SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Florfenicol / Flunixin Injection Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Florfenicol / Flunixin Injection Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATATESTWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4
Skin irritation : Category 2
Eye irritation : Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 1 (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood, Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, gallbladder)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements : H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney,
Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P332 + P313 IF skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Florfenicol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Polyethylene glycol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Fluorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
### Specific extinguishing methods
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

#### Environmental precautions
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Technical measures
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

#### Local/Total ventilation
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

#### Advice on safe handling
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Self-reactive substances and mixtures Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florfenicol</td>
<td>73231-34-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene glycol</td>
<td>25322-68-3</td>
<td>TWA (aerosol)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>US WEEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 ppm 60 mg/m³</td>
<td>US WEEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30 ppm 120 mg/m³</td>
<td>US WEEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluorome-thyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>40 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin

Wipe limit 400 µg/100 cm² Internal

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue: 04/04/2023</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>09/30/2023</td>
<td>10846415-00003</td>
<td>Date of first issue: 09/06/2022</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.
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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>light yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>Water solubility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Version 1.2 Revision Date: 09/30/2023 SDS Number: 10846415-00003
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Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight: No data available
Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1,435 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1.86 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Florfenicol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dog): > 1,280 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 0.28 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
- LD50 (Rat): 1,913 - 2,253 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
- LD50 (Mouse): 100 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous

Polyethylene glycol:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,150 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Propylene glycol:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 22,000 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 44.9 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 53 - 157 mg/kg
  LD50 (Mouse): 176 - 249 mg/kg
  LD50 (Guinea pig): 488.3 mg/kg
  LD50 (Monkey): 300 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): < 0.52 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 59.4 - 185.3 mg/kg
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administration) Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Mouse): 164 - 363 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Citric acid:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:
Florfenicol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Polyethylene glycol:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Result : Skin irritation

Propylene glycol:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild skin irritation

Citric acid:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.
## COMPONENTS:

### Florfenicol:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Mild eye irritation

### Polyethylene glycol:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

### N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

### Propylene glycol:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405

### 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Irreversible effects on the eye

### Citric acid:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405

## Respiratory or skin sensitization

### Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

### Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

## Components:

### Florfenicol:
- **Test Type**: Maximization Test
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: negative

### Polyethylene glycol:
- **Test Type**: Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
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Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Propylene glycol:**
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

**1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.
Result: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Florfenicol:**
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: positive
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative
Polyethylene glycol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Hamster
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
Result: negative

Propylene glycol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: in vitro test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: positive

Test Type: in vitro test
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Citric acid:
Genotoxicity in vitro
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Florfenicol:
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Target Organs: Liver, Testes

Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Target Organs: Testes, Blood
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Species : Rat  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative

Species : Rat  
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative

Propylene glycol:
Species : Rat  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Species : Rat  
Application Route : oral (feed)  
Exposure time : 104 w  
LOAEL : 2 mg/kg body weight  
Result : negative  
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract  
Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species : Mouse  
Application Route : oral (feed)  
Exposure time : 97 w  
NOAEL : 0.6 mg/kg body weight  
Result : negative  
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract  
Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

IARC  
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA  
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP  
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:
Florfenicol:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 12 mg/kg body weight  
Result: decreased pup survival, reduced lactation  

Effects on fetal development  
Species: Rat  
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight  
Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No teratogenic effects, Fetotoxicity.  
Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.  

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 120 mg/kg body weight  
Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Fetotoxicity.  

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:  
Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.  

N-Methyl-2-pyrroldione:  
Effects on fertility  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416  
Result: negative  

Effects on fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414  
Result: positive  

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)  
Result: positive  

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: positive  

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:  
Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.  

Propylene glycol:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 1 - 1.5 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: No fetal abnormalities.
- Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
- Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses.

Citric acid:
Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

STOT-single exposure
May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.
Citric acid:
Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood, Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, gallbladder) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**Florfenicol:**
- **Target Organs**: Liver, Brain, Testis, Spinal cord, Blood, gallbladder
- **Assessment**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
- **Target Organs**: Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood
- **Assessment**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Florfenicol:**
- **Species**: Dog
- **NOAEL**: 3 mg/kg
- **Exposure time**: 13 Weeks
- **Target Organs**: Liver, Testis, Brain, Spinal cord

- **Species**: Mouse
  - **NOAEL**: 200 mg/kg
  - **Exposure time**: 13 Weeks
  - **Target Organs**: Liver, Testis

- **Species**: Rat
  - **NOAEL**: 30 mg/kg
  - **Exposure time**: 13 Weeks
  - **Target Organs**: Liver, Testis

- **Species**: Dog
  - **NOAEL**: 3 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL**: 12 mg/kg
  - **Exposure time**: 52 Weeks
  - **Target Organs**: Liver, gallbladder

