SAFETY DATA SHEET

Florfenicol / Flunixin Formulation

 Revision Date: 04/04/2023
 SDS Number: 28030-00024
 Date of last issue: 10/01/2022
 Date of first issue: 11/04/2014

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Florfenicol / Flunixin Formulation
Other means of identification: No data available

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 4
Eye irritation: Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, Blood, gallbladder, Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, Blood, gallbladder, Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements: Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
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P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common Name/Synonym</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florfenicol</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>73231-34-2</td>
<td>24.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pyrrolidone</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>616-45-5</td>
<td>24.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malic Acid</td>
<td>Butanedioic acid, 2-hydroxy-</td>
<td>6915-15-7</td>
<td>2.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-gluitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluorome-thyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>2.24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
### If inhaled
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
- If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
- If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
- Get medical attention.

### In case of skin contact
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

### In case of eye contact
- In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
- If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
- Get medical attention.

### If swallowed
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Protection of first-aiders
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

### Notes to physician
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>Water spray</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alcohol-resistant foam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Carbon dioxide (CO2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dry chemical</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsuitable extinguishing media</td>
<td>None known.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific hazards during fire fighting</td>
<td>Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous combustion products</td>
<td>Carbon oxides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fluorine compounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nitrogen oxides (NOx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific extinguishing methods</td>
<td>Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use water spray to cool unopened containers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Evacuate area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special protective equipment for firefighters</td>
<td>In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use personal protective equipment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions, protection | Use personal protective equipment. |
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tive equipment and emergency procedures
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe mist or vapors.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage
Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases
## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florfenicol</td>
<td>73231-34-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>40 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin

- Wipe limit: 400 µg/100 cm² Internal

### Engineering measures

- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
- Minimize open handling.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection

- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

#### Filter type

- Combined particulates and organic vapor type

#### Hand protection

- Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

#### Remarks

- Consider double gloving.

#### Eye protection

- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

#### Skin and body protection

- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevellets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

#### Hygiene measures

- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>1.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>Water solubility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
  Inhilation
  Skin contact
  Ingestion
  Eye contact

Acute toxicity
  Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:
  Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,890 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method
  Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 2.28 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method

Components:
  Florfenicol:
  Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg
  LD50 (Dog): > 1,280 mg/kg
  Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.28 mg/l
### Exposure time: 4 h

**Acute dermal toxicity**
- Remarks: No data available

**Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)**
- LD50 (Rat): 1,913 - 2,253 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
- LD50 (Mouse): 100 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intravenous

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
- **Acute oral toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
    - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
- **Acute dermal toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
    - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Malic Acid:**
- **Acute oral toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rat): 3,500 mg/kg
- **Acute dermal toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
    - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
- **Acute oral toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rat): 53 - 157 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 176 - 249 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Guinea pig): 488.3 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Monkey): 300 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**
  - LC50 (Rat): < 0.52 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 4 h
    - Test atmosphere: dust/mist

**Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)**
- LD50 (Rat): 59.4 - 185.3 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
- LD50 (Mouse): 164 - 363 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Florfenicol:**
Florfenicol / Flunixin Formulation

Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

2-Pyrrolidone:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Malic Acid:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Florfenicol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

2-Pyrrolidone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

Malic Acid:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Florfenicol:
- Test Type: Maximization Test
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: negative

2-Pyrrolidone:
- Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Mouse
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Malic Acid:
- Test Type: Maximization Test
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-deoxy-1-(methy lamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
- Test Type: Maximization Test
- Routes of exposure: Dermal
- Species: Guinea pig
- Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.
- Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Florfenicol:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  - Test system: rat hepatocytes
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  - Result: positive
Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Oral
- Result: negative

2-Pyrrolidone:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: negative

Malic Acid:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration test in vitro
  - Result: negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration test in vitro
  - Result: positive
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

- Test Type: in vitro test
  - Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
  - Result: positive
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  - Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  - Result: positive
- Test Type: in vitro test
  - Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
- Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity:
- Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Florfenicol:
- Species: Rat
  - Application Route: oral (gavage)
  - Exposure time: 2 Years
  - Result: negative
  - Target Organs: Liver, Testes

