1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name : Enrofloxacin / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Supplier’s company name, address and phone number
Company name of supplier : MSD
Address : Kumagaya, Saitama Prefecture, Xicheng 810 MSD Co., Ltd. Menuma factory
Telephone : 048-588-8411
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 1 (cartilage, Testis)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :
Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements :
H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372 Causes damage to organs (cartilage, Testis) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
- P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enrofloxacin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichloro-phenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice:
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled:
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
- Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact:
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Suspected of damaging fertility. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Sodium oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for: Soak up with inert absorbent material.
containment and cleaning up
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSOAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Avoidance of contact:
- Oxidizing agents
- Acids
Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Storage
Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
Packaging material:
- Unsuitable material: None known.
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enrofloxacin</td>
<td>93106-60-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.2 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>100-51-6</td>
<td>OEL-C</td>
<td>25 mg/m³</td>
<td>JP OEL JSOH</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate</td>
<td>15307-79-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin sensitizing agent; Group 2 substances which probably induce allergic reactions in humans.

Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type
Hand protection Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: liquid
Colour: light yellow
Odour: No data available
Odour Threshold: No data available
### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>10.5 - 11.5 (as aqueous solution)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic : No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>Water solubility : soluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Density and / or relative density</td>
<td>Relative density : No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>1.07 - 1.08 g/cm³</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle characteristics</td>
<td>Particle size : Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Enrofloxacin / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents, Acids
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rabbit): > 159 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Enrofloxacin:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 500 - 800 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Benzyl alcohol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,620 mg/kg
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Enrofloxacin / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Version 4.0
Revision Date: 2020/10/10
SDS Number: 1239755-00011
Date of last issue: 2020/03/23
Date of first issue: 2017/01/26

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Sodium [2-[2,6-dichlorophenyl]amino]phenyl]acetate:

Acute oral toxicity
LD50 (Rat): 55 - 240 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 170 - 389 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)
LD50 (Rat): 97 - 161 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 92 - 147 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Enrofloxacin:
Result: No skin irritation

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Sodium [2-[2,6-dichlorophenyl]amino]phenyl]acetate:
Result: irritating

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Enrofloxacin:
Result: Mild eye irritation
Benzy alcohol:

- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

- **Result**: Mild eye irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**

- **Test Type**: Maximisation Test
- **Exposure routes**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: negative

**Enrofloxacin:**

- **Test Type**: Maximisation Test
- **Exposure routes**: Dermal
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: Not a skin sensitizer.

**Benzyl alcohol:**

- **Test Type**: Maximisation Test
- **Exposure routes**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 406
- **Result**: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**

- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
- **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Result: negative
Enrofloxacin:  
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Result: positive  
Genotoxicity in vivo:  
Species: Mouse  
Result: negative  
Species: Hamster  
Result: negative  
Species: Rat  
Result: negative  
Genotoxicity in vivo:  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Result: negative  
Species: CHO  
Result: negative  
Carcinogenicity  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:  
Propylene glycol:  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: negative  
Enrofloxacin:  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: negative

**Species**  
**Application Route**: Oral  
**Exposure time**: 2 Years  
**Result**: negative

**Benzyl alcohol:**  
**Species**: Mouse  
**Application Route**: Ingestion  
**Exposure time**: 103 weeks  
**Method**: OECD Test Guideline 451  
**Result**: negative

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**  
**Species**: Rat  
**Application Route**: Oral  
**Exposure time**: 2 Years  
**Result**: negative

**Species**  
**Application Route**: Oral  
**Exposure time**: 2 Years  
**Result**: negative

**Reproductive toxicity**  
Suspected of damaging fertility.

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**  
**Effects on fertility**: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development**: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Enrofloxacin:**  
**Effects on fertility**: Test Type: Two-generation study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Effects on fertility, alteration in sperm morphology

**Effects on foetal development**: Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 210 mg/kg body weight
Result: Reduced foetal weight, No teratogenic effects
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight
Result: No fetotoxicity, No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

