SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Flunixin Liquid Formulation
Other means of identification: No data available

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Telefax: 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 3
Serious eye damage: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. 
P304 + P340 + P311 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>: Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L-menthol</td>
<td>2216-51-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2-Pyrrolidone</td>
<td>616-45-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Fluorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or
oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSOAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
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Version 6.0  Revision Date: 12/12/2019  SDS Number: 437359-00013  Date of last issue: 09/13/2019
Date of first issue: 01/28/2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>TWA</th>
<th>Wipe limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluorome-thyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>40 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>400 µg/100 cm²</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Respiratory protection</th>
<th>Filter type</th>
<th>Hand protection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.</td>
<td>Combined particulates and organic vapor type</td>
<td>Chemical-resistant gloves</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hygiene measures**: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

| Appearance | liquid |
**Color** : red

**Odor** : amine-like

**Odor Threshold** : No data available

**pH** : No data available

**Melting point/freezing point** : No data available

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** : No data available

**Flash point** : No data available

**Evaporation rate** : No data available

**Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not applicable

**Flammability (liquids)** : No data available

**Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit** : No data available

**Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit** : No data available

**Vapor pressure** : No data available

**Relative vapor density** : No data available

**Relative density** : No data available

**Density** : No data available

**Solubility(ies)**
- **Water solubility** : No data available

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable

**Autoignition temperature** : No data available

**Decomposition temperature** : No data available

**Viscosity**
- **Viscosity, kinematic** : No data available

**Explosive properties** : Not explosive

**Oxidizing properties** : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

**Particle size** : Not applicable
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Toxic if inhaled.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 638.55 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity
- Acute toxicity estimate: 0.6012 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method

Components:

L-menthol:
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 5.289 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

2-Pyrrolidone:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 53 - 157 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 176 - 249 mg/kg
LD50 (Guinea pig): 488.3 mg/kg
LD50 (Monkey): 300 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): < 0.52 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 59.4 - 185.3 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Mouse): 164 - 363 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**L-menthol:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation:
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

**L-menthol:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
Species: Rabbit
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Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

L-menthol:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : negative

2-Pyrrolidone:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

L-menthol:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
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Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Pyrrolidone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: positive

Test Type: in vitro test
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity: Not classified based on available information.
## Components:

### L-menthol:
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 103 weeks
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 453
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

### 2-Pyrrolidone:
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 18 month(s)
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

### 1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
- **Species**: Rat
- **Application Route**: oral (feed)
- **Exposure time**: 104 w
- **LOAEL**: 2 mg/kg body weight
- **Result**: negative
- **Target Organs**: Gastrointestinal tract
- **Remarks**: Significant toxicity observed in testing
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Application Route**: oral (feed)
- **Exposure time**: 97 w
- **NOAEL**: 0.6 mg/kg body weight
- **Result**: negative
- **Target Organs**: Gastrointestinal tract
- **Remarks**: Significant toxicity observed in testing

### Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

#### Components:

### L-menthol:
- **Effects on fetal development**: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

### 2-Pyrrolidone:
- **Effects on fertility**: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: positive
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on fetal development</th>
<th>Test Type: Embryo-fetal development</th>
<th>Species: Rat</th>
<th>Application Route: Ingestion</th>
<th>Result: positive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive toxicity - Assessment</td>
<td>Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.</td>
<td>Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on fertility</th>
<th>Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study</th>
<th>Species: Rat</th>
<th>Application Route: Oral</th>
<th>General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 1 - 1.5 mg/kg body weight</th>
<th>Symptoms: No fetal abnormalities.</th>
<th>Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on fetal development</th>
<th>Test Type: Development</th>
<th>Species: Rat</th>
<th>Application Route: Oral</th>
<th>General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight</th>
<th>Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight</th>
<th>Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: Embryo-fetal development</th>
<th>Species: Rabbit</th>
<th>Application Route: Oral</th>
<th>General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight</th>
<th>Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight</th>
<th>Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**STOT-single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**

**Assessment:** May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT-repeated exposure**

Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**

**Target Organs:** Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood

**Assessment:** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:**

**L-menthol:**
- **Species:** Mouse
- **NOAEL:** 1,250 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 91 Days
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 408
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 207 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 3 Months
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 408

**1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:**
- **Species:** Rat
  - **NOAEL:** 2 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL:** < 4 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Oral
  - **Exposure time:** 6 w
  - **Target Organs:** Gastrointestinal tract

- **Species:** Rat
  - **NOAEL:** 1 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Oral
  - **Exposure time:** 1 y
  - **Target Organs:** Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney

- **Species:** Monkey
  - **NOAEL:** 15 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Oral
  - **Exposure time:** 90 d
  - **Target Organs:** Gastrointestinal tract, Blood

- **Species:** Rabbit
  - **LOAEL:** 80 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Dermal
  - **Exposure time:** 21 d
  - **Symptoms:** Severe irritation

- **Species:** Dog
  - **LOAEL:** 11 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Oral
  - **Exposure time:** 9 d
  - **Target Organs:** Gastrointestinal tract
  - **Symptoms:** Vomiting
Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Symptoms: Skin irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>Symptoms: Severe irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, bleeding, hypertension, Kidney disorders</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

L-menthol:

| Toxicity to fish | LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 15.6 mg/l |
| Exposure time:   | 96 h                                          |

| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 26.6 mg/l |
| Exposure time: | 48 h                                          |

| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 21.4 mg/l |
| Exposure time:                   | 72 h                                           |

| Toxicity to microorganisms | EC50: 237 mg/l |
| Exposure time:             | 96 h          |
| Test Type                   | Respiration inhibition of activated sludge    |
| Method:                     | OECD Test Guideline 209                        |

2-Pyrrolidone:

| Toxicity to fish | LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 4,600 - 10,000 mg/l |
| Exposure time:   | 96 h                                          |
| Method:          | OECD Test Guideline 203                       |

| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l |
| Exposure time: | 48 h                                          |

| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l |
| Exposure time:                   | 72 h                                           |

| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22.2 mg/l |
| Exposure time:                   | 72 h                                           |
Toxicity to microorganisms: EC₅₀: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Toxicity to fish:
LC₅₀ (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 28 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

LC₅₀ (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC₅₀ (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: FDA 4.08

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
NOEC (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 97 mg/l
Exposure time: 13 d
Method: FDA 4.01

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 96 mg/l
Exposure time: 12 d

Persistence and degradability

Components:

L-menthol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 64 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

2-Pyrrolidone:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 % (28 d)

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

L-menthol:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.5 - 15
Exposure time: 6 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.15

2-Pyrrolidone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.71
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.34

Mobility in soil

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 1.92

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation
TDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid Formulation

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


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Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a
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