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>1310-58-3</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>20000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
- Combustible dust
- Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
- Reproductive toxicity
- Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
- Skin corrosion or irritation
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- Water 7732-18-5
- Enrofloxacin 93106-60-6
- Potassium hydroxide 1310-58-3

California List of Hazardous Substances
- Potassium hydroxide 1310-58-3

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
- Potassium hydroxide 1310-58-3

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS : not determined
- DSL : not determined
- IECSC : not determined
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

Flammability

Instability

Health

Special hazard

HMIS® IV:

HEALTH

FLAMMABILITY

PHYSICAL HAZARD

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
ACGIH / C : Ceiling limit
NIOSH REL / C : Ceiling value not be exceeded at any time.

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic sub-
stance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative


Revision Date: 04/04/2023

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8