SAFETY DATA SHEET

Estriol Formulation (Veterinary)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
   Trade name : Estriol Formulation (Veterinary)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
   Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
   Company : MSD
   20 Spartan Road
   1619 Spartan, South Africa
   Telephone : +27119239300
   Telefax : 908-735-1496
   E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
   1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
   Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Carcinogenicity, Category 1A
   Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A
   Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2
   Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1

   H350: May cause cancer.
   H360FD: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
   H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
   H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements
   Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Hazard pictograms :

   Signal word : Danger
   Hazard statements :
   H350 May cause cancer.
   H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
   H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or...
repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
Oestradiol

2.3 Other hazards
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oestradiol</td>
<td>50-27-1</td>
<td>200-022-2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Carc. 1A; H350 Repr. 1A; H360FD STOT RE 1; H372 (female reproductive organs, male reproductive organs, Blood, Kidney, Bladder) Aquatic Chronic 1; H410</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures
General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-
vice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks: May cause cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient
fighting concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): No data available
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
<td>TWA OEL-RL (Respirable dust)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ZA OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Recommended Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA OEL-RL (Inhalable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ZA OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Recommended Limit</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oestriol</td>
<td>50-27-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.5 µg/m³ (OEB 5)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>5 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures**

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies to control at source (e.g., glove boxes/isolators) and to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace. All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. No open handling permitted. Totally enclosed processes and materials transport systems are required. Operations require the use of appropriate containment technology designed to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Eye protection**

- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Hand protection**

- **Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves
- **Remarks**: Consider double gloving.

**Skin and body protection**

- **Material**: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

- **Material**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- **Filter type**: Particulates type (P)
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>odourless</td>
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<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
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<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammibility limit</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammibility limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Solubility/ies</td>
<td>Water solubility: partly soluble</td>
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<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
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<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
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<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable</td>
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<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
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<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
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9.2 Other information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Oestriol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oestriol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo
cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ
cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
May cause cancer.

Components:

Oestriol:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: positive
Target Organs: Mammary gland

Species: Hamster
Application Route: Oral
Result: positive
Tumor Type: Kidney

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies

Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Oestriol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 84 µg/kg
Result: Effects on fertility

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Fertility: LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on fertility

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat, female  
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
Fertility: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No embryo-foetal toxicity, Malformations were observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 4,5 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Hamster  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Positive evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility from human epidemiological studies., Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

**STOT - single exposure**  
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**Oestriol:**

Target Organs: Reproductive organs, Blood, Kidney, Bladder  
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Oestriol:**

Species: Dog  
LOAEL: 0,2 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 13 - 26 Weeks  
Target Organs: female reproductive organs, Blood, Kidney, Bladder
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### Estriol Formulation (Veterinary)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>10.10.2020</td>
<td>1930401-00008</td>
<td>23.03.2020</td>
<td>07.09.2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Species**: Dog
- **LOAEL**: 8 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Subcutaneous
- **Exposure time**: 1 yr
- **Target Organs**: male reproductive organs, female reproductive organs

#### Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

#### Experience with human exposure

**Components**

**Oestriol**

**Ingestion**: Symptoms: breast tenderness, Nausea, Diarrhoea, Gastrointestinal disturbance, Dizziness, Headache, Vomiting, hypertension, Oedema, effects on menstruation, gynecomastia, changes in vaginal secretions, visual disturbances, leg cramps, reduced libido

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

**12.1 Toxicity**

**Components**

**Oestriol**

- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**: NOEC: 0.000075 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 100 d
  - Species: Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)

- **M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)**: 1.000

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

No data available

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

No data available

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

Not relevant

**12.6 Other adverse effects**

No data available

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Product**: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes
are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
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<td>UN 3077</td>
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</table>

14.2 UN proper shipping name

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
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<tr>
<td>:</td>
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<td>:</td>
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<td>:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Oestriol)</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Oestriol)</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Oestriol)</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Oestriol)</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Oestriol)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

<table>
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<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
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<td>9</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

14.4 Packing group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Packing group : III</td>
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<tr>
<td>Classification Code : M7</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard Identification Number : 90</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels : 9</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
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</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Estriol Formulation (Veterinary)

Version: 2.4  Revision Date: 10.10.2020  SDS Number: 1930401-00008  Date of last issue: 23.03.2020  Date of first issue: 07.09.2017

Packing group: III  Classification Code: M7  Hazard Identification Number: 90  Labels: 9  Tunnel restriction code: (-)

RID
Packing group: III  Classification Code: M7  Hazard Identification Number: 90  Labels: 9

IMDG
Packing group: III  Labels: 9  EmS Code: F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

IATA (Passenger)

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous: yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous: yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant: yes

IATA (Passenger)
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IATA (Cargo)
Environmentally hazardous: yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks: Not applicable for product as supplied.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information: Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

- H350: May cause cancer.
- H360FD: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
- H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

- Aquatic Chronic: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
- Carc.: Carcinogenicity
- Repr.: Reproductive toxicity
- STOT RE: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
- ZA OEL: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Occupational Exposure Limits
- ZA OEL / TWA OEL-RL: Long term occupational exposure limits - recommended limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Stand-
Further information


Classification of the mixture:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carc. 1A</td>
<td>H350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repr. 1A</td>
<td>H360FD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT RE 2</td>
<td>H373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1</td>
<td>H410</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Classification procedure:

- Calculation method
- Calculation method
- Calculation method
- Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

ZA / EN