SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Fluralaner / Diethyltoluamide Liquid Formula-
tion

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Fluralaner / Diethyltoluamide Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Flammable liquids: Category 2
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H360D May damage the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and hot surfac-
es. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluralaner</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[[tetrahydro-2-furanyl]methyl]-ω-hydroxy-</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. May damage the unborn child.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Protection of first-aiders: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Notes to physician:

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire fighting: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Fluorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages have occurred.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages have occurred.
cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Non-sparking tools should be used.
  Soak up with inert absorbent material.
  Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
  For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
  Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
  Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
  Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures

: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation

: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
  Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling

: Do not get on skin or clothing.
  Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
  Do not swallow.
  Avoid contact with eyes.
  Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
  Non-sparking tools should be used.
  Keep container tightly closed.
  Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
  Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
  Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage

: Keep in properly labeled containers.
  Store locked up.
  Keep tightly closed.
  Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
  Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
  Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid

: Do not store with the following product types:
  Strong oxidizing agents
  Self-reactive substances and mixtures
  Organic peroxides
  Flammable solids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
Explosives
Gases
Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>127-19-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 ppm 35 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 ppm 35 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluralaner</td>
<td>864731-61-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit 1000 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>250 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>250 ppm 590 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
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</table>

Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>127-19-5</td>
<td>N-Methylacetamide</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift at end of work-week</td>
<td>30 mg/g creatinine</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)</td>
<td>25 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-
less quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Hand protection**

**Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

**Hygiene measures**: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Appearance**: liquid

**Color**: yellow

**Odor**: No data available
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
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<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>217 °F / 103 °C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>45 °F / 7 °C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>67 hPa (68 °F / 20 °C)</td>
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<td>Relative vapor density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>1.059 g/cm³</td>
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<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>Water solubility</td>
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<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
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<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
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<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:
- Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- Acute toxicity estimate: 5.95 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Symptoms: Erythema

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,800 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 2.2 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg
  Method: Expert judgment
  Remarks: Based on national or regional regulation.
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Fluralaner:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose. No significant adverse effects were reported
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]-ω-hydroxy-:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,950 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 5.95 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg

Acetone:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 5,800 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 76 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: vapor
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 7,426 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Components:
N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Fluralaner:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
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**Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]-ω-hydroxy-:**
- **Species**: reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 439
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials
- **Result**: No skin irritation

**N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:**
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No skin irritation

**Acetone:**
- **Assessment**: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Mild eye irritation

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Fluralaner:**
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Mild eye irritation

**Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]-ω-hydroxy-:**
- **Species**: Tissue Culture
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 492
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials
- **Species**: Bovine cornea
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 437
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials
- **Result**: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:**
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
- **Remarks**: Based on national or regional regulation.
Acetone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Fluralaner:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[(tetrahydro-2-furanylmethyl]-ω-hydroxy-:
Test Type: KeratinoSens assay
Method: OECD Test Guideline 442D
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Direct Peptide Reactivity Assay (DPPRA)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 442C
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Dendritic cell activation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 442E
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
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Acetone:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 478
Result: negative

Fluralaner:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[[tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]-ω-hydroxy-:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Acetone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 18 month(s)
Result: negative

Fluralaner:
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No data available

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Acetone:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 424 days
Result: negative

IARC
Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
N,N-Dimethylacetamide 127-19-5

OSHA
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Fluralaner:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility, Postimplantation loss, Adverse neonatal effects.

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Dog
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: Skeletal malformations, Visceral malformations.
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
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Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Dermal  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Skeletal malformations.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment  
N,N-Diethyl- m-toluamide:  
Effects on fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Acetone:  
Effects on fertility  
Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development  
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)  
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Acetone:  
Assessment  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure  
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:  
Species  
Rat  
NOAEL  
90 mg/m³  
LOAEL  
360 mg/m³  
Application Route  
inhalation (vapor)  
Exposure time  
24 Months

Fluralaner:  
Species  
Dog  
NOAEL  
1 mg/kg  
Application Route  
Oral
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
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<tr>
<td>11.6</td>
<td>09/30/2023</td>
<td>412190-00022</td>
<td>04/04/2023</td>
<td>01/15/2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Exposure time
- **Fluralaner**: 52 Weeks
- **Acetone**: 90 Days

