SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Flunixin Injection Formulation

Version: 2.8  Revision Date: 2020/10/10  SDS Number: 1308637-00010  Date of last issue: 2020/03/23
Date of first issue: 2017/02/21

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Flunixin Injection Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: No. 485 Jing Tai Road
          Pu Tuo District - Shanghai - China  200331
Telephone: +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 86-571-87268110
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview
Appearance: liquid
Colour: clear
Odour: No data available

Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 
                   
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H302 Harmful if swallowed.
                  H318 Causes serious eye damage.
                  H331 Toxic if inhaled.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Flunixin Injection Formulation

Version: 2.8  Revision Date: 2020/10/10  SDS Number: 1308637-00010  Date of last issue: 2020/03/23
Date of first issue: 2017/02/21

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P304 + P340 + P311 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Physical and chemical hazards
Not classified based on available information.

Health hazards
Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled. Causes serious eye damage. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Environmental hazards
Not classified based on available information.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenol</td>
<td>108-95-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.25 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate</td>
<td>6035-47-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Fluorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8). |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. |

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling**

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not breathe mist or vapours. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact: Oxidizing agents

Storage
Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Explosives

Packaging material: Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>40 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit 400 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenol</td>
<td>108-95-2</td>
<td>PC-TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>CN OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phenol</td>
<td>108-95-2</td>
<td>total phenol</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of last shift of the week</td>
<td>150 Millimoles per mole Creatinine</td>
<td>CN BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>total phenol</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of last shift of the week</td>
<td>125 mg/g Creatinine</td>
<td>CN BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Phenol</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)</td>
<td>250 mg/g Creatinine</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds
are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**
- Particulates type

**Eye/face protection**
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**
- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hand protection**
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Consider double gloving.

**Hygiene measures**
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance</strong></td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Colour</strong></td>
<td>clear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odour</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odour Threshold</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pH</strong></td>
<td>7.8 - 9.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Melting point/freezing point</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Initial boiling point and boiling range</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Flunixin Injection Formulation

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>Not classified as a reactivity hazard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical stability</td>
<td>Stable under normal conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous reactions</td>
<td>Can react with strong oxidizing agents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to avoid</td>
<td>None known.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incompatible materials</td>
<td>Oxidizing agents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous decomposition products</td>
<td>No hazardous decomposition products are known.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Toxic if inhaled.

**Product:**
- Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 604.68 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method
- Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 0.5964 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method
- Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 53 - 157 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 176 - 249 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Guinea pig): 488.3 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Monkey): 300 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): < 0.52 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 59.4 - 185.3 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  - LD50 (Mouse): 164 - 363 mg/kg
    Application Route: Intraperitoneal

**Phenol:**
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 650 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
  Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 140 - 290 mg/kg
  Method: Expert judgement
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC0 (Rat): 0.9 mg/l
  Exposure time: 8 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): > 0.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Expert judgement

**Acute dermal toxicity**

LD50 (Rabbit): 660 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 300 mg/kg
Method: Expert judgement

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

Acute oral toxicity  :  LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity  :  LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Species  :  Rabbit
Result  :  Mild skin irritation

**Phenol:**

Species  :  Rabbit
Result  :  Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

Species  :  Rat
Result  :  No skin irritation
Remarks  :  Based on data from similar materials

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Species  :  Rabbit
Result  :  Irreversible effects on the eye
## Flunixin Injection Formulation

### Safety Data Sheet

**Version:** 2.8  
**Revision Date:** 2020/10/10  
**SDS Number:** 1308637-00010  
**Date of last issue:** 2020/03/23  
**Date of first issue:** 2017/02/21

### Phenol

- **Species:** Rabbit  
- **Result:** Irreversible effects on the eye  
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 405

### Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate

- **Species:** Rabbit  
- **Result:** No eye irritation  
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 405  
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### 1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

- **Test Type:** Maximisation Test  
- **Exposure routes:** Dermal  
- **Species:** Guinea pig  
- **Assessment:** Does not cause skin sensitisation.  
- **Result:** negative

- **Test Type:** Buehler Test  
- **Exposure routes:** Skin contact  
- **Species:** Guinea pig  
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 406  
- **Result:** negative

- **Genotoxicity in vitro:** Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Result: negative

