SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Fluralaner Solid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: Rua Coronel Bento Soares, 530
Cruzeiro - Sao Paulo - Brazil  CEP 12730-340
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard
Skin irritation: Category 3
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard
Hazard pictograms: ![Hazard Pictograms]

Signal Word: Warning
Hazard Statements: H316 Causes mild skin irritation.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements: Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Starch</td>
<td></td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
<td>Reproductive toxicity, Category 2</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 -&lt; 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fluralaner</td>
<td></td>
<td>864731-61-3</td>
<td>Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 -&lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sucrose</td>
<td></td>
<td>57-50-1</td>
<td>Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate</td>
<td></td>
<td>151-21-3</td>
<td>Skin irritation, Category 2</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Serious eye damage, Category 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Reproductive toxicity, Category 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes mild skin irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Fluorine compounds
Sulfur oxides
Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluralaner</td>
<td>864731-61-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sucrose</td>
<td>57-50-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin
- Wipe limit 1000 µg/100 cm²

Engineering measures: Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment
- Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or...
exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapor type
Hand protection Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Pasty solid
Color: light brown
Odor: No data available
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH: No data available
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: Not applicable
Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not classified as a flammability hazard
Flammability (liquids): No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapor pressure: No data available
Relative vapor density: No data available
Relative density: No data available
Density: No data available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility: No data available
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Fluralaner Solid Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

- **Reactivity**: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
- **Chemical stability**: Stable under normal conditions.
- **Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
- **Conditions to avoid**: None known.
- **Incompatible materials**: Oxidizing agents
- **Hazardous decomposition products**: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

**SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

**Acute oral toxicity**: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

**Method**: Calculation method

**Components:**

**Starch:**

| Acute oral toxicity | LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg |

**Fluralaner:**

| Acute oral toxicity | LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose. |
| No significant adverse effects were reported |

| Acute dermal toxicity | LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported |
Sucrose:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 29.700 mg/kg

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1.200 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes mild skin irritation.

Components:

Fluralaner:
- Species: Rabbit
  Result: No skin irritation

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
- Species: Rabbit
  Result: Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Fluralaner:
- Species: Rabbit
  Result: Mild eye irritation

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
- Species: Rabbit
  Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Fluralaner:
- Test Type: Maximization Test
- Routes of exposure: Dermal
- Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Fluralaner:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
- Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

Sucrose:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Fluralaner:
- Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No data available

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Fluralaner:
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation study
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
  General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
  Result: No effects on fertility, Postimplantation loss, Adverse neonatal effects.
  Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
  Species: Dog
  Application Route: Oral
  Fertility: NOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
  Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.
  Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
  Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses, No teratogenic effects.
  Test Type: Development
  Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Oral
  Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  Result: Skeletal malformations, Visceral malformations.
  Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.
  Test Type: Development
  Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Dermal
## Developmental Toxicity

**NOAEL:** 100 mg/kg body weight  
**Result:** Skeletal malformations.

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:**  
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

**Effects on fertility**  
- **Test Type:** Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
- **Species:** Rat  
- **Application Route:** Ingestion  
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 416  
- **Result:** negative  
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Effects on fetal development**  
- **Test Type:** Embryo-fetal development  
- **Species:** Rat  
- **Application Route:** Ingestion  
- **Result:** negative  
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

### STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

### Repeated dose toxicity

**Product:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>25 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td>168 d</td>
<td>Vomiting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>1 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td>52 Weeks</td>
<td>Liver</td>
<td>No significant adverse effects were reported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile dog</td>
<td>56 - 280 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td>24 Weeks</td>
<td>Diarrhea</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>400 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Components:

**Fluralaner:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>1 mg/kg</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Diarrhea</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>400 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Exposure time: 90 Days
Target Organs: Liver, thymus gland

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 90 Days
Target Organs: Liver
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 488 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Fluralaner:**
Not applicable

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Fluralaner:**
Skin contact: Remarks: May irritate skin.
Eye contact: Remarks: May cause eye irritation.

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Fluralaner:**
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.0488 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.015 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 0.08 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Zebrafish): \(\geq 0.049\) mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 204
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): \(0.000047\) mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1.000

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 29 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 5.55 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): \(> 120\) mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 30 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): \(\geq 1.357\) mg/l
Exposure time: 42 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.88 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 135 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 95%
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Fluralaner:**

Bioaccumulation : Species: Zebrafish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 79.4
Fluralaner Solid Formulation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Fluralaner: log Pow: 4.5

Sucrose: log Pow: < 1

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate: log Pow: 0.83

Mobility in soil

Components:

Fluralaner:

Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.4

Other adverse effects

Components:

Fluralaner:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number: UN 3077

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Fluralaner)

Class: 9

Packing group: III

Labels: 9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.: UN 3077

Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Fluralaner)

Class: 9

Packing group: III
### Labels
- Miscellaneous
- 956
- 956
- yes

### IMDG-Code
- UN number: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Fluralaner)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 9
- EmS Code: F-A, S-F
- Marine pollutant: yes

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

### Domestic regulation

#### ANTT
- UN number: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Fluralaner)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 9
- Hazard Identification Number: 90

### Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - (LINACH): Not applicable
- Brazil. Ordinance No. 1274 on the control and monitoring of chemicals: Not applicable

#### International Regulations
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; ICS0 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic Substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and
shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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