SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid (with Alcohol) Formulation

Version 3.2   Revision Date: 09/13/2019   SDS Number: 954158-00008   Date of last issue: 24.04.2019

Date of first issue: 28.10.2016

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Flunixin Liquid (with Alcohol) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: Avenida 16 de Septiembre No. 301
Xaltocan - Xochimilco Mexico 16090
Telephone: 52 55 57284444
Telefax: 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

- Flammable liquids: Category 3
- Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
- Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 2
- Serious eye damage: Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/
face protection.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.  P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Pyrrolidone</td>
<td>616-45-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>100-51-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-menthol</td>
<td>2216-51-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Fatal if inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire fighting: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Fluorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Only trained personnel should re-enter the area. Remove all sources of ignition. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Keep container tightly closed.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures,

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Flammable liquids
- Flammable solids
- Pyrophoric liquids
- Pyrophoric solids
- Self-heating substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
- Explosives
- Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>40 µg/m3 (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>400 µg/100 cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>VLE-PPT</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>VLE-CT</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift at end of work-week</td>
<td>40 mg/l</td>
<td>MX BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>End of shift at end of work-week</td>
<td>40 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

...
Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapor type
Hand protection
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Eye protection
: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection
: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid
Color: yellow
Odor: mint-like
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH: 8.0
Melting point/freezing point: < -20 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid (with Alcohol) Formulation

Flash point : 43.33 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.05 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)  
Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity  
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Flammable liquid and vapor.  
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.  
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.
Fatal if inhaled.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 306.94 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 0.301 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC0 (Rat): 0.061 mg/l
Exposure time: 8 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Benzyl alcohol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,620 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 53 - 157 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 176 - 249 mg/kg

LD50 (Guinea pig): 488.3 mg/kg

LD50 (Monkey): 300 mg/kg
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid (with Alcohol) Formulation

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): < 0.52 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 59.4 - 185.3 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

LD50 (Mouse): 164 - 363 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

**L-menthol:**

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 5.289 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

**Propan-2-ol:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 25 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**2-Pyrrolidone:**

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**

Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

**L-menthol:**

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

**Propan-2-ol:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

**Benzyl alcohol:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

**L-menthol:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**Propan-2-ol:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid (with Alcohol) Formulation

Benzyl alcohol:
- Test Type: Maximization Test
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
- Test Type: Maximization Test
- Routes of exposure: Dermal
- Species: Guinea pig
- Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.
- Result: negative

L-menthol:
- Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Mouse
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
- Result: negative

Propan-2-ol:
- Test Type: Buehler Test
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
    Result: negative
- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
    Species: Mouse
    Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
    Result: negative
**Benzyl alcohol:**

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

---

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: positive

Test Type: in vitro test
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

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**L-menthol:**

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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**Propan-2-ol:**

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo :
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Benzyl alcohol:**
Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Method : OECD Test Guideline 451
Result : negative

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
Species : Rat
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 104 w
LOAEL : 2 mg/kg body weight
Result : negative
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract
Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species : Mouse
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 97 w
NOAEL : 0.6 mg/kg body weight
Result : negative
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract
Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

**L-menthol:**
Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Method : OECD Test Guideline 453
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Propan-2-ol:**
Species : Rat
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Method : OECD Test Guideline 451
Result : negative
Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Effects on fertility: Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Benzyl alcohol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 1 - 1.5 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No fetal abnormalities.
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-fetal toxicity: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-fetal toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses
L-menthol:
Effects on fetal development  : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Propan-2-ol:
Effects on fertility  : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development  : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Assessment  : May cause respiratory irritation.

Propan-2-ol:
Assessment  : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Target Organs  : Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood
Assessment  : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
2-Pyrrolidone:
Species  : Rat
NOAEL  : 207 mg/kg
Application Route  : Ingestion
Exposure time  : 3 Months
Method  : OECD Test Guideline 408

Benzyl alcohol:
Species  : Rat
## NOAEL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time (days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monkey</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>9</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

## LOAEL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>LOAEL (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time (days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&lt; 4</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Target Organs

- Gastrointestinal tract
- Kidney
- Blood

### Symptoms

- Severe irritation
- Vomiting

## L-menthol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time (days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>1,250</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>91</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Method

OECD Test Guideline 408

### Remarks

Based on data from similar materials

## Propan-2-ol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL (mg/l)</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time (weeks)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>Inhalation (vapor)</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Method

OECD Test Guideline 412
Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Inhalation:
Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation

Skin contact:
Symptoms: Skin irritation

Eye contact:
Symptoms: Severe irritation

Ingestion:
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, bleeding, hypertension, Kidney disorders

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 4,600 - 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid (with Alcohol) Formulation

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 28 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: FDA 4.08

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
NOEC (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 97 mg/l
Exposure time: 13 d
Method: FDA 4.01

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h

L-menthol:

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 15.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 26.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 21.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 9.65 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: 237 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Propan-2-ol:

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9,640 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1,050 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

- **2-Pyrrolidone:**
  Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 98%
  Exposure time: 9 d

- **Benzyl alcohol:**
  Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 92 - 96%
  Exposure time: 14 d

- **1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
  Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 % (28 d)

- **L-menthol:**
  Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 64%
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

- **Propan-2-ol:**
  Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable

  BOD/COD: BOD: 1.19 (BOD5) COD: 2.23 BOD/COD: 53 %

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

- **2-Pyrrolidone:**
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.71

- **Benzyl alcohol:**
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.05

- **1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.34

- **L-menthol:**
  Bioaccumulation: Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.5 - 15
  Exposure time: 6 Weeks
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid (with Alcohol) Formulation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.15
Propan-2-ol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.05

Mobility in soil

Components:
1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 1.92

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 1993
Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propan-2-ol)
Class: 3
Packing group: III
Labels: 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 1993
Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Propan-2-ol)
Class: 3
Packing group: III
Labels: Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 366
Packing instruction (passen-
ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propan-2-ol)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation
NOM-002-SCT
UN number : UN 1993
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propan-2-ol)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills. : Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
MX BEI : Official Mexican Norm NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health - Biological exposure indices for workers occupational-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid (with Alcohol) Formulation

Version 3.2
Revision Date: 09/13/2019
SDS Number: 954158-00008
Date of last issue: 24.04.2019
Date of first issue: 28.10.2016

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

Revision Date: 09/13/2019

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8