---

**Gerard D. Vidal:**

---

**Date:**

---

**Page:** 10 / 20
**Flunixin Injection Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>in vitro assay</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mouse lymphoma cells</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>positive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromosomal aberration</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese hamster ovary cells</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>positive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in vitro assay</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Escherichia coli</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>positive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

**Phenol:**

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  - Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: positive
  - Remarks: Annex VI From 1272/2008

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: positive
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.
Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 104 w
LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 97 w
NOAEL: 0.6 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Phenol:

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity - Parent: LOAEL: 1 - 1.5 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No foetal abnormalities
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Phenol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Organs</th>
<th>Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assessment</td>
<td>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Phenol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Organs</th>
<th>Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Skin</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assessment</td>
<td>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>2 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>&lt; 4 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>6 w</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>1 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>1 y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Monkey</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>15 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>90 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract, Blood</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>80 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>21 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>Severe irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dog</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>11 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>9 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>Vomiting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Phenol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>300 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

**Flunixin Injection Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>2020/10/10</td>
<td>1308637-00010</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>2017/02/21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat
NOAEL : >= 0.1 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time : 74 Days

Species : Rabbit
LOAEL : 260 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 18 Days

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 600 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Inhalation : Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact : Symptoms: Skin irritation
Eye contact : Symptoms: Severe irritation
Ingestion : Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, bleeding, hypertension, Kidney disorders

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Product:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Flunixin Injection Formulation

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 28 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: FDA 4.11
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: FDA 4.08

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- NOEC (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 97 mg/l
  Exposure time: 13 d
  Method: FDA 4.01
- NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 96 mg/l
  Exposure time: 12 d

Phenol:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 24.9 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 3.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 61.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC: 0.077 mg/l
  Exposure time: 60 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 16 d

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- IC50 (Nitrosomonas sp.): 21 mg/l
  Exposure time: 24 h

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Flunixin Injection Formulation

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 370 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 13.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 5.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 % (28 d)

Phenol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 62 %
Exposure time: 10 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 77 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.34
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Flunixin Injection Formulation

Version 2.8
Revision Date: 2020/10/10
SDS Number: 1308637-00010
Date of last issue: 2020/03/23
Date of first issue: 2017/02/21

Phenol:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 17.5
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.47

Mobility in soil

Components:
1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 1.92

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

GB 6944/12268
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user
Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information
Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases
The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- **AICS**: not determined
- **DSL**: not determined
- **IECSC**: not determined

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:


**Date format**: yyyy/mm/dd

**Full text of other abbreviations**

- **ACGIH**: USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- **ACGIH BEI**: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
- **CN BEI**: China. Biological Occupational Exposure Indices
- **CN OEL**: Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.

**ACGIH / TWA**: 8-hour, time-weighted average

**CN OEL / PC-TWA**: Permissible concentration - time weighted average

**Abbreviations**

- **AIIIC**: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- **ANTT**: National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil
- **ASTM**: American Society for the Testing of Materials
- **bw**: Body weight
- **CMR**: Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant
- **DIN**: Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation
- **DSL**: Domestic Substances List (Canada)
- **ECx**: Concentration associated with x% response
- **ELx**: Loading rate associated with x% response
- **EmS**: Emergency Schedule
- **ENCS**: Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)
- **ERG**: Emergency Response Guide
- **GHS**: Globally Harmonized System
- **GLP**: Good Laboratory Practice
- **IARC**: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- **IATA**: International Air Transport Association
- **IBC**: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
- **IC50**: Half maximal inhibitory concentration
- **ICAO**: International Civil Aviation Organization
- **IECSC**: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China
- **IMDG**: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- **IMO**: International Maritime Organization
- **ISHL**: Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)
- **ISO**: International Organisation for Standardization
- **KECI**: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- **LD50**: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population
- **LC50**: Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population
- **LC50**: Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population
- **MARPOL**: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
- **n.o.s.**: Not Otherwise Specified
- **Nch**: Chilean Norm
- **NO(A)EC**: No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration
- **NO(A)EL**: No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
- **NOELR**: No Observable Effect Loading Rate
- **NOM**: Official Mexican Norm
- **NTP**: National Toxicology Program
- **NZIoC**: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- **OECD**: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
- **OPPTS**: Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
- **PBT**: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
- **PICCS**: Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- **(Q)SAR**: (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship
- **REACH**: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evalu-
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Flunixin Injection Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>2020/10/10</td>
<td>1308637-00010</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Date of first issue: 2017/02/21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

CN / EN