according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Fluazuron / Fipronil Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue

Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone : 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity :

- repeated exposure

Category 1 (Central nervous system, Kidney)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H360D May damage the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Kid-

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ney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	>= 50 - < 70

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	>= 10 - < 20
Ethanol#	64-17-5	>= 10 - < 20
Fluazuron	86811-58-7	>= 1 - < 5
Fipronil	120068-37-3	>= 1 - < 5
tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol	25013-16-5	>= 0.1 - < 1

[#] Voluntarily-disclosed substance

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water In case of skin contact

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If swallowed

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Protection of first-aiders

delayed

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

There may be delayed neurological effects, including brain

oedema.

Must not be confused with organophosphorous compounds! First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

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Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds Fluorine compounds

Sulfur oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec: :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

jet.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

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Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Materials to avoid

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equip-

ment.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapors.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed.

Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease,

should consult their physician regarding working with

respiratory irritants or sensitizers.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

: Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases Explosives

Gases

Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures

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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis	
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	10 ppm	ACGIH	
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	TWA	15 ppm 60 mg/m³	US WEEL	
		STEL	30 ppm 120 mg/m ³	US WEEL	
Ethanol	64-17-5	STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH	
		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m³	NIOSH REL	
		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1	
Fluazuron	86811-58-7	TWA	60 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal	
		Wipe limit	600 μg/ 100cm2	Internal	
Fipronil	120068-37-3	TWA	2 μg/m3 (OEB 4)	Internal	
	Further information: Skin				
	-	Wipe limit 20 µg/100 cm2 Interna			

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentra-	Basis
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	5-Hydroxy- N-methyl-2- pyrrolidone	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	100 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Personal protective equipment

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and

use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any

hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is

flammable, which may impact the selection of hand

protection.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : light yellow

Odor : solvent

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : 90 °F / 32 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac- : Flammable liquid and vapor.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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tions Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 2,242 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 28.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 3,646 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 2,410 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,764 mg/kg

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,150 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 10,470 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): 116.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 15,800 mg/kg

Fluazuron:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.0 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Fipronil:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 92 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.36 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 354 mg/kg

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,100 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Result : Skin irritation

Ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

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Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Fluazuron:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Fipronil:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Fluazuron:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Fipronil:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Species : Rabbit

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Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:

Test Type : Mouse ear swelling test (MEST)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse Result : negative

Fluazuron:

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

Fipronil:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Result : negative

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Hamster

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

Ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

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Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Fluazuron:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA Repair

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Cytogenetic assay

Species: Hamster Result: equivocal

Fipronil:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Rat

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Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Fluazuron:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Fipronil:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 78 weeks

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Method : Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.32.

Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 weeks

Method : Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.33.

Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action is not relevant in humans.

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : positive

Species : Hamster, male
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 24 weeks
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

ment

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol 25013-16-5

(butylated hydroxyanisole)

(BHA)

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol 25013-16-5

(Butylated Hydroxyanisole)

(BHA)

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 415

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: positive

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Ethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Fluazuron:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Fipronil:

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Kidney) through prolonged or repeated ex-

posure.

Components:

Fipronil:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Target Organs : Central nervous system, Kidney

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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LOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 0.094 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 90 Days

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 169 mg/kg
LOAEL : 433 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat NOAEL : 0.5 mg/l LOAEL : 1 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 96 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Species : Rabbit

NOAEL : 826 mg/kg

LOAEL : 1,653 mg/kg

Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 20 Days

Ethanol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1,730 mg/kg LOAEL : 3,200 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Fluazuron:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 240 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Target Organs : Liver, Thyroid, Pituitary gland

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Species : Rat

NOAEL : 10 mg/kg

LOAEL : 100 mg/kg

Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 3 Weeks

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 7.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 110 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 52 Weeks
Target Organs : Liver

Fipronil:

Species : Rabbit

NOAEL : 5 mg/kg

LOAEL : 10 mg/kg

Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 21 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 0.059 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0.019 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 89 Weeks

Method : Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.33.

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 50 mg/kg
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 8 Months

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Skin contact : Symptoms: Skin irritation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1,300 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): >= 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: > 1,995 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 600.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 92.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 600 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min Method: ISO 8192

Ethanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 14,200 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 5,012 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Fluazuron / Fipronil Formulation

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Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): >= 79 mg/l

Exposure time: 100 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 9 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Protozoa): 5,800 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Fluazuron:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 9.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia sp. (Water flea)): 0.0006 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

27.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Fipronil:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 85.2 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.14 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 68 μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 40 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 2.9

μg/I

Exposure time: 35 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0077 µg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to microorganisms :

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1.56 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.25

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Persistence and degradability

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 85 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 73 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 84 % Exposure time: 20 d

Fipronil:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 47 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 1

octanol/water

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -0.46

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -0.35

Fluazuron:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 5.1

Fipronil:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 321

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 16 - 21

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2.82

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Mobility in soil

No data available

No data available

Other adverse effects

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or

death.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1170

Proper shipping name : ETHANOL SOLUTION

Class : 3

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Packing group : III Labels : 3 Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1170
Proper shipping name : Ethanol solution

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 355

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1170

Proper shipping name : ETHANOL SOLUTION

(Fluazuron, Fipronil)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1170

Proper shipping name : Ethanol solutions

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : FLAMMABLE LIQUID

ERG Code : 127

Marine pollutant : yes(Fluazuron, Fipronil)

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

2-(2- 112-34-5 >= 50 - < 70 %

Butoxyethoxy)ethanol

N-Methyl-2- 872-50-4 >= 10 - < 20 %

pyrrolidone

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol 112-34-5 N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4 Ethanol 64-17-5

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Ethanol 64-17-5

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4 Ethanol 64-17-5

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

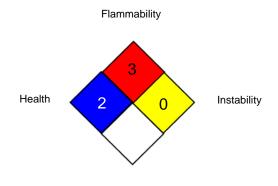
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

US WEEL / STEL : Short-Term TWA

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Oth-

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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erwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 09/28/2024

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

US / Z8