SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flunixin Liquid Formulation

Version 5.0  Revision Date: 12.12.2019  SDS Number: 437373-00012

Date of last issue: 13.09.2019  Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Flunixin Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: 50 Tuas West Drive
Singapore - Singapore 638408
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2 (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements:
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
- P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
- P304 + P340 + P311 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L-menthol</td>
<td>2216-51-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pyrrolidone</td>
<td>616-45-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate</td>
<td>42461-84-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:**
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:**
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Fluorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-
Emergency procedures and recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyeing or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyed material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Explosives

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>amine-like</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>Water solubility: No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic: No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Harmful if swallowed.
Toxic if inhaled.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 638.55 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 0.6145 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:

L-menthol:
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 5.289 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

2-Pyrrolidone:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 53 - 157 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 176 - 249 mg/kg
LD50 (Guinea pig): 488.3 mg/kg
LD50 (Monkey): 300 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): < 0.52 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 59.4 - 185.3 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Mouse): 164 - 363 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
L-menthol:
| Species     | Rabbit         |
| Method      | OECD Test Guideline 404 |
| Result      | Skin irritation |

2-Pyrrolidone:
| Species     | Rabbit         |
| Method      | OECD Test Guideline 404 |
| Result      | No skin irritation |

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
| Species     | Rabbit         |
| Result      | Mild skin irritation |

Serious eye damage/eye irritation:
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:
L-menthol:
| Species     | Rabbit         |
| Result      | Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days |
| Method      | OECD Test Guideline 405 |

2-Pyrrolidone:
| Species     | Rabbit         |
| Result      | Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days |
Flunixin Liquid Formulation

Components:

L-menthol:
- Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Mouse
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
- Result: negative

2-Pyrrolidone:
- Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Mouse
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Dermal
- Species: Guinea pig
- Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.
- Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
- Not classified based on available information.

Components:

L-menthol:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
## 2-Pyrrolidone:

2-Pyrrolidone: 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
<th>Result: negative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 473</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Genotoxicity in vivo:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species: Mouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 474</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

### Genotoxicity in vitro:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: in vitro assay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test system: mouse lymphoma cells</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: Chromosomal aberration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: in vitro assay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test system: Escherichia coli</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Genotoxicity in vivo:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: Micronucleus test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species: Mouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route: Oral</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

## Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

## Components:

### L-menthol:

| Species: Mouse | |
| Application Route: Ingestion |
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Pyrrolidine:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 18 month(s)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 104 w
LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 97 w
NOAEL: 0.6 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Components:

L-menthol:
Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

2-Pyrrolidine:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity - Parent: LOAEL: 1 - 1.5 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No foetal abnormalities
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Blood
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity
Components:
L-menthol:
## Species and NOAEL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>91 Days</td>
<td>1,250 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>3 Months</td>
<td>207 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>6 w</td>
<td>2 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>1 y</td>
<td>1 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monkey</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>90 d</td>
<td>15 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>80 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>9 d</td>
<td>11 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Target Organs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gastrointestinal tract, Blood</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Symptoms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptoms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Severe irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vomiting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.
Experience with human exposure

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure Pathway</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Symptoms: Skin irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>Symptoms: Severe irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, bleeding, hypertension, Kidney disorders</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

L-menthol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 15.6 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
<th>EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 21.4 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms</th>
<th>EC50: 237 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
<td>Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2-Pyrrolidone:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): &gt; 4,600 - 10,000 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
<th>EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22.2 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms</th>
<th>EC50: &gt; 1,000 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 28 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: FDA 4.11

- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: FDA 4.08

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- NOEC (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 97 mg/l
  Exposure time: 13 d
  Method: FDA 4.01

- NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 96 mg/l
  Exposure time: 12 d

Persistence and degradability

Components:

L-menthol:

Biodegradability:
- Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 64 %
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

2-Pyrrolidone:

Biodegradability:
- Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Stability in water:
- Hydrolysis: 0 % (28 d)

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

L-menthol:

Bioaccumulation:
- Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
- Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.5 - 15
- Exposure time: 6 Weeks
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 305
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-:
- log Pow: 3.15
1octanol/water

2-Pyrrolidone:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

log Pow: -0.71

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

log Pow: 1.34

Mobility in soil

Components:

1-Deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol 2-[2-methyl-3-(perfluoromethyl)anilino]nicotinate:

log Koc: 1.92

Distribution among environmental compartments

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and: Not applicable
Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) : Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inventory</th>
<th>Report</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AICS</td>
<td>not determined</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL</td>
<td>not determined</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IECSC</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information:

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations:

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluat-
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.