SAFETY DATA SHEET

Fluazuron / Fipronil Formulation

Section 1: Identification

Product name : Fluazuron / Fipronil Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company : MSD
Address : 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908
Upper Hutt - New Zealand
Telephone : +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : +1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3
Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Central nervous system, Kidney)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system,
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Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response:**
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P332 + P313 IF skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Storage:**
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol</td>
<td>112-34-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 60 -&lt;= 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 -&lt; 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

Specific hazards during firefighting: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-: Carbon oxides
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Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Remove all sources of ignition.
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
For large spills, provide dyeing or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
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Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
- No smoking.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Self-reactive substances and mixtures
  - Organic peroxides
  - Oxidizing agents
  - Flammable gases
  - Pyrophoric liquids
  - Pyrophoric solids
  - Self-heating substances and mixtures
  - Poisonous gases
  - Explosives

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol</td>
<td>112-34-5</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable fraction)</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluazuron</td>
<td>86811-58-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td></td>
<td>60 µg/m3 (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fipronil (ISO)</td>
<td>120068-37-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td></td>
<td>2 µg/m3 (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological occupational exposure limits

Engineering measures

- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
- Minimize open handling.
- Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type
- Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves
- Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.
- Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

- Appearance: liquid
- Colour: light yellow
- Odour: solvent-like
- Odour Threshold: No data available
- pH: No data available
- Melting point/freezing point: No data available
- Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
- Flash point: 32 °C
- Evaporation rate: No data available
- Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
- Flammability (liquids): Not applicable
- Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
- Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
- Vapour pressure: No data available
- Relative vapour density: No data available
- Relative density: No data available
- Solubility(ies)
  - Water solubility: No data available
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity
Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac-tions
  Flammable liquid and vapour.
  Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information
Exposure routes : Inhalation
  Skin contact
  Ingestion
  Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Components:
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 2,410 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 2,764 mg/kg

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,150 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Ethanol:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

**Fluazuron:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 6.0 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

**Fipronil (ISO):**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 92 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.36 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 354 mg/kg

**tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 1,100 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

**Components:**

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Mild skin irritation

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Result: Skin irritation

Ethanol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Fluazuron:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Fipronil (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:
Result: Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:**

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Ethanol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Fluazuron:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Fipronil (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Fluazuron:
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Fipronil (ISO):
Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:
Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Result : negative

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Hamster
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
Result: negative

Ethanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: equivocal

Fluazuron:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA Repair
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Cytogenetic assay
Species: Hamster
Result: equivocal

Fipronil (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with mammalian liver cells in vivo
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 486
Result: negative

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila melanogaster (in vivo)
Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly)
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Fluazuron:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
### Fipronil (ISO):

- **Species**: Mouse  
- **Application Route**: Ingestion  
- **Exposure time**: 78 weeks  
- **Result**: negative

- **Species**: Rat  
- **Application Route**: Ingestion  
- **Exposure time**: 104 weeks  
- **Result**: positive

- **Remarks**: The mechanism or mode of action is not relevant in humans.

### tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

- **Species**: Hamster  
- **Application Route**: Ingestion  
- **Exposure time**: 24 weeks  
- **Result**: positive

- **Species**: Rat  
- **Application Route**: Ingestion  
- **Exposure time**: 15 Months  
- **Result**: positive

**Carcinogenicity - Assessment**: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

**Reproductive toxicity**

May damage the unborn child.

