SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Fluralaner / Diethyltoluamide Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma
Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids: Category 2
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 5
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Aspiration hazard: Category 2
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements:
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
H333 May be harmful if inhaled.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- P304 + P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
- P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labeling:
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 17.4 %

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>127-19-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluralaner</td>
<td>864731-61-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 25 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide</td>
<td>134-62-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical attention.
advice.

**If inhaled**
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
- Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact**
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**
- Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
- Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed**
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
- Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**
- May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
- May be harmful if inhaled.
- May damage the unborn child.

**Protection of first-aiders**
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.

**Notes to physician**
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media**
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
- High volume water jet

**Specific hazards during fire fighting**
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products**
- Carbon oxides
- Chlorine compounds
- Fluorine compounds
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

**Specific extinguishing methods**
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Ventilate the area.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- Use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation if advised by assessment of the local exposure potential.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Flammable solids
- Pyrophoric liquids
- Pyrophoric solids
- Self-heating substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
- Explosives
- Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>127-19-5</td>
<td>CMP</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Biological Exposure Index (BEI), Skin, Liver, reproduction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluralaner</td>
<td>864731-61-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>1000 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>CMP</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen: Agents which cause concern that they could be carcinogenic for humans but which cannot be assessed conclusively because of a lack of data. In vitro or animal studies do not provide indications of carcinogenicity which are sufficient to classify the agent into one of the other categories., Biological Exposure Index (BEI), Irritation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CMP - CPT</td>
<td>750 ppm</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen: Agents which cause concern that they could be carcinogenic for humans but which cannot be assessed conclusively because of a lack of data. In vitro or animal studies do not provide indications of carcinogenicity which are sufficient to classify the agent into one of the other categories., Biological Exposure Index (BEI), Irritation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>250 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>127-19-5</td>
<td>N-methylacetamide</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>after the last shift of the last day of the work week</td>
<td>30 mg/g Creatinine</td>
<td>AR BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift at end of work-week</td>
<td>30 mg/g Creatinine</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)</td>
<td>25 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type: Self-contained breathing apparatus

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Hygiene measures: Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are
located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>103 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>7 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>67 hPa (20 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>1,059 g/cm³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Fluralaner / Diethyltoluamide Liquid Formulation

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>01.03.2019</td>
<td>462527-00013</td>
<td>25.02.2019</td>
<td>15.01.2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Viscosity**
- Viscosity, kinematic: No data available

**Explosive properties**
- Not explosive

**Oxidizing properties**
- The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

**Molecular weight**
- No data available

**Particle size**
- Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity**
- Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability**
- Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**
- Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
  
  Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
  
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions to avoid**
- Heat, flames and sparks.

**Incompatible materials**
- Oxidizing agents

**Hazardous decomposition products**
- No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Information on likely routes of exposure**
- Inhalation
  
  Skin contact
  
  Ingestion
  
  Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**
- May be harmful if inhaled.

**Product:**

**Acute oral toxicity**
- LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
  
  Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

**Acute inhalation toxicity**
- Acute toxicity estimate: 5.95 mg/l
  
  Exposure time: 4 h
  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  
  Method: Calculation method

**Acute dermal toxicity**
- LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
  
  Symptoms: Erythema

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**

**Acute oral toxicity**
- LD50 (Rat): 4.800 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**
- LC50 (Rat): 2.2 mg/l
  
  Exposure time: 4 h
  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1.100 mg/kg
Method: Expert judgment
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

Fluralaner:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.
No significant adverse effects were reported

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1.950 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
LC50 (Rat): 5.95 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 5.000 mg/kg

Acetone:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 5.800 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
LC50 (Rat): 76 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 7.426 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Components:
N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Fluralaner:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Fluralaner / Diethyltoluamide Liquid Formulation

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N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation

Acetone:
Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Fluralaner:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

**N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Acetone:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.
Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Fluralaner:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Acetone:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 478
Result: negative

Fluralaner:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Acetone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
- Not classified based on available information.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 18 month(s)
Result: negative

Fluralaner:
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No data available

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Acetone:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 424 days
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
- May damage the unborn child.
Components:

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**
- **Effects on fertility**: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Inhalation
  - Result: negative

- **Effects on fetal development**: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Inhalation
  - Result: positive

- **Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Fluralaner:**
- **Effects on fertility**: Test Type: Two-generation study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
  - General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No effects on fertility, Postimplantation loss, Adverse neonatal effects.

  Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Dog
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Fertility: NOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.
  - Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

- **Effects on fetal development**: Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses, No teratogenic effects.

  Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Skeletal malformations, Visceral malformations.
  - Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

  Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Dermal
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Skeletal malformations.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:**

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Acetone:**

Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

**STOT-single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Acetone:**
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**STOT-repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 90 mg/m³
LOAEL: 360 mg/m³
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 24 Months

**Fluralaner:**
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 52 Weeks
Target Organs: Liver
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported
Species: Juvenile dog
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LOAEL: 56 - 280 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 24 Weeks
Symptoms: Diarrhea

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 400 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 Days
Target Organs: Liver, thymus gland

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 90 Days
Target Organs: Liver
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Acetone:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 900 mg/kg
LOAEL: 1.700 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 45 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 8 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity
May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

Fluralaner:
Not applicable

Acetone:
The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Product:
Skin contact: Remarks: May irritate skin.
Eye contact: Remarks: May cause eye irritation.

Components:

Fluralaner:
Skin contact: Remarks: May irritate skin.
### Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - EC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
- **Toxicity to microorganisms**
  - EC10: > 1.995 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 30 min

**Fluralaner:**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0,0488 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0,015 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 0,08 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
  - NOEC (Zebrafish): >= 0,049 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 204
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
  - NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,000047 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
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M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1.000

**N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 110 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 75 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h

**Acetone:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.540 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 8.800 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 79 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 61.150 mg/l  
Exposure time: 30 min  
Method: ISO 8192

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 70 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Remarks: The 10 day time window criterion is not fulfilled.

**N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:**

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

**Acetone:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 91 %  
Exposure time: 28 d
Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Fluralaner:
Bioaccumulation
Species: Zebrafish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 79.4
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: 4.5

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: 2.02

Acetone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: -0.27 - -0.23

Mobility in soil

Components:

Fluralaner:
Distribution among environmental compartments
log Koc: 3.4

Other adverse effects

Components:

Fluralaner:
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
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UN number : UN 1090
Proper shipping name : ACETONE SOLUTION
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 1090
Proper shipping name : Acetone solution
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 364
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 353

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1090
Proper shipping name : ACETONE SOLUTION (Fluralaner)
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents : Not applicable
Registry.

Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs:

International Regulations
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
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IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
AR BEI: Argentina. Biological Exposure Indices
AR OEL: Argentina. Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit
AR OEL / CMP: TLV (Threshold Limit Value)
AR OEL / CMP - CPT: STEL (Short Term Limit Value)

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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