Benzyl alcohol:
Effects on fertility
: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Effects on fertility
: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development
: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (cartilage, Testis) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
**Components:**

**Enrofloxacin:**
- **Target Organs**: cartilage, Testis
- **Assessment**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**
- **Target Organs**: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate
- **Assessment**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**
- **Species**: Rat, male
- **NOAEL**: 1,700 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 2 yr

**Enrofloxacin:**
- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 36 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 150 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 13 Weeks
- **Target Organs**: Testis

**Species**: Dog
- **NOAEL**: 3 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 9.6 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 13 Weeks
- **Target Organs**: cartilage

**Species**: Cat
- **NOAEL**: 25 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 30 Days
- **Remarks**: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 1.072 mg/l
- **Application Route**: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- **Exposure time**: 28 Days
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 412

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**
- **Species**: Rat
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Enrofloxacin / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Version 4.0  Revision Date: 2020/10/10  SDS Number: 123975-00011  Date of last issue: 2020/03/23
Date of first issue: 2017/01/26

| LOAEL       | 0.25 mg/kg |
| Application Route | Oral |
| Exposure time | 98 w |
| Target Organs  | Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate |

| Species     | Dog |
| LOAEL       | 1 mg/kg |
| Application Route | Oral |
| Exposure time | 12 w |
| Target Organs  | Blood |

| Species     | Baboon |
| NOAEL       | 0.5 mg/kg |
| LOAEL       | 5 mg/kg |
| Application Route | Oral |
| Exposure time | 52 w |
| Target Organs  | Gastrointestinal tract, Blood |
| Symptoms     | constipation, Diarrhoea |

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Enrofloxacin:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, central nervous system effects, Sensitivity to light

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, constipation, heartburn, Ulceration, Dizziness, Headache, Breathing difficulties, Rash

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l
aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 18 h

Enrofloxacin:

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 79.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 196 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Hyalella azteca (Amphipod)): > 206 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 79.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0.049 mg/l
Exposure time: 5 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

LOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 166.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 80.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 71.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 49.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.32 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 98.3 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Benzyl alcohol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 92 - 96 %
Exposure time: 14 d
Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
: log Pow: -1.07

**Enrofloxacin:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
: log Pow: 0.5

**Benzyl alcohol:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
: log Pow: 1.05

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
: log Pow: 4.51

Mobility in soil

**Components:**

**Enrofloxacin:**  
Distribution among environmental compartments  
: Koc: 5.55

Hazardous to the ozone layer  
Not applicable

Other adverse effects  
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

- Waste from residues  
  : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging  
  : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.  
  If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

**UNRTDG**  
UN number  
: UN 3082  
Proper shipping name  
: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Enrofloxacin)

- Class  
  : 9
- Packing group  
  : III
- Labels  
  : 9

**IATA-DGR**  
UN/ID No.  
: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Enrofloxacin)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Enrofloxacin)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations
Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law
Not applicable to dangerous materials / designated flammables.

Chemical Substance Control Law

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority Assessment Chemical Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane-1,2-diol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture
Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture
Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health
Not applicable
Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names
Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning
Not applicable

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)
Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law
Not applicable

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof
Not applicable

High Pressure Gas Safety Act
Not applicable

Explosive Control Law
Not applicable

Vessel Safety Law
Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)

Aviation Law
Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (Article 194 of The Enforcement Rules of Aviation Law and its Attached Table 1)

Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law
Bulk transportation : Noxious liquid substance (Category Z)
Pack transportation : Classified as marine pollutant

Narcotics and Psychotropics Control Act
Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import Permission)
Not applicable

Specific Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import permission)
Not applicable

Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law
Industrial waste

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format: yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
- JP OEL JSOH / OEL-C: Occupational Exposure Limit-Ceiling

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumul-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Enrofloxacin / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Version 4.0  Revision Date: 2020/10/10  SDS Number: 1239755-00011  Date of last issue: 2020/03/23

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

JP / EN