### Components:

#### 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

- **Effects on fertility**: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study  
  - **Species**: Rat  
  - **Application Route**: Ingestion  
  - **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 415  
  - **Result**: negative

- **Effects on foetal development**: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
  - **Species**: Rat  
  - **Application Route**: Ingestion  
  - **Result**: negative

#### N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

- **Effects on fertility**: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
  - **Species**: Rat  
  - **Application Route**: Ingestion  
  - **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 416  
  - **Result**: negative
### Effects on foetal development

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>positive</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 414</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>positive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Test Type:
- Embryo-foetal development
- Fertility/early embryonic development
- Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

### Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

### Ethanol:

#### Effects on fertility
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

### Fluazuron:

#### Effects on fertility
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

#### Effects on foetal development
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

### Fipronil (ISO):

#### Effects on fertility
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

#### Effects on foetal development
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Rabbit
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
- Result: negative
tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Fipronil (ISO):
Exposure routes: Ingestion
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Kidney
Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 250 mg/kg
LOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 0.094 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 413
Species : Rat
NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 90 Days

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 169 mg/kg
LOAEL : 433 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.5 mg/l
LOAEL : 1 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 96 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Species : Rabbit
NOAEL : 826 mg/kg
LOAEL : 1,653 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 20 Days

Ethanol:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 1,280 mg/kg
LOAEL : 3,156 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Fluazuron:
Species : Rat
LOAEL : 240 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Liver, Thyroid, Pituitary gland

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 10 mg/kg
LOAEL : 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 3 Weeks

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 7.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 110 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 52 Weeks
Target Organs : Liver
Fipronil (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: 5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 21 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 410

Species: Rat, male
NOAEL: 0.059 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.019 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 89 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1,300 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
### Toxicity to microorganisms

**EC10**: $> 1,995$ mg/l  
Exposure time: 30 min

### N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

**Toxicity to fish**

- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): $> 500$ mg/l  
- Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): $> 1,000$ mg/l  
- Exposure time: 24 h  
- Method: DIN 38412

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

- ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 600.5 mg/l  
- Exposure time: 72 h  
- EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 92.6 mg/l  
- Exposure time: 72 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12.5 mg/l  
- Exposure time: 21 d  
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Toxicity to microorganisms**

- EC50: $> 600$ mg/l  
- Exposure time: 30 min  
- Method: ISO 8192

### Ethanol:

**Toxicity to fish**

- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): $> 1,000$ mg/l  
- Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

- EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): $> 1,000$ mg/l  
- Exposure time: 48 h

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

- ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l  
- Exposure time: 72 h  
- EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l  
- Exposure time: 72 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l  
- Exposure time: 9 d

**Toxicity to microorganisms**

- EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l  
- Exposure time: 16 h

### Fluazuron:

**Toxicity to fish**

- LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): $> 9.1$ mg/l  
- Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

- EC50 (Daphnia sp. (water flea)): 0.0006 mg/l  
- Exposure time: 48 h

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic**

- NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):
plants 27.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Fipronil (ISO):
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 85.2 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.14 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 68 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 40 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 2.9 µg/l
Exposure time: 35 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0077 µg/l
Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1.56 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.25 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 (Protozoa): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Persistence and degradability

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 85 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 73 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Ethanol:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 84 % Exposure time: 20 d

Fipronil (ISO):

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 34.41 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.46 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Ethanol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.35

Fluazuron:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.1
Fluazuron / Fipronil Formulation

Fipronil (ISO):
Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
                 Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 321
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:
Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
                 Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 8.1 - 21
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.82
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 1170
Proper shipping name : ETHANOL SOLUTION
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 1170
Proper shipping name : Ethanol solution
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1170
Proper shipping name : ETHANOL SOLUTION
(Fluazuron, Fipronil (ISO))
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

NZS 5433
UN number : UN 1170
Proper shipping name : ETHANOL SOLUTION
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
Hazchem Code : 2Y

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR100759 Veterinary Medicines Non dispersive Open System Application Group Standard 2017

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

Section 16: Other information

Further information
Sources of key data used to : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Fluazuron / Fipronil Formulation**

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Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

- **ACGIH**: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- **ACGIH BEI**: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
- **NZ OEL**: New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants
- **ACGIH / TWA**: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- **ACGIH / STEL**: Short-term exposure limit
- **NZ OEL / WES-TWA**: Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
- **NZ OEL / WES-STEI**: Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their
intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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