- **Species**: Rat
  - **NOAEL**: 1 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL**: 3 mg/kg
  - **Exposure time**: 52 Weeks
  - **Target Organs**: Testis
Florfenicol / Flunixin Injection Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Species</strong></td>
<td>Rat, male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NOAEL</strong></td>
<td>169 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LOAEL</strong></td>
<td>433 mg/kg</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Method</strong></td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 408</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>NOAEL</strong></td>
<td>0.5 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LOAEL</strong></td>
<td>1 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
<td>Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
<td>96 Days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Method</strong></td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 413</td>
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<table>
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<th>Species</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>NOAEL</strong></td>
<td>826 mg/kg</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>LOAEL</strong></td>
<td>1,653 mg/kg</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
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<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
<td>20 Days</td>
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<tr>
<th>Propylene glycol:</th>
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<td><strong>Species</strong></td>
<td>Rat, male</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>NOAEL</strong></td>
<td>&gt;= 1,700 mg/kg</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
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<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
<td>2 y</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

| 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate: |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| **Species**                                 | Rat |
| **NOAEL**                                  | 2 mg/kg |
| **LOAEL**                                  | < 4 mg/kg |
| **Application Route**                      | Oral |
| **Exposure time**                          | 6 w |
| **Target Organs**                          | Gastrointestinal tract |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>NOAEL</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
<td>Oral</td>
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<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Target Organs</strong></td>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney</td>
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<th>Species</th>
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<td><strong>NOAEL</strong></td>
<td>15 mg/kg</td>
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<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
<td>Oral</td>
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<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
<td>90 d</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Target Organs</strong></td>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract, Blood</td>
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<table>
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<th>Rabbit</th>
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<td><strong>LOAEL</strong></td>
<td>80 mg/kg</td>
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<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
<td>Dermal</td>
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<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
<td>21 d</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Symptoms</strong></td>
<td>Severe irritation</td>
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</table>
Florfenicol / Flunixin Injection Formulation

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 11 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 9 d
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
Symptoms: Vomiting

Citric acid:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL: 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 10 Days

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Inhalation: Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation
Eye contact: Symptoms: Severe irritation
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, bleeding, hypertension, Kidney disorders

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Florfenicol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 830 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 780 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 330 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 2.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d  
Method: FDA 4.01  

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 14 d  
Method: FDA 4.01  

IC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.0336 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: ISO 10253  

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.00423 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: ISO 10253  

EC50 (Lemma gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.76 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 221  

NOEC (Lemma gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.39 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 221  

EC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 61 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  

NOEC (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 19 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.066 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  

NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.051 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):  
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 5.5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 32 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210  

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):  
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211  

Polyethylene glycol:  
Toxicity to fish:  
LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

**Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Method: DIN 38412

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 600.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 92.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Toxicity to microorganisms**: EC50: > 600 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: ISO 8192

**Propylene glycol:**

**Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**: NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

**Toxicity to microorganisms**: NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 18 h

**1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**

**Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 28 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: FDA 4.08
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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
NOEC (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 97 mg/l
Exposure time: 13 d
Method: FDA 4.01

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 96 mg/l
Exposure time: 12 d

Citric acid:
Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Polyethylene glycol:
Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 73 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Propylene glycol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 98.3 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 % (28 d)

Citric acid:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 97 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Florfenicol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.373
pH: 7

**Polyethylene glycol:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: < 3

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.46
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

**Propylene glycol:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.07

**1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.34

**Citric acid:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.72

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Florfenicol:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: Koc: 52
Method: FDA 3.08

**1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 1.92

**Other adverse effects**
No data available

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods**
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**International Regulations**
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Florfenicol / Flunixin Injection Formulation

Version 1.2
Revision Date: 09/30/2023
SDS Number: 10846415-00003
Date of last issue: 04/04/2023
Date of first issue: 09/06/2022

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Florfenicol)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
Environmentally hazardous: no

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Florfenicol)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Florfenicol)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Florfenicol)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: CLASS 9
ERG Code: 171
Marine pollutant: yes (Florfenicol)
Remarks: Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters.
Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Florfenicol / Flunixin Injection Formulation

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
- Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
- Reproductive toxicity
- Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
- Skin corrosion or irritation
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313
The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>25 %</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- Florfenicol
- Polyethylene glycol
- N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
- Propylene glycol

California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
- N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined
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Version 1.2
Revision Date: 09/30/2023
SDS Number: 10846415-00003
Date of last issue: 04/04/2023
Date of first issue: 09/06/2022

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

Health 2
Flammability 1
Instability 0

HMIS® IV:

HEALTH 3
FLAMMABILITY 1
PHYSICAL HAZARD 0

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH BEI: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
US WEEL: USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
US WEEL / TWA: 8-hr TWA
US WEEL / STEL: Short-Term TWA

AICL - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic sub-
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Florfenicol / Flunixin Injection Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
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<td>04/04/2023</td>
<td>09/06/2022</td>
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</table>

stance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:
- Internal technical data
- Data from raw material SDSs
- OECD eChem Portal search results

Revision Date: 09/30/2023

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8