1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Florfenicol Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company : MSD
Address : JL Raya Pandaan KM. 48
Pandaan, Jawa Timur - Indonesia
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 1 (Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, Blood, gallbladder)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :
Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Components</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>CAS-No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, Blood, gallbladder) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

SAFETY DATA SHEET
Florfenicol Liquid Formulation

Version 7.3  Revision Date: 2021/08/27  SDS Number: 26274-00019  Date of last issue: 2021/04/09
Date of first issue: 2014/10/29

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florfenicol</td>
<td>73231-34-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do...
so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed. 
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. 
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. 

Materials to avoid :  
Do not store with the following product types: 
Strong oxidizing agents 

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florfenicol</td>
<td>73231-34-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). 
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. 
Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. 
Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type 
Hand protection Material : Chemical-resistant gloves 
Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. 
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. 
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols. 
Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat. 
Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate decon and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>viscous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>gold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>Not classified as a reactivity hazard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical stability</td>
<td>Stable under normal conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous reac-</td>
<td>Can react with strong oxidizing agents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to avoid</td>
<td>None known.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incompatible materials</td>
<td>Oxidizing agents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous decomposition</td>
<td>No hazardous decomposition products are known.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>products</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Information on likely routes of exposure**
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Florfenicol:**
- **Acute oral toxicity**: 
  - LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Dog): > 1,280 mg/kg
- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: 
  - LC50 (Rat): > 0.28 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
- **Acute dermal toxicity**: Remarks: No data available
- **Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)**: 
  - LD50 (Rat): 1,913 - 2,253 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  - LD50 (Mouse): 100 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intravenous

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
- **Acute oral toxicity**: 
  - LD50 (Rat): 4,150 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Florfenicol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Florfenicol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Florfenicol:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>OECD Test Guideline 429</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Florfenicol:**

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Hamster
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Florfenicol:
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Target Organs: Liver, Testes

Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Target Organs: Testes, Blood

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Florfenicol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 12 mg/kg body weight
Result: decreased pup survival, reduced lactation

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects, Fetotoxicity
Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:

- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: oral (gavage)
  - General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 120 mg/kg body weight
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Fetotoxicity

- Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
  - Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.
  - Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

- **Effects on fertility**
  - Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
  - Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development**

- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
  - Result: positive

- Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
  - Result: positive

- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: positive

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**

- Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**STOT - single exposure**

May cause respiratory irritation.

**Components:**

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

- Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

Causes damage to organs (Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, Blood, gallbladder) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**Florfenicol:**

- Target Organs: Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, Blood, gallbladder
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:**

### Florfenicol:

- **Species:** Dog
- **NOAEL:** 3 mg/kg
- **Exposure time:** 13 Weeks
- **Target Organs:** Liver, Testis, Brain, Spinal cord

- **Species:** Mouse
  - **NOAEL:** 200 mg/kg
  - **Exposure time:** 13 Weeks
  - **Target Organs:** Liver, Testis

- **Species:** Rat
  - **NOAEL:** 30 mg/kg
  - **Exposure time:** 13 Weeks
  - **Target Organs:** Liver, Testis

- **Species:** Dog
  - **NOAEL:** 3 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL:** 12 mg/kg
  - **Exposure time:** 52 Weeks
  - **Target Organs:** Liver, gallbladder

### N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

- **Species:** Rat, male
  - **NOAEL:** 169 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL:** 433 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Ingestion
  - **Exposure time:** 90 Days
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 408

- **Species:** Rat
  - **NOAEL:** 1 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL:** 3 mg/kg
  - **Exposure time:** 52 Weeks
  - **Target Organs:** Testis

- **Species:** Rat
  - **NOAEL:** 0.5 mg/l
  - **LOAEL:** 1 mg/l
  - **Application Route:** Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
  - **Exposure time:** 96 Days
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 413

- **Species:** Rabbit
  - **NOAEL:** 826 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL:** 1,653 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Skin contact
Exposure time: 20 Days

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Florfenicol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 830 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 780 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 330 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 2.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d
Method: FDA 4.01

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d
Method: FDA 4.01

IC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.0336 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: ISO 10253

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.00423 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: ISO 10253

EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.76 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 221

NOEC (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.39 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 221

EC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 61 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 19 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.066 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.051 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 5.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Onchorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 600.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 92.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: > 600 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: ISO 8192
Persistence and degradability

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 73 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Florfenicol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.373

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.46 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Florfenicol)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Florfenicol)
Class: 9
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Florfenicol Liquid Formulation

Version: 7.3  Revision Date: 2021/08/27  SDS Number: 26274-00019  Date of last issue: 2021/04/09
Date of first issue: 2014/10/29

Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Florfenicol)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health
Hazardous substances that must be registered: Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances
Hazardous substances approved for use: Not applicable
Prohibited substances: Not applicable
Restricted substances: Not applicable

Regulation of the Minister of Trade No. 44 of 2009 on Procurement, Distribution and Supervision of Hazardous Materials
Type of Hazardous Materials Restricted to Import, Distribution and Supervision: Not applicable
The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- **AICS**: not determined
- **DSL**: not determined
- **IECSC**: not determined

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Further information**

- Date format: yyyy/mm/dd

**Full text of other abbreviations**

- **ACGIH BEI**: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

Other abbreviations include:

- **AICL** - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- **ANTT** - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil
- **ASTM** - American Society for the Testing of Materials
- **bw** - Body weight
- **CMR** - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant
- **DIN** - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation
- **DSL** - Domestic Substances List (Canada)
- **ECX** - Concentration associated with x% response
- **ELx** - Loading rate associated with x% response
- **EmS** - Emergency Schedule
- **ENCS** - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)
- **ERG** - Emergency Response Guide
- **GHS** - Globally Harmonized System
- **GLP** - Good Laboratory Practice
- **IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer
- **IATA** - International Air Transport Association
- **IC** - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
- **IC50** - Half maximal inhibitory concentration
- **ICAO** - International Civil Aviation Organization
- **IECSC** - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China
- **GLP** - Good Laboratory Practice
- **IPTS** - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
- **PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substances
- **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- **QSAR** - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship
- **SDT** - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
- **SDS** - Safety Data Sheet
- **TECI** - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory
- **TDG** - Transport of Dangerous Goods
- **UN** - United Nations
- **UNRTDG** - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
- **vPvB** - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
- **WHMIS** - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.