Species: Mouse
- Application Route: oral (gavage)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Target Organs: Testes, Blood

2-Pyrrolidone:
- Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Exposure time: 18 month(s)
  - Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
- Species: Rat
  - Application Route: oral (feed)
  - Exposure time: 104 w
  - LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: negative
  - Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
  - Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species: Mouse
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 97 w
- NOAEL: 0.6 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: negative
  - Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
  - Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing
Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Florfenicol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 12 mg/kg body weight
Result: decreased pup survival, reduced lactation

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects., Fetotoxicity.
Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (gavage)
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 120 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetotoxicity.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

2-Pyrrolidone:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Malic Acid:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 1 - 1.5 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No fetal abnormalities.
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, Blood, gallbladder, Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
Florfenicol:
Target Organs: Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, Blood, gallbladder
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Florfenicol:
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 3 mg/kg
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Liver, Testis, Brain, Spinal cord

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 200 mg/kg
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Liver, Testis

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 30 mg/kg
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Liver, Testis

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 3 mg/kg
LOAEL: 12 mg/kg
Exposure time: 52 Weeks
Target Organs: Liver, gallbladder

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 3 mg/kg
Exposure time: 52 Weeks
Target Organs: Testis

2-Pyrrolidone:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 207 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 3 Months
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Malic Acid:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 104 Weeks

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 2 mg/kg
LOAEL: < 4 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time : 6 w
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 1 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 y
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney
Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 15 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 d
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract, Blood
Species : Rabbit
LOAEL : 80 mg/kg
Application Route : Dermal
Exposure time : 21 d
Symptoms : Severe irritation
Species : Dog
LOAEL : 11 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 9 d
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract
Symptoms : Vomiting

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Inhalation : Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact : Symptoms: Skin irritation
Eye contact : Symptoms: Severe irritation
Ingestion : Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, bleeding, hypertension, Kidney disorders

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Florfenicol:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 830 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

LC50 (Oncorhyncus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 780 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 330 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants                 | EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 2.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 14 d  
Method: FDA 4.01 |
|                                                  | NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 14 d  
Method: FDA 4.01 |
|                                                  | IC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.0336 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: ISO 10253 |
|                                                  | NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.00423 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: ISO 10253 |
|                                                  | EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.76 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 221 |
|                                                  | NOEC (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.39 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 221 |
|                                                  | EC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 61 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
|                                                  | NOEC (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 19 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
|                                                  | EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.066 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
|                                                  | NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.051 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)              | NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 5.5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 32 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210 |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 |
2-Pyrrolidone:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 4,600 - 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Malic Acid:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 240 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Neutralized product
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Neutralized product
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 28 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:  
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: FDA 4.08

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:  
NOEC (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 97 mg/l  
Exposure time: 13 d  
Method: FDA 4.01

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 96 mg/l  
Exposure time: 12 d

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

2-Pyrrolidone:  
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Malic Acid:  
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:  
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 %(28 d)

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

Florfenicol:  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:  
log Pow: 0.373  
P.H: 7

2-Pyrrolidone:  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:  
log Pow: -0.71  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Malic Acid:  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:  
log Pow: -1.26

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:  
log Pow: 1.34
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Florfenicol / Flunixin Formulation

Mobility in soil

**Components:**

**Florfenicol:**
- Distribution among environmental compartments: Koc: 52
- Method: FDA 3.08

**1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
- Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 1.92

**Other adverse effects**
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
- UN number: UN 3082
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Florfenicol)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 9

**IATA-DGR**
- UN/ID No.: UN 3082
- Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Florfenicol)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: Miscellaneous
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
- Environmentally hazardous: yes

**IMDG-Code**
- UN number: UN 3082
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Florfenicol)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Florfenicol)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes (Florfenicol)

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International
Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


Revision Date : 04/04/2023
Date format : mm/dd/yyyy

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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