#### Target Organs
- **Fluralaner**: Liver
- **Acetone**: Liver, thymus gland

#### Remarks
- **Fluralaner**: No significant adverse effects were reported
- **Acetone**: No significant adverse effects were reported

#### Species
- **Species (Fluralaner)**: Juvenile dog
- **Species (Acetone)**: Rat

#### LOAEL
- **Fluralaner**: 56 - 280 mg/kg
- **Acetone**: 1,700 mg/kg

#### Application Route
- **Fluralaner**: Oral
- **Acetone**: Ingestion

#### Exposure time
- **Fluralaner**: 24 Weeks
- **Acetone**: 90 Days

#### Symptoms
- **Fluralaner**: Diarrhea

#### Target Organs
- **Acetone**: Liver

#### Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Fluralaner:
Not applicable

#### Acetone:
The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.
Experience with human exposure

Product:
Skin contact : Remarks: May irritate skin.
Eye contact : Remarks: May cause eye irritation.

Components:

Fluralaner:
Skin contact : Remarks: May irritate skin.
Eye contact : Remarks: May cause eye irritation.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: > 1,995 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min

Fluralaner:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.0488 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.015 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 0.08 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
# SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

## Fluralaner / Diethyltoluamide Liquid Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11.6</td>
<td>09/30/2023</td>
<td>412190-00022</td>
<td>04/04/2023</td>
<td>01/15/2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Endpoint</th>
<th>Endpoint Value</th>
<th>Exposure Period</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Zebrafish): &gt;= 0.049 mg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 204</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0736 µg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]-ω-hydroxy-:</td>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:</td>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 97 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 75 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 41 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 7.6 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.7 mg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone:</td>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5,540 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:  
EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 8,800 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:  
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):  
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 79 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms:  
EC50: 61,150 mg/l  
Exposure time: 30 min  
Method: ISO 8192

Persistence and degradability

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:

Biodegradability:  
Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 70 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Remarks: The 10 day time window criterion is not fulfilled.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[((tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]-ω-hydroxy-:

Biodegradability:  
Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:

Biodegradability:  
Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 83.8 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Acetone:

Biodegradability:  
Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 91 %  
Exposure time: 28 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Fluralaner:

Bioaccumulation:  
Species: Zebrafish  
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 79.4  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305
Fluralaner / Diethyltoluamide Liquid Formula-
tion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.5

**Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]-ω-hydroxy-:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: < 4
Remarks: Calculation

**N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.02

**Acetone:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.27 - -0.23

Mobility in soil

Components:

Fluralaner:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 4.1

Other adverse effects

Components:

Fluralaner:
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
UN number: UN 1090
Proper shipping name: ACETONE SOLUTION
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Fluralaner / Diethyltoluamide Liquid Formula-
tion

Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 1090
Proper shipping name : Acetone solution
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 364
Packing instruction (passen-
ger aircraft) : 353

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1090
Proper shipping name : ACETONE SOLUTION
(Fluralaner)
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number : UN 1090
Proper shipping name : Acetone SOLUTION
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : FLAMMABLE LIQUID
ERG Code : 127
Marine pollutant : yes(Fluralaner)

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Component RQ (lbs)</th>
<th>Calculated product RQ (lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>46728</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
- Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
- Reproductive toxicity

SARA 313
- This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- N,N-Dimethylacetamide 127-19-5
- Fluralaner 864731-61-3
- Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]-ω-hydroxy- 31692-85-0
- N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide 134-62-3
- Acetone 67-64-1

California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including N,N-Dimethylacetamide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances
- N,N-Dimethylacetamide 127-19-5
- Acetone 67-64-1

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
- N,N-Dimethylacetamide 127-19-5
- Acetone 67-64-1

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS : not determined
- DSL : not determined
- IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
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NFPA 704:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Instability</th>
<th>Special hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® IV:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the """" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations:

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIChE - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable
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Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

Revision Date: 09/30